THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

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FIRST EDITION

Mr. McFarland Has His Say

The Great New York Bridge.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

M'FARLAND.

A Reply of Mr. McFarland to his Late Wife—What He Calls Conflicting Statements.

The N. Y. *Sun* of this morning publishes the following card from McFarland:—

The pretended statement of my wife, published in the *Tribune*, induces me to send for publication in the various journals in this city letters which were written me by her at the several times to which the pretended statement has reference. It is asserted that I was a drunken brute, and that I was very cruel to my wife.

After reading these letters, the public will judge for itself. And, even without them, I consider that the verdict of the jury justifies my course, especially when it is considered that the prosecution was unable to produce upon the witness stand a single person from the locality where he lived during the greater portion of our married life, or from any other place, who could testify that I ever treated her unkindly or spoke a harsh word to her.

The testimony that Mrs. Calhoun gave during the trial materially conflicts with what she stated in the Indiana divorce matter. She swore in Indiana that I was appointed Commissioner of Enrolment through the influence of herself and her friends, and that I was discharged for drunkenness. I received the appointment of Commissioner of Enrolment in April, 1863, nearly three years before I ever knew or heard of Mrs. Calhoun, or she of me.

She testified during the late trial that she first became acquainted with me in the latter part of 1865, or the beginning of 1866. I was discharged from the position of Commissioner of Enrolment in 1865, the year she swore that she first became acquainted with me. How then could she have procured me that appointment in 1863? I received an honorable discharge, and was one of the last of the Enrolment Commissioners in this city mustered out of service.

Mr. Samuel Sinclair, publisher of the *Tribune*, also swore in the recent trial that in the early part of 1864 he saw me intoxicated once, and that my wife told him not to tell her father about it. Mr. Sinclair was not acquainted with her father, Mr. Sage, and had never seen him for years after the date mentioned in his (Sinclair's) testimony, which, in other respects, varied materially, and against me, from that which he gave in the habeas corpus case in Massachusetts. This testimony in both cases is a matter of judicial record.

THE EAST RIVER BRIDGE.

Progress of the Work on the Great Caisson.

Work upon the great caisson for the East River Bridge proceeds with rapidity. Since it was towed into port from Greenpoint, last week, three layers of yellow pine timbers have been laid upon it. These are thirteen inches in diameter and three inches apart. The interstices are filled with gravel and a cement that water serves only to harden. Seven more layers of these timbers are to be added, and the caisson will then be lowered to the bed of the dock, which has been dredged for the purpose to a depth of thirteen feet below low-water mark. The greater part of the bottom of the caisson is hollow, and when finally completed the earth will be dug out about twelve feet below it. Means will be taken to exclude the water, and the work will be accomplished by men who will descend into the cavity. Iron cylinders, three and a half feet in diameter, have been prepared for a man-hole and for the admission of air. Other cylinders, six and a half feet in diameter, will be used for raising the earth from below. The caisson is now kept afloat by the constant pumping of air into the hollow beneath, which forces out the water. It is 168 feet long by 102 feet wide, and 120 men are employed in completing it. It will be ready to sink soon after the 1st of June, and when a few inches under low-water mark the granite foundations of the tower will be laid upon it.

Boring has begun upon the New York side, at Pier 29, to prepare for another caisson, which is to be laid next November.

GENERALITIES.

A Child With a Horse's Head.

A poor German couple residing on North William street, between Meeker avenue and Herbert street, Williamsburg, have a female infant, which was born on the 3d of April last, whose face and head is strangely deformed. The lower portion of the face resembles that of a horse, and the whole front portion of the upper jaw is wanting, and the nasal bone and cartilage are extended down over the lower jaw, making two large nostrils, which connect without division with the mouth, thus making but one large orifice in the face. The tongue is long and bifurcated. There is no roof to the mouth, the formation of the interior being exactly like that of a horse. The child is unable to take natural nourishment, and is fed by hand. It eats voraciously, and devours as much as four ordinary children of its age. Its breathing is stentorous. The child's mother is thirty-four years of age, and this is her first child. A large number of persons have visited the family. The child is sickly and will not live long.

Singular Murder Trial.

A proceeding in a murder trial in San Francisco attracts attention, not so much because of its importance in the particular case as on account of the possibility it indicates that judges so disposed might take advantage of a similar occasion to entirely defeat the object of the law. James Dwyer was tried for killing Diedrich Wohlers. The trial lasted four days. Five hours after its conclusion the jury reported their disagreement, asking for further explanations from the judge, which he declined to give. They saw no possibility of agreement with the information they possessed, and he discharged them. If a judge can discharge a jury that disagrees after only five hours' deliberation on the testimony of a four days' trial, why could he not within one hour, or, for that matter, within ten minutes, "with the thanks of the Court?" If not, why not?

Self-Murder with all the Modern Improvements.

As some of the men employed in the car and repair shops of the Harlem Railroad Company at Central Morrisania were proceeding to their work early yesterday morning, they found the body of an unknown man suspended to a tree in the woods near by. The deceased appeared to be a German about twenty-eight years old, and had evidently repaired to the spot fully prepared to carry out his design of self-destruction. He had provided himself with plenty of ropes, a portion of which he adjusted with slip-nooses for his hands, while another piece was arranged with a slip-noose for his neck. With these he ascended a tree, fastened one end of the long rope to a limb of the tree, and adjusted the other around his neck; he slipped his hands through the nooses of the other rope behind him, and thus made his fatal leap.

California for Consumptives.

The California coast may yet be selected in preference to any other part of the world as a resort for consumptives, the more southern portion of that State surpassing, in respect to the two essentials—equable temperature and dry air—the Riviera or the Island of Madeira. The extremes of temperature in January and July, and the rainfall in the three localities, are thus stated:—Mentone, 40 and 73 degrees temperature, with 23 inches rainfall; Funchal, 60 and 70 degrees, with 30 inches; San Diego, 51 and 72 degrees, with only 10 inches rainfall. If these facts can be generally made known, and the inference as to the suitableness of the climate be correct, that which is worth to invalids more than all her gold may be found on our Pacific shore.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE ENTERTAINMENT OF THE MICROSCOPICAL AND BIOLOGICAL SECTION LAST EVENING.—The first annual *conversazione* of the Biological and Microscopical Section of the Academy of Natural Sciences was held last evening at the College of Physicians, corner of Thirteenth and Locust streets, from 7½ to 11 o'clock.

Upon the first floor, in the west room, Dr J. Solis Cohen discoursed upon Acoustics, and the physical beauties of musical sounds. During the evening Dr. Cohen performed experiments with organ pipes, tuning forks, musical gas jets, and a Helmholtz siren.

In the east room Prof. Rogers explained the wonders and beauties of electricity and galvanism by means of the Ruhmkorff Coil, the Wilde Machine, the Electric light, Magneto-electric Engines, Geisler tubes—a very beautiful series of which were shown—and by the wonderful Holtz Electrical Machine, two of which were on exhibition. In the west room of the second story a long table was erected for the purpose of exhibiting one hundred microscopes, each arranged with objects for exhibition, so that spectators could look at each instrument as they passed, and see all the varied wonders of microscopy with polarized and direct light. The oldest microscope exhibited was made in 1702, and the newest, made by Mr. Zentmayer, was only finished in time for the exhibition.

On entering the east room were found arranged upon long tables various plastic models of anatomy, made by Ansoux, of Paris, showing the anatomical structure of the brain, vertebræ, ear, eye, heart, and lungs of man and various mammalia. At the end of the room Dr. Grier explained the medical application of electricity by means of the galvanic battery.

A most ingenious contrivance was here shown, invented by Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, Director of the Section, and made by Dr. Grier. It consists of a glass tube partially filled with mercury, which on being held on the wrist is caused to rise. Every pulsation is thus caused to make a connection with two wires from a battery which are in the upper end of the tube, and which, being connected with a magnetic engine, rings a bell for every pulsation, so that the pulsations can be counted with more certainty and regularity than by the old method.

At half-past 9 Dr. J. Gibbons Hunt gave an exhibition with the oxy-hydrogen microscope in the north room on the second story, showing some most beautiful injected preparations of the kidney, liver, lung, etc., of man and various animals. The whole affair passed off in the most agreeable manner. Nearly all the apparatus was of American manufacture, and the greater part of it was made in this city. Dr. S. Weir Mitchell is Director of the section and Dr. William Pepper Vice-Director.

THE INFECTED DISTRICT—CASES OF RELAPSING FEVER AT THE COUNTY PRISON.—Health Officer John E. Addicks to-day made a report of the condition of Alaska street to the Board of Health, from which we print the following extracts:—

Gentlemen:—Since the last meeting of the board I have daily visited the Alaska street district, and beg to report that every duty is promptly performed, and the sanitary condition of the whole district is very much improved. No effort and action will be relaxed, but continued with full effect as long as any necessity may exist.

The whole people are fully alive to the occasion, and leave us much less to do than formerly, of their own action.

The sick are being now promptly reported, and in every case, when required, the houses are thoroughly cleansed and closed; cellars and rooms coming under the late order of the board are closed after cleaning, as fast as discovered.

Since my last report, I regret to say I have taken three cases of fever from the prison on Thursday and two cases on Friday. I have no report to-day, and trust it will not increase in that institution.

I have again called the attention of the Building Inspectors to the old rotten shanties and rookeries, and also exposed privy wells, and they have assured me that everything we suggest shall be done, and they expect to receive the order of the Court to-day.

Since the district has been under the charge of the Health Officer, 61 cases of contagious fever, 55 being relapsing, have been admitted to the Municipal Hospital. Five of the cases of relapsing fever proved fatal.

Dr. H. Ernest Goodman, Port Physician, reported eight cases of relapsing fever sent to the Hospital yesterday, and about the same number, with two from the prison, to-day. He accounts for the increase partially by the fact that the people are now promptly reporting sickness at the mission house.

FUNDS FOR THE HUMBOLDT MONUMENT.—At a recent meeting of the Alexander Von Humboldt Monument Association, the following gentlemen were constituted a committee for the purpose of receiving subscriptions for the erection of a statue of that eminent gentleman in Fairmount Park, the inaugural ceremonies of which took place on the occasion of the corner-stone laying of the monument last fall:—Rudolph Keradi, Joseph Kincke, F. W. Thomas, L. Herbert, O. Seidensticker, Julius Heir, E. Herwig, C. M. Baumann, and Paul Jagode. The honor and respect in which the great author, traveller, and philosopher is held by not only the American nation, but by the entire world, render it necessary that Philadelphia should rear such a monument as is proposed.

HOMES FOR THE HELPLESS.—The second anniversary of the Pennsylvania Industrial Home for Blind Women, will be held at the Central Presbyterian Church corner of Eighth and Cherry streets, next Monday evening, May 16, at ½ before 8 o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by Revs. Drs. Henson, Breed, Reed, and others. The public are cordially invited to attend. Music by the orchestra of the Blind Institution.

A floral and strawberry festival, in aid of the Baptist Home will be held at Horticultural Hall, on Wednesday and Thursday, June 15 and 16.

AN ARRIVAL FROM PARIS OF A PHILADELPHIA MERCHANT.—Mr. Finn, of the firm of Howell, Finn & Co., at Ninth and Chesnut streets, has just returned from a trip to Paris, after having visited all the leading paper-hanging factories in that city and in Europe. He has made arrangements with many of the establishments to produce in Philadelphia simultaneously with their appearance in Europe all the new designs of paper-hangings and other articles pertaining to the trade. This spirit of enterprise is greatly to be commended.

FOX'S NEW THEATRE.—The trouble between Mr. Fox and the proprietors of the American Theatre building has now culminated in the purchase by Mr. Fox of the property of the Academy of Fine Arts, on which he intends to build a fine new theatre and abandon the Walnut street building entirely. He will obtain possession in a month's time, and will then immediately begin operations, so that the theatre will be done by the first of October. The lot has a front of 100 feet on Chesnut street and a depth of 170 feet. The lot and the new building together will cost not less than $200,000.

MISSING MAN.—An insane Spaniard, who arrived in this city a few weeks ago from Malaga, has been missing for a few days. He is 5 feet 7 inches in height, 38 years of age, slim and sickly looking. He has a black moustache and dark complexion, and wore a blue sack coat, gray vest and pants, with black stripe down the side. Information will be received at his residence on Cass street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets.

CORONER'S CASE.—Coroner Taylor at noon to-day held an inquest upon the body of the unknown white woman which was fished out of a cesspool in the rear of No. 627 Alaska street yesterday morning. The testimony showed that she had gone there to sleep, and the seat being in an insecure state had fallen through. The jury rendered a verdict of death from suffocation.

THE WAGNER ZOUAVES.—A colored organization known as the Wagner Zouaves this morning made application to the Mayor for "arms and accoutrements." The muster-rolls show A Company to contain 35 men; B, 39; C, 50; D, 35; E, 44; F, 34; G, 34; H, 38; K, 34. Total, 382. The regiment will be officered solely by colored men.

AMONGST THE PHILISTINES.—John S. Jones, residing at No. 1631 Frankford road, last night paid a visit to St. Mary street, where he fell in with a couple of cyprians named Sarah Richardson and Mary Fitzgerald, who robbed him of $75. The females were arrested and will have a hearing to-day at the Central Station.

PETTY THIEVING.—A depraved specimen of femininity, named Jane Hoffmann, last night entered the yard of one Thomas Walls, Seventh and St. Mary streets, and robbed the clothes line of a lot of washed muslin, etc. Jane was arrested, and Alderman Collins sent her to prison.

CAPTURED.—The notorious Daniel Reading, for whom the police have been searching of late, was yesterday captured, and this morning taken into court on a "bench warrant" to answer the charge of assault and battery upon two of the Fourth district policemen.

APOPLEXY.—George Rubicund, constable of the Fourteenth ward, was yesterday attacked with a stroke of apoplexy at Ninth and Spring Garden streets. He was removed to his residence, Thirteenth and Wallace streets, where he now lies in a critical condition.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.—A "night prowler" last night attempted to force an entrance to the pork packing establishment of Messrs. Michener & Bro., Front and Willow streets, by forcing open a cellar door. He was forced to skedaddle by the approach of a policeman.

CRICKET.—The second of a series of practice games, First Eleven vs. The Field, will be played on the ground of the Philadelphia Cricket Club at Camden on Wednesday next.

THE COAL TRADE.

The Status of the Trade—The Number of Men Working and the Number Idle—The Meeting of the Anthracite Board—Massachusetts Coal Legislation—A Thieving Captain Caught—Quotations, Etc.

At a meeting of the General Council of the W. B. A., held at Shamokin, Northumberland county, on the 27th and 28th ult., the following reports were presented from the different regions:—

Northumberland county, 768 men working at basis, and 1000 men idle. Columbia county, 900 men all idle except three, who are working on the basis of 1869. Carbon county, 550 men working on the basis of 1869, and 1650 men idle. Luzerne county, 11,566 men. No report was made of any men idle. Schuylkill county, 10,000 men, all idle except three hundred working on the basis of 1869.

From these reports it will be seen that Luzerne county, or the Scranton and Wilkesbarre region, is the only one in which all the men are at work. These are working on the $3 basis of '69, and are employed by the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company. The 300 men working in the Schuylkill region are very inconsiderable in number when compared with the 10,000 who are idle. They are so very inconsiderable that the suspension in Schuylkill county is to all intents and purposes total. In Carbon county all the collieries are at work except those operated by the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company at Summit Hill and Nesquehoning. These mines employ a large majority of the workmen of this region, and there is no present hope of a resumption at the old basis. The number reported as idle, 1650, is not all who are necessary to work the mines. Large numbers have left and sought employment at other points.

Outside of Luzerne county the total number of men who are at work is about 1000, while about 14,000, are idle. Including Luzerne county the number of working hands is about 12,500, who by reason of the present suspension have not only to support themselves, but also directly and indirectly the 14,000 idle men, which is about equivalent to a reduction of one-half in wages. But even with the trade in this condition the supply is equal to the demand. Should work be resumed in all the regions the production would be doubled, in which case there would be very little chance for high prices, and consequently for the $3 basis.

In the Lehigh region the trade is brisk, but not so good as it has been. Several orders have been countermanded. The great demand comes from furnaces and manufactories. A few Philadelphia consumers have been ordering largely from Lehigh and Wyoming, having given up all hope of a speedy resumption in Schuylkill county. At Mauch Chunk the tonnage on both railroads and canal for the week was 111,691 tons against 123,926 tons for the previous week, which is a decrease of 12,235 tons. During the present suspension at the Summit mines, the only tonnage by the Lehigh Canal is that of coal from the Beaver Meadow and Wyoming regions, transferred from cars to boats at Coalport and East Manch Chunk. Many of the boatmen on the Lehigh Canal, in consequence of the poor prospect for the season, have moored their boats and are employing their teams on farms.

The Lehigh Valley Railroad, on Wednesday last, issued an important order to all the shippers, stating that no more coal would be loaded for the Reading Road, whether the cars belonged to the Reading or any other company.

In Schuylkill county matters remain the same. Large numbers of men have left since the celebration at St. Clair. The reports of the Reading Road show an increase over the previous week, the total of all kinds being 85,498 tons.

The resolutions passed by the Anthracite Board of Trade at their meeting in Pottsville on Thursday show a strong determination to stand out against the demands of the workmen. The meeting represented five millions of tons per annum. The former written pledge, signed by seventy-six firms, binding themselves to the resolutions, was ordered to be reprinted. The Philadelphia Coal Company was denounced as "void of all honor and unworthy of confidence," because they had broken this pledge and started their collieries on the old basis. The suspension of the Shamokin operaters was highly endorsed.

The Legislature of Massachusetts has recently passed a law providing that all coal shall hereafter in that State be sold by weight, except 2,000 pounds. It also provides for a sworn weigher in towns where coal is sold. The sellers are required to obtain his services, and it is his business to weigh the coal, to keep a record for the use of both buyer and seller, and to give a certificate of weight when required. Such an officer would have his hands full in Pennsylvania.

The captain of a canal boat was recently arrested in New York for stealing coal. The boat was loaded in Hoboken for New York, and on arrival the cargo was found short 14 tons. It was clearly proven that the captain sold the coal. This is the first instance of an attempt on the part of the trade to put an end to an evil which has long been known, but which it has never been possible to remedy. This attempt was very successful through the exertions of competent detectives. The captain is now in jail awaiting his trial.

The prices of coal at Port Richmond remain without material change. The following are the current rates of freights from Port Richmond for the week ending May 13:—Bath, $2; Boston, $1·75@2; Charlestown, $2·10; Gloucester, $2·15; Hingham and dis., $2·25; Lynn, $2·05; Salem, $1·90; Wellfleet, $2·25; Providence, $1·55; Allen's Point, $1·70; Norwich and low, $1·75; New Haven, $1·70; S. Norwalk, $1·70; Greenbolnt, $2; New York, $1@1·30; Troy, $1·70; Fortress Monroe and dis., 88c. From Baltimore:—Philadelphia, $1@1·05; New York, $1·90.

THE CENTENNIAL ANNIVERSARY OF INDEPENDENCE.—The subject of celebrating the one hundredth anniversary of the Declaration of Independence in 1876 has been agitated for some time, and it can be safely said that the event will transpire. New York, Washington and Philadelphia have announced themselves as candidates as the site for the occasion. Last winter committees of the Pennsylvania Legislature, City Councils and the Franklin Institute visited Washington, D. C., and appeared before the Committee on Manufactures on behalf of Philadelphia.

Mayor Fox is in receipt of the following from the chairman of the committee:—

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 12, 1870.

Hon. Daniel M. Fox, Mayor of Philadelphia; John L. Shoemaker, Esq., Chairman Committee of Select and Common Councils of Philadelphia; and Wm. Sellers, Esq., Chairman Committee of Franklin Institute, Philadelphia:

GENTLEMEN: At a very full meeting of the Committee on Manufactures, held yesterday morning, the 11th inst., it was unanimously resolved to visit your city on Friday and Saturday, the 10th and 11th days of June next, in compliance with the invitation so generously extended through yourselves and your associates in the proposed celebration at Philadelphia of the hundredth anniversary of the Declaration of American Independence. I believe I can safely promise you, on the occasion of our visit, a full representation of the committee.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
D. J. MORRELL,
Chairman Committee on Manufactures.

JEWISH HOLIDAYS.—To-morrow, the 15th of May, is the festival of Sheenee Pesach in the Jewish calendar. This festival is not much observed among the Jews in this country, but in the East, where the old customs are vigorously kept up, the day is a general holiday. The festival of Pesach is the Jewish Passover. The Sheenee Pesach is an after-Passover for the benefit of those who have been absent from home on the regular Passover, so that they may be able to appear in their temple, and offer their sacrificial gifts, which they have not been able to do on the festival of Pesach.

The 19th of May is also a Jewish festival, but more generally observed. This is the festival of Lag Beomer, or the thirty-third day after the first of the Passover. This is a great day of rejoicing after the season of sorrow and fasting immediately succeeding the Pesach. It is to commemorate the staying of a pestilence which had carried off great numbers of the disciples of Akiba, one of the Talmudists. It has likewise a symbolical interpretation, symbolizing the thirty-three days cleansing of the Jews from the filth of slavery after the flight from Egypt, and preparatory to the giving of the law which was received seventeen days later.

The first day of every Jewish month is a half holiday, and by some Jews this day and the one immediately preceding are kept as fast days. They are called by some Jem Kippur Kaddan, or Minor days of Atonement.

GONE TO IRELAND.—On the 9th of April one Thomas Terrence suddenly disappeared from his home, and his clothes being found at Vine street wharf, Schuylkill, the supposition was at once formed that he had committed suicide. For several days the Harbor Police grappled for his body, but being unsuccessful they gave the job up. Yesterday a letter was received bearing the English postmark, and on being opened it was found headed "Cork," May the "oncst," 1870, and signed Thomas Terrence. Thomas states in his letter that owing to the passage of the Reform and other bills, he desired to return to Ireland to make arrangements for the return of his whole family, but his wife objected. He therefore, in order to avoid a "war," suddenly disappeared. He now avers that she will have to follow him, as he intends sticking to the "ould sod."

SCALDED.—A young man named Martin Lee, employed at Hunter's Mills, Heatonville, this A. M. accidently tumbled into a vat of boiling water, and was so severely scalded internally and externally that his life is despaired of.

SECOND EDITION

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

The Western Railway Slaughter.

Production of Pig Iron.

Important Naval Intelligence.

The North Atlantic Fleet.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

From the North Atlantic Fleet.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Her Britannic Majesty's gunboat Dart, which was in the harbor of Havana May 5, is of 428 tons and 80-horse power, and commanded by Commander John Carnejee. Her battery consists of 1 68-pounder and 2 20-pounder Armstrong guns. She is a good-looking vessel, and reported as very swift under steam.

Admiral Poor, commanding the North Atlantic fleet, informs the department under date of May 7 that he has ordered the Tuscarora to Havana to relieve the Nantasket, in order that she may go to Key West to fill up with coal and provisions and proceed to Samana as soon as possible, touching *en route* at Trinidad de Cuba, to inquire into the troubles existing there.

Vessels at Mare Island, Cal.

The Mohican, Commander W. W. Low, arrived at the Navy Yard, Mare Island, Cal., on the 3d, for stores and partial change of battery, and requiring her poop-deek recaulked.

The second-rate steamer Lackawanna is being repaired at the Mare Island (Cal.) Navy Yard. New beams and knees are being placed for a spar-deck. She has received new planking from the water line, and new planking is to be placed below water line. She is also to have considerable addition to her keel; engines are undergoing repairs and new water bottoms being put to the boilers. It is thought that it will take about five months to complete her.

The "Tallapoosa."

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The U. S. steamer Tallapoosa, Lieutenant D. P. McRichie, will sail from the Washington Navy Yard the first of next week for the Northern stations, touching *en route* at Norfolk, Va., and Annapolis, Md.

The U. S. Yacht America,

from the Naval Academy, is going to the Navy Yard at New York for recoppering, new sails, etc.

Appointments Revoked.

Secretary Robeson has revoked the acting carpenter Daniel Dwyer, the former on account of having been condemned by medical survey for disabilities not originating in line of duty, and the latter for having been reported unqualified for the position and also condemned by the medical survey.

Special Naval Duty.

Assistant Naval Constructor Theodore D. Wilson, of the Naval Academy is soon to leave for England and France on special duty for the Navy Department.

Court-martial Finding Approved.

The President has approved the findings and sentence of court-martial in the case of First Lieutenant D. W. Wallingsford, 7th U. S. Cavalry, and he has been dismissed the service to date from May 11, 1870. Commander Wilson has arrived at Charleston, Prince Edward's Island, with the Frolic, and reports that the notice to fishermen not to trespass in Canadian waters has so far been fully complied with.

FROM THE WEST.

Victims of the Great Railroad Calamity.

ST. LOUIS, May 14.—The remains of E. R. Wilson and William Taylor, Jr., victims of the Missouri Pacific Railroad disaster, have been sent to New York; the remains of John Sturdevant to Delavan, Illinois; and those of E. R. Spaulding to Boston.

Purchase of Missouri Bonds.

The State Fund Commissioner has purchased a million and a half of Missouri sixes with the surplus in his hands.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Billiards in Maine.

PORTLAND, May 14.—In the billiard match last night for the State's champion cue and $200 between Henry F. Sulell, of this city, the present champion, and Charles J. R. Smith, of Augusta, the game was won by the former, the score standing—Shiell, 1100; Smith, 1147.

FROM THE STATE.

Ironmasters' Meeting.

COLUMBIA, May 14.—At a meeting of ironmasters held here yesterday the unanimous feeling was to stop the production of pig iron, which cannot be made at current rates without loss, and the probability is that within the next sixty days nearly, if not all, the furnaces in this vicinity will be idle.

FROM EUROPE.

This Morning's Quotations.

LONDON, May 14—Noon—Consols opened at 94¼ for money, and 94¾ for account. United States 5-20s of 1862, 89½; 1865, old, 88¾; 1867, 90¼; 10-40s, 85¾. Erie Railway, 18¾; Illinois Central, 112¾.

LIVERPOOL, May 14—Noon—Cotton firm; middling uplands, 11¼d.; middling Orleans, 11¾@11¾d. The sales are estimated at 10,000 bales.

LONDON, May 14—Noon—Linseed Cakes firmer at £9 18s. Tallow dull. Sperm Oil dull. Linseed Oil firmer at £32 5s. Spirits Petroleum quiet at 1s. 1d. Turpentine dull. Hops dull.

BREMEN, May 14.—Petroleum closed firm and quiet at Hamburg.

PARIS, May 14.—The Bourse opened firm. Rentes, 75f. 12c.

ANTWERP, May 14.—Petroleum opened quiet at 54f.

This Evening's Quotations.

LONDON, May 14—1·30 P. M.—Consols closed at 94¾ for money, and 94¾ for account. American securities quiet and steady; United States five-twenties, 1862, 89½; 1865, old, 88¾; 1867, 90¾; 10-40s, 85¾. Stocks quiet and steady; Erie, 18¾; Illinois Central, 112¾.

LIVERPOOL, May 14—1·30 P. M.—Cotton closed quiet but steady; middling uplands, 11¼d.; middling Orleans, 11¾@11¾d. The sales have been 10,000 bales, including 2000 for export and speculation. Flour, 21s. Tallow, 44s. 3d. Turpentine, 26s. 3d.

LONDON, May 14—1·30 P. M.—Tallow quiet. Whale Oil quiet. Hops declining. Fine Rosin, 15s.

Baltimore Produce Market.

BALTIMORE, May 14.—Cotton very firm at 23½c. Flour easier and receipts light; Howard Street superfine, $5·25@5·75; do. extra $6@6·75; do. family, $6·75@7·25; City Mills superfine, $5·50@6·25; do. extra, $5·75@7; do. family, $7@9·50; Western superfine, $5·12@5·37½; do. extra, $5·80@6; do. family, $6·25@7. Wheat firm for Maryland. $1·50@1·60; Pennsylvania dull at $1·37@1·43. Corn dull; white, $1·20@1·23; yellow $1·15@1·17. Oats firm at 65c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky very dull; iron-bound, $1·19; wood, $1·09; patent, $1·08.

THE FRENCH CONSPIRACY.

First Rumor of its Discovery in Paris—Beaury Suspected and Tracked—His Arrest and the Capture of Protot.

The *Gazette des Tribunaux* gives the following particulars of Beaury's arrest: "Wishing doubtless to receive his last instructions and to make personal observations as to the spirit of the working quarters, Beaury went on Friday morning early to the Faubourg St. Antoine and to Belleville, and returned towards 9 o'clock. His cab drove fast, but he thought he was followed, and made the driver take several by-streets. He at last stopped at the Rue des Moulins, and alighting, turned his steps towards a house of ill-fame, where he had passed the preceding night, and left his valise.

"Just at that moment M. Lagrange, Commissary of Police, who had driven after him from the early morning, descended alone from an open carriage which had followed that of Beaury, ordering his agents not to stir, but to await a preconcerted signal. He then went up to the conspirator, and addressing him by his Christain name, 'Camille,' said, 'How do you do?' 'I do not know you,' said the other. 'Who are you?' And while he was endeavoring to remember the name and face of his interlocutor, M. Lagrange gave the signal, and the agents, rushing forward, seized the hands of the culprit and pinioned them behind his back, while M. Lagrange exclaimed, 'I am a Commissary of Police, and I arrest you!' Without more ado, and in the street, but little frequented at that hour, they took from the prisoner the letter of Flourens, also a six-shot revolver, and a rough draft of a note written by the man himself and addressed to Flourens, in which he asked for money, and added: 'The amputation will take place on the 29th, in the evening; I am ready.' The prisoner had, it appears, received 400f. in Paris, and afterwards 160f. to bear his expenses when taking his departure."

THE CULPRIT BEAURY.

The *Patrie* has the subjoined particulars:—"The principal agent of the plot, the individual entrusted with the execution of the crime, is a young man of twenty-two, bachelor of letters, and belonging, report says, to good family. After having for some time led a dissipated life, and undergone a condemnation, he enlisted in the army, and then deserted. He is the instrument of the Revolutionary Committee in London, and more particularly, it is said, of M. Flourens.

"Since his arrest he does nothing but shed tears, bewails his fate, and confesses everything. We learn the seizure of weapons and boxes of ammunition; there were thirty bombs and four hundred cartridges. The belief is that M. Ledru-Rollin, knowing of this affair, left Paris in order not to be in the capital when the matter broke out."

THE BOMBS.

The following description of the bombs, which have been seized, is curious:—Each one is divided perpendicularly into two halves which, when united, form a figure somewhat resembling a thick cake with a hole in the centre, and bound together by a strong screw. The exterior diameter is five and a quarter inches, and the thickness of the metal is about three-eighths of an inch. The upper and lower cavities are ribbed inside and perced with eighteen holes, to which can be adapted nipples and caps, or nails, with the heads inside. In those seized the latter plan has been adopted, and some of the perforations are left unoccupied to permit the entrance of air, which vastly increases the force of the explosion. The interior of these terrible implements was destined to receive four glass tubes, a quarter of an inch in diameter and four inches in length, to be filled with picrate of potash or fulminating powder. At the top is a ring to which is attached a handle of a triangular shape, which not only facilitates the carriage of this murderous instrument, but furnishes a sort of sling to favor its projection. To any one conversant with mechanics or firearms this invention of 1870 will appear much more deadly than those of Orsini; for the mere shock of a fall would be sufficient to break the glass and produce the explosion. But in order to guard against the possibility of a failure, the series of nails above mentioned have been introduced. Everything tends to the belief that these missiles from an upper window. The amount of explosive material which they are each capable of containing is sufficient to spread destruction in a circle of at least thirty yards around, and the force with which the fragments would be discharged is sufficient to kill instantaneously, if the person was struck on the head, chest, or stomach, and to break a limb if it hit elsewhere. The iron is of excellent quality and of the third fusion, that is to say, a casting from metal already previously refined. The projectile had evidently been invented by a clever mechanician assisted by an able chemist. A founder, a turner, and a fitter had been found, but not a finisher, for the final part of the work, including the union of the two portions, has been executed by persons having only inferior tools and not understanding the working of metals.

The man who had these bombs in his keeping is named Goussel. It was on Friday night that the police came to arrest him. Immediately on finding himself in the hands of the agents he began to cry out "Help! Help! They are arresting all the Republicans!" At these cries a considerable number of persons ran up and threw themselves upon the policemen, who, notwithstanding their energetic efforts, were obliged to yield, and the prisoner took flight.

THE MORTALITY OF THE CITY.—The number of deaths in the city for the week ending at noon today was 333, being an increase of 14 over those of last week and an increase of 74 over the corresponding period of last year. Of these, 184 were adults; 149 were minors; 230 were born in the United States; 69 were foreign; 23 were people of color; and 8 from the country. Of the number, 55 died of consumption of the lungs; 12 of convulsions; 29 of scarlet fever; 18 of inflammation of the lungs; 21 of debility; 8 of diseases of the heart; 15 of old age; 7 of marasmus; and 6 of relapsing fever.

The deaths were divided as follows among the different wards:—

Wards.		Wards.	
First	13	Sixteenth	9
Second	15	Seventeenth	12
Third	9	Eighteenth	16
Fourth	18	Nineteenth	18
Fifth	8	Twentieth	15
Sixth	4	Twenty-first	5
Seventh	12	Twenty-second	7
Eighth	9	Twenty-third	11
Ninth	5	Twenty-fourth	13
Tenth	12	Twenth-fifth	6
Eleventh	9	Twenth-sixth	20
Twelfth	6	Twenty-seventh	31
Thirteenth	8	Twenty-eighth	7
Fourteenth	5	Unknown	8
Fifteenth	23		
Total			333

THE INSURANCE PATROL.—Chief McCusker, of the Insurance Patrol, has just presented his report of operations for the month of April. The report shows that during the month there were 41 fires and one false alarm. Of these 16 were three-story buildings, 2 two-and-a-half-story brick buildings, 2 two-story buildings, 1 one-story building, 1 four-and-a-half-story building, 2 one-story frame buildings, 1 one-and-a-half-story frame building, 5 four-story brick buildings, 1 six-story brick and stone, 3 five-story brick and stone, 6 two-story frame and stone, 1 two-and-a-half-story frame and stone. The buildings were occupied as follows:—1 beer saloon, 2 woollen and cotton mills, 1 lithographer's establishment, 2 cooper shops, 2 dwellings, 1 shingle manufactory, 2 trimmings stores, 1 chair warerooom, 2 tenement-houses, 1 varnish and japan manufactory, 2 blacksmith shops, 1 pile of boards, 1 trunk manufactory, 1 fish oil manufactory, 1 oriental store, 1 barn, 2 rains of mill, 1 whisky distillery, 1 ax manufactory, 1 costumer, 1 reed and heddle manufactory, 1 spice mill, 1 tavern, 1 patent medicine establishment, 1 cigar store.

A LAWSUIT DECIDED IN FAVOR OF THE CITY.—The case of Miller vs. The City of Philadelphia, involving the title of about four hundred acres of land of the Girard estate, in Mahanoy township, Schuylkill county, upon which is situated the William Penn Colliery, was decided on Thursday last by a verdict in favor of the defendant. This case has been pending for several years in the courts of Schuylkill county. Among the counsel for the plaintiff were Hon. Heister Clymer, of Reading, and ex-Chief Justice Woodward, of Luzerne.

STEAM COLLIERS.—The new steam collier Hercules, 1000 tons capacity, belonging to the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, made her trial trip to-day from Chester to Richmond, making the run in one hour and thirty minutes. She commenced loading immediately on arrival. This is the second steamer Messrs. Reaney Son & Co. have completed for this company, and they will have another ready in three weeks of 800 tons capacity.

PUGILISTIC.—John Henry yesterday committed an assault and battery on one John O'Neill at Eleventh and Washington streets. Henry was arrested and taken before Alderman Bonsall, who sent him to prison.

INVINCIBLES' ANNUAL MEETING.—The members are requested to attend a general club meeting next Tuesday evening, at the Assembly Building, to choose an Executive Committee to serve the ensuing year.

THIRD EDITION

FROM EUROPE BY CABLE.

A Discourse from Napoleon.

Austria's Coldness to the Pope.

Southern Methodist Conference.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Navy Orders.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Master Isaac I. Yates has been ordered to examination for promotion. Lieutenant-Commander Henry Glass is detached from Philadelphia and granted thirty days' sick leave. Surgeon James Suddards is detached from the Asiatic fleet and placed on waiting orders. The orders of Lieutenant Horace Elmer to the North Atlantic fleet have been revoked, and he is ordered to the monitor Terror.

FROM THE WEST.

The Methodist Conference.

MEMPHIS, May 14.—In the Methodist General Conference, Bishop Wightman President, a very large number of reports of committees, petitions, and resolutions were read and adopted, mainly relating to slight modifications and changes of discrepancies; also one providing for an orphans' home in each conference in charge of a board of trustees. Memorials from colored members of the Georgia and Tennessee Conferences, expressing their devotion to the Church South, and hoping for a continuation of the same kindly relations heretofore existing.

The Committee on Removal of the Book Concern to Louisville reported in favor of two houses, one located in Baltimore and the other in St. Louis. Referred to the Committee on Books and Periodicals.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

Editorial Opinions of the Leading Journals upon Current Topics—Compiled Every Day for the Evening Telegraph.

THE CAPITAL OF OUR UNION.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

The Senate voted on Wednesday to spend an unnecessary million on the present Federal metropolis—$500,000 to build a new State Department, and a like sum to buy two additional squares of ground eastward the Capitol. Of course, these sums will not build the edifice and buy the grounds—they will simply begin to do so. But, even if they were not mere entering-wedges, we should strenuously object to them, because

I. As the deferential boarder said to his landlady of her bed-bugs, we "really haven't the blood to spare." The arduous and necessary task of funding our national debt at a lower rate of interest, so as to diminish by twenty or thirty millions its annual burden, is still before us. It can only be achieved by keeping the revenue largely in excess of the expenditures, so as to appreciate our bonds by weekly purchases; and yet, almost every one seems intent on rendering this impossible by reducing income on the one hand and increasing expenditure on the other.

The ninety-seven millions of national debt which was paid during the last year did not merely reduce our total indebtedness by that amount. It virtually reduced that indebtedness another hundred millions, by so appreciating our credit that we could now borrow at five per cent. as easily as we could at six a year ago. We ought not to reduce our excess of income over current expenditure a fraction till our whole redeemable, interest-bearing debt shall have been funded at a rate not exceeding five per cent. How can it be that Congress should act as if insensible to this consideration?

II. The location of the capital of our country is forced upon our consideration by a serious and formidable agitation in the Great West. The question must evidently be met; and it should be considered and settled before new expenditures are authorized looking to the aggrandizement of Washington city. For, should the capital be removed, all that the million just voted by the Senate will buy or produce could not be sold for $100,000. It were improvidence and prodigality to disburse a million for such objects and not *know* that we are to get our money's worth. "First be sure you're right, *then* go ahead!" is the true rule.

III. We all know that the United States of 1870 is a very different country than the United States of 1790. The latter had less than four millions of people, the former has forty millions. The latter was bounded westward by the Mississippi and southward by the Altamaha, covering an area of less than one million square miles. The former extends to the Gulf of Mexico and the mouth of the Rio Grande del Norte, to the Pacific, to Puget's Sound, and to Behring's Straits, and is obviously destined to still further enlargement at an early day. If, therefore, it were unquestioned that Washington City were the best possible location for our capital seventy or eighty years ago, it by no means follows that it remains so. On the contrary, the presumption is irresistible that accessions of territory which have at least trebled the area of our Union demand a reconsideration of that point.

IV. We do not consider the geographical centre of this or any other country necessarily the fittest location for its capital. If it were, London, Paris, St. Petersburg, Rio Janeiro, and most other great capitals are deplorably misplaced. Other things being equal, the geographical centre has obvious advantages; but other things are never, or very rarely, equal. The capital of a great nation should be a great, intelligent, wealthy city. It should have such resources independent of Government as to support an able, independent, powerful press. It should proffer ample and attractive accommodations to visitors and sojourners, and not require them to pay for three months' use the cost of nine months' waiting. It should have ready and cheap access to inexhaustible supplies of food, building materials, etc., etc. It should proffer cheap and swift transportation to every part of the country. Above all, it should have a business and industry so vast that the patronage of the Government should be a flea-bite in comparison, so as not to train up its population to the one pursuit of boring gimlet-holes into the Treasury for the supply of their personal wants, and then seeking to enlarge them to auger-holes as rapidly as possible.

V. Capitals arbitrarily located, and thence often named after their founder, have always proved mistakes. Witness Constantinople, St. Petersburg, Washington. A Government should accept the national metropolis, and never attempt to create one.

VI. Our judgment that New York is the natural and proper capital of the Union is based on general and permanent considerations. This city is more readily and cheaply reached from all parts of our country than any other point on that country's surface. If all the men likely ever to be sent to Congress were separately asked, "In case you should be required to spend a winter away from home, where would you prefer that it should be?" three-fourths of them would answer, "In New York." So would nine-tenths of the ambassadors sent hither from Europe. Every variety of entertainment is to be had here in greater abundance and of better average quality than elsewhere on this continent. Our theatres, music-halls, parks, drives, clubs, etc., are better and ampler than any other. Almost every element of refined, elegant, luxurious living is to be had here in greater abundance than elsewhere, and at prices generally cheaper.

VII. New York does not aspire to be the capital. She never put forth exertions to that end. We believe no Congress has met in this city since 1787. But since the West has initiated an agitation for removal, we suggest that the whole question is opened, and that it is a very broad one. Let it be thoroughly considered and definitively settled. And now is the accepted time.

VIII. A grand committee of Congress should be constituted by joint action of the two houses, to which this subject should be referred, and ample time given for its careful consideration. Let every locality have a patient hearing, and let every element that should enter into the calculation be accorded its due weight. If national economy and general convenience may be subserved by removing the capital to St. Louis, or to any other point, thither let it go, on condition that such locality provide the Government with public grounds and edifices equal in capacity, utility and value to those it now possesses at Washington, taking these in exchange for them. But, until the subject of location shall have been duly considered and settled, we protest against any further expenditure of public money in the purchase of additional grounds or the erection of new Government structures in the city of Washington.

THE DARIEN SHIP CANAL PROJECT.

From the N. Y. Herald.

We have had various unfavorable reports from the United States Surveying Expedition of the explorations of the Isthmus of Darien in search of a route for a ship canal between the two oceans, but we have still entertained a hope that a feasible route in that quarter would be discovered. It appears, however, that Captain Selfridge in a recent despatch says:—"We have finished surveying the Darien and found it impracticable for a ship canal. I am now at work on the line from the Gulf of San Blas, about eighty miles east of Aspinwall, with better prospects of success. I expect to get through so that the expedition can return to the United States about the middle of June." This may be considered as settling the question against the isthmus route of Darien proper, and we are not very sanguine that a route will be found in the neighborhood of San Blas more feasible than that of the Aspinwall and Panama Railroad.

The little Gulf of San Blas is about eighty miles down the Atlantic coast from Aspinwall, and between that gulf and the great Bay of Panama on the Pacific we have the narrowest part of the isthmus (about thirty-six miles across), which divides North from South America. Several small streams from the backbone of the Continent descend into the Gulf of San Blas, and it may be that some one of them interlocks with the river Chepo, which flows in the opposite direction from the dividing ridge into Panama Bay. This river Chepo is a considerable stream, and is at several points within fifteen miles of the Atlantic coast, so that it is probable that some stream may be found on this side which opens a way, with a very little cutting, through to the Chepo, and by its channels to the Pacific. Hence, we presume Captain Selfridge's prospects of success in this quarter. We are, however, prepared for adverse reports, even from San Blas, because the mouth of the river Chepo is so convenient to the old city of Panama that we think if, by following the course of that river, an easy outlet might be found through to the Gulf of San Blas, the early Spanish settlers of Panama would have found it. In any event this exploring expedition of Captain Selfridge will be very valuable to the civilized world in settling all geographical doubts as to the feasibility or impracticability of a ship canal at any point on the Darien Isthmus between the mouth of the Atrato river and Aspinwall, a distance along the Atlantic coast of some three hundred miles.

We think it possible that a feasible canal route will be discovered from the Gulf of San Blas; but we apprehend, from the reason suggested, that the backbone of the Continent in this narrow isthmus will be found not to present anywhere the required depression for a through ticket by steamship without such a labor of locks and dams as to render the canal too costly and tedious to pay. Assuming that such will be the result of the explorations of Captain Selfridge's competent engineers, we shall be compelled to come northward to the Nicaragua route for our interoceanic ship canal. Nor do we think that a route exists for a ship canal between the Atlantic and Pacific that has a fifth part of the advantages of this route, and especially for the United States. From New York to San Francisco it will be the saving over a ship canal at the Darien isthmus of over a thousand miles; and to sailing vessels, from the calms and baffling winds which prevail about Panama, it will be the saving of at least a month in the voyage.

We have heretofore had occasion to quote from the book of Commander Bedford Pim, of the British Navy, on "The Gate of the Pacific," some of his opinions and estimates of a ship canal by the Nicaragua route, and in the hope of drawing the attention of our Government to this route we will draw again upon this English explorer. He estimates the cost of a ship canal from ocean to ocean, one hundred and ninety-one miles, by the Nicaragua route, substantially as follows:—

From the Atlantic, by canal along the river San Juan to the Lake Nicaragua...	£2,500,000
From the west side of the lake and to the end of a tunnel or cut on the Pacific side.....	1,500,000
Descent to the Pacific.....	500,000
Total.....	£4,500,000

—or twenty-two millions, five hundred thousand dollars. The level of Lake Nicaragua above the ocean on either side is about three hundred feet, which will have to be overcome by locks; but unless a lower depression is found between San Blas and Panama Bay than three hundred feet or two hundred, this elevation of Lake Nicaragua, taken into the estimate, will not disturb the great advantages of this route over any other one.

The present Emperor Napoleon, in a pamphlet on this Nicaragua route for a ship canal, written in 1847, says of it:—"There exists in the New World a State as admirably adapted as Constantinople, and, we must say, up to the present time as uselessly occupied (for the control of the world's commerce, he means). We allude to the State of Nicaragua. As Constantinople is the centre of the ancient world, so is the town of Leon, or rather Massaya (in Nicaragua) the centre of the new; and if the tongue of land (fifteen miles) which separates its two lakes from the Pacific Ocean were cut through (he means that the San Juan river, up into Lake Nicaragua, as it is, would answer for the time being), she would command, by her central position, the entire coast of North and South America. Like Constantinople, Massaya is situated between two extensive natural harbors (the two lakes) capable of giving shelter to the largest fleets, safe from attack. The State of Nicaragua can become, better than Constantinople, the necessary route for the great commerce of the world," and much more to the same effect.

In the event, then, of the failure to discover any available route at the Darien isthmus for a ship canal, we would urge upon General Grant an active movement in behalf of a canal over the Nicaragua route as the only available interoceanic canal route on the Continent, and as the route which, from its geographical position, is the best of all routes for the United States.

THE SCHISM OF SUFFRAGE.

From the N. Y. World.

It is not a very high compliment to the speech which Mr. Beecher made on assuming the presidential crook over his division of the female fold that it was by far the most pertinent as well as the most entertaining of the addresses to which either of the rival associations was subjected. It did not, indeed, adduce any new arguments, but it put the old ones in a striking light, as the characteristic merit and practice of its author is.

Why there should have been two associations and two conventions at all, or upon what point of principle or policy the two conventions differed, are questions upon which we have no more light than upon those immemorial conundrums of what song the sirens sang and by what name Ulysses went among the women; and, indeed, they are even more hopeless, since Sir Thomas Browne assures us that the latter, though he admits them to be puzzling questions, are not beyond conjecture; and it is doubtful if even Miss Anthony, on the one hand, or Mrs. Lucy Stone Blackwell on the other, could give an intelligible account of how the house of suffrage came to be divided against itself, or what was the origin of the war which now rages so fiercely between the female factions. Not that we wish to invite either of those excellent ladies to such a disclosure. On the contrary, it is deeply to be deprecated, in the interest of humanity at large. We only suggest it to show that mere human newspaper writers may hesitate to rush in where such angels fear to tread, and that the grounds of quarrel which the participants in it fail to recall are neither discoverable by extraneous persons nor of interest to them. And even if the exciting cause of the Cleveland convention could be made known, the case has since been so hopelessly muddled by the interposition and attempted mediation of a third party that nobody can declare to which of the conventions which have now ceased to vex the ears and newspapers of men was confided, either by right or by authority, the care of the cause which both professed to promote.

But, remitting the origin and the ethics of the dispute to the region of the unknowable, it is permitted us to point out that the convention over which Mr. Tilton presided, and which appropriately assembled itself in Apollo Hall, presents itself to us as the representative of New York, and that the hostile camp commanded by Mr. Beecher was, whether or not exclusively a Boston body, animated by a purely Bostonian spirit. Whereas the first was under the control of those immemorial champions of the cause, Mrs. Stanton and Miss Anthony, the latter worshipped strange Bostonian gods and went off into irrelevant Bostonian rhapsodies, partaking rather of the nature of a transcendental torch-dance than of those sober and judicious utterances to which our own apostles of female suffrage have accustomed us. This difference ought alone to conciliate our regards for the indigenous product, and to stimulate us to the "protection" of that "home industry" which has succeeded in building up a *Revolution*, in preference to that foreign labor which has hitherto only been adequate to the production of a *Woman's Journal*.

The practical results of the two organizations are what we might have anticipated from their origin and their conduct. New York is the undisputed commercial capital of the country. Boston claims for herself to be its literary capital. Accordingly, the agitation of the former results in cash; the agitation of the latter in language. It is a saddening commentary upon the practicality of the Bostonian agitators that during the final day of their deliberations the news arrived of their entire discomfiture in Vermont, where the single vote transmitted to us, which is stated to be a fair sample of the whole voting, announces that the candidate in favor of female suffrage received 39 votes, and the candidate against it 172.

THE PARTY OF PROGRESS.

From the N. Y. Times.

The whole civilized world is making marked progress in political affairs—so marked, that our era will be a memorable one in history for the popular reforms which have been and are still being wrought out. Within the last twenty years, Europe has been stirred to the acceptance of radical changes in almost every quarter; while in our own country, and within a decade, we have moved in that direction with a rapidity which is astonishing to all observers. We can only ascribe this progress, in a few words, to the wholesome growth and activity of public opinion, which has been able to overcome the resistance of conservatism and intrenched prescription. In England, again, a constant struggle has been going on by progressive men in behalf of reforms for half a century; but it is only recently that substantial success has been achieved. In our own country, the struggle has been going on longer, and has but just culminated. Both nations are in the very midst of their reform achievements, and both rely for success upon progressive men.

With us, those men constitute the Republican party, and render it the party of true progress. We do not mean to allude to wild theories, which are the fruit of mere impulse, or as it has been defined, "ignorance inflamed by prejudice;" we refer to a thoughtful and cautious acceptance of well-proved necessities. The past record of our party—brief as it has been—has afforded a marked illustration of steady growth of ideas and purposes. The standards of policy which it adopted in 1856 were feeble and uncertain compared with those which were asserted in the campaign of 1860. When we recall the platform upon which Lincoln was first elected, the sentiments of conciliation expressed by him in his inaugural, and the subsequent timid action of the Republican majority in Congress—we find a marked contrast with the declared policy of the party in 1864, as well as with the temper of the whole people of the North. The party had grown not only in purpose but in power, and had reached a point when it dared avow its purpose and call its power into exercise. The campaign of 1868 found the party occupying a still more advanced position. It had a broader mission and a more affirmative policy than before, and could hardly be recognized as the same which carried the campaign of 1860.

The same growth and development which have hitherto marked the brief life of the Republican party, will attend it in the future. The idea that such a party, composed of such elements, can have already completed its mission is preposterous. Changed as the political situation of 1872 will be, the party will easily conform itself to it, as it responded to similar requirements in the past. The process is already going on. We are clearing away the debris of the Rebellion, and letting it drift from us. The fact that old issues have been decided does not necessarily affect the vitality of the party. New issues are supplying their places, and new ideas and new measures are urging us forward.

We have faith that the party will adapt itself to the requirements of the time, and develop a policy which will be productive of harmony in its ranks. We cannot cling to the past, but must move on in obedience to our destiny, and to the spirit of progress which controls our age.

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN AND WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE IN 1872.

From the N. Y. Sun.

About two years ago the Legislature of Kansas submitted to the people the question of woman's suffrage. After a sharp struggle, the advocates of this measure obtained at the polls rather more than one-third of the votes cast on the subject. Within the present week the same question has been indirectly submitted to the people of Vermont in the form of an election of delegates to a convention to revise their constitution; and it would seem from the returns that the advocates of woman's suffrage have made but a meagre show.

The cause of the very marked difference in the result in Kansas and in Vermont is seen at a glance. In Kansas the campaign was conducted under the personal supervision of that daring genius and dashing orator, George Francis Train, while in Vermont it was managed by Mr. Henry B. Blackwell. It was a grand mistake that the Vermont ladies did not call Mr. Train to their aid, and intrust their banner to his enthusiastic and audacious bearing.

In this city two associations in favor of woman's suffrage are now in full blast, the one headed by the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, and the other by the Rev. Theodore Tilton; and the mind of this metropolis is distracted by the effort to decide which is the real Simon Pure. The true mode of solving this puzzling problem is plain to disinterested observers. Let these eminent divines vacate their respective positions, consolidate their forces, and place the entire movement under the control of Mr. Train, a man of brains, original ideas, and brilliant impetuosity. He will at any rate make woman's suffrage a leading issue in his canvass for the Presidency in 1872—which is more than either Beecher or Tilton has proposed, neither of those gentlemen having yet announced himself as a candidate for the White House—and give success to the movement for woman's suffrage, if any human being can; and he should be put at the head of the united and harmonized party.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 3, 1870.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, clear of National and State Taxes, payable in cash on and after May 30, 1870.
Blank Powers of Attorney for collecting Dividends can be had at the Office of the Company, No. 238 South Third street.
The Office will be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 3 P. M. from May 30 to June 3, for the payment of Dividends, and after that date from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
THOMAS T. FIRTH,
5 4 60t Treasurer.

☞ BRANCH OFFICE, CONTINENTAL IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.
PITTSBURG, April 30, 1870.
A meeting of the Stockholders of the Continental Improvement Company will be held in the Branch Office of the Company, in the city of Pittsburg, (corner of PENN and TENTH Streets), on TUESDAY, May 17, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors to serve for the current year, and until their successors are duly elected and qualified. And also for the purpose of considering and acting upon the provisions of the Supplement to the Charter of said Company, approved Twenty-fourth day of March, 1870.
W. R. SHELBY,
5 2 14t Secretary.

☞ NATATORIUM AND PHYSICAL INSTITUTE, BROAD Street, below Walnut.
SWIMMING SCHOOL
FOR BOTH SEXES AND ALL AGES.
Open from 5 A. M. till 10 P. M.
Water changing constantly.
An even and comfortable temperature maintained by use of steam boilers.
Polite and competent Instructors always in attendance. Persons taught to swim in from six to ten lessons.
NOTICE.—The Gymnastic Department is reopened, the damages by the late storm having been fully repaired.
For terms, private lessons, etc., etc., send or address for a Circular.
5 13 2t J. A. PAYNE & BRO.

☞ NOTICE.—A SPECIAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the PHILADELPHIA, GERMANTOWN, AND NORRISTOWN RAILROAD COMPANY will be held in Room No. 24, PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE, on THURSDAY, the 9th day of June next, at 12 o'clock M., for the consideration of an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to authorize the Philadelphia, Germantown, and Norristown Railroad Company to increase its Capital Stock," approved the 29th day of March, 1870.
By order of the Board of Managers.
5 2 16 9 A. E. DOUGHERTY, Secretary.

☞ NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, IN accordance with the provisions of the existing acts of Assembly, that a meeting of the commissioners named in an act entitled "An Act to Incorporate the PROTECTION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, to be located in the city of Philadelphia," approved the 13th day of April, A. D. 1859, and the supplement thereto, approved the 26th day of April, A. D. 1870, will be held at 1 o'clock P. M. on the 15th day of June, A. D. 1870, at No. 132 S. SEVENTH Street, Philadelphia, when the books for subscription to the capital stock will be opened and the other action taken requisite to complete the organization. 5 13 1m

☞ NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, IN accordance with the provisions of the existing acts of Assembly, that a meeting of the commissioners named in an act entitled "An Act to Incorporate the MOYAMENSING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, to be located in the city of Philadelphia," approved the 13th day of April, A. D. 1859, and the supplement thereto, approved the 26th day of April, A. D. 1870, will be held at 12 o'clock M. on the 15th day of June, 1870, at No. 132 S. SEVENTH Street, Philadelphia, when the books for subscription to the capital stock will be opened and the other action taken requisite to complete the organization. 5 13 1m

☞ NOTICE.
OFFICE OF CHES. AND OHIO CANAL, }
ANNAPOLIS, May 3, 1870. }
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held in ANNAPOLIS, on MONDAY, June 6, 1870, at 2 o'clock P. M.
BENJAMIN FAWCETT,
5 5 16 6 Secretary to Stockholders.

☞ OFFICE CATAWISSA RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 424 WALNUT Street.
PHILADELPHIA, May 6, 1870.
The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE AND A HALF PER CENT., on account of the dividends to be paid the preferred stockholders, payable on and after the 23d inst., to those persons in whose names the stock stands at the close of the transfer books
The transfer books of the preferred stock will be closed on the 14th and reopened on the 23d inst.
5 12 the 4t W. L. GILROY, Treasurer.

☞ OFFICE MAPLE SHADE OIL COMPANY, No. 524 WALNUT Street, April 28, 1870
The annual meeting of stockholders of this Company will be held at their office on THURSDAY, May 19, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, to elect a Board of five Directors and a Secretary and Treasurer to serve for the ensuing year. Transfer books to close 12th of May and reopen May 20.
HIRAM BROWER,
4 30 sw6t Secretary and Treasurer.

☞ MASONS, KNIGHTS, RED MEN, OR OTHER ORGANIZATIONS.
WILSON HALL
is now open for inspection to parties wishing to engage one or two of the handsomest rooms in Philadelphia, with chesnut and walnut finish throughout; frescoed walls and ceilings, and all conveniences. S. W. corner of GIRARD Avenue and CHARLOTTE Street, east of Fourth street Open *day* and *evening*. 5 13 2t

☞ MAMMOTH SLATE COMPANY.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Company will be held on SATURDAY, 21st instant, at 12 o'clock, at the Office of the Company, No. 437 CHESNUT Street. E. V. MACHETTE, President.
JOHN M. RILEY, Secretary. 5 7 sw4t

☞ ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, 17TH April, the SPRUCE AND PINE STREETS PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY will run their cars through from the Exchange to Fairmount Park for one fare. 4 15 1m

☞ TREGO'S TEABERRY TOOTHWASH.
It is the most pleasant, cheapest and best dentifrice extant. Warranted free from injurious ingredients.
It Preserves and Whitens the Teeth!
Invigorates and Soothes the Gums!
Purifies and Perfumes the Breath!
Prevents Accumulation of Tartar!
Cleanses and Purifies Artificial Teeth!
Is a Superior Article for Children!
Sold by all druggists and dentists.
A. M. WILSON, Druggist, Proprietor,
3 2 10m Cor. NINTH AND FILBERT Sts., Philadelphia.

☞ NO CURE, NO PAY.—FORREST'S JUNIPER TAR—For Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Spitting of Blood, and Lung Diseases. Immediate relief and positive cure, or price refunded. Sold by FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO., TENTH and MARKET, and A. M. WILSON, NINTH and FILBERT Streets. 4 2 stuth3t

☞ HEADQUARTERS FOR EXTRACTING Teeth with fresh Nitrous-Oxide Gas. Absolutely no pain. Dr. F. R. THOMAS, formerly operator at the Colton Dental Rooms, devotes his entire practice to the painless extraction of teeth. Office, No. 911 WALNUT Street. 1 26

☞ QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.
CAPITAL, $4,000,000.
SABINE, ALLEN & DULLES, Agents,
2 6 FIFTH and WALNUT Streets.

☞ WARDALE G. McALLISTER, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, No. 271 BROADWAY, New York.

FINANCIAL.

SEVEN PER CENT.
First Mortgage Bonds
OF THE
Danville, Hazleton, and Wilkesbarre Railroad Company,
At 82 and Accrued Interest
[TO BE ADVANCED TO 85, May 15],
Clear of all Taxes.
INTEREST PAYABLE APRIL AND OCTOBER.
Persons wishing to make investments are invited to examine the merits of these BONDS.
Pamphlets supplied and full information given by
Sterling & Wildman,
FINANCIAL AGENTS,
No. 110 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
4 12 tf PHILADELPHIA.
Government Bonds and other Securities taken in exchange for the above at best market rates.

WE OFFER FOR SALE
THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF THE
SOUTHERN PENNSYLVANIA IRON
AND
RAILROAD COMPANY.
These Bonds run THIRTY YEARS, and pay SEVEN PER CENT. interest in gold, clear of all taxes, payable at the First National Bank in Philadelphia.
The amount of Bonds issued is $625,000, and are secured by a First Mortgage on real estate, railroad, and franchises of the Company the former of which cost two hundred thousand dollars, which has been paid for from Stock subscriptions, and after the railroad is finished, so that the products of the mines can be brought to market, it is estimated to be worth $1,000,000.
The Railroad connects with the Cumberland Valley Railroad about four miles below Chambersburg, and runs through a section of the most fertile part of the Cumberland Valley.
We sell them at 92 and accrued interest from March 1.
For further particulars apply to
C. T. YERKES, Jr., & CO.,
BANKERS,
NO 2 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

JAY COOKE & CO.
PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, AND WASHINGTON,
BANKERS
AND
Dealers in Government Securities.
Special attention given to the Purchase and Sale of Bonds and Stocks on Commission, at the Board of Brokers in this and other cities.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
COLLECTIONS MADE ON ALL POINTS.
GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT AND SOLD.
RELIABLE RAILROAD BONDS FOR INVESTMENT.
Pamphlets and full information given at our office,
No. 114 S. THIRD Street,
PHILADELPHIA. [4 1 3m

ELLIOTT & DUNN,
BANKERS
No. 109 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
DEALERS IN ALL GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD BILLS, ETC.
DRAW BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND ISSUE COMMERCIAL LETTERS OF CREDIT ON THE UNION BANK OF LONDON.
ISSUE TRAVELLERS' LETTERS OF CREDIT ON LONDON AND PARIS, available throughout Europe.
Will collect all Coupons and Interest free of charge for parties making their financial arrangements with us. 4 26t

GLENDINNING, DAVIS & CO.,
No. 48 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
GLENDINNING, DAVIS & AMORY,
No. 2 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK,
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
Receive deposits subject to check, allow interest on standing and temporary balances, and execute orders promptly for the purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, in either city.
Direct telegraph communication from Philadelphia house to New York. 1 2

FOR SALE,
Williamsport City 6 Per Cent Bonds,
FREE OF ALL TAXES.
ALSO,
Philadelphia and Darby Railroad 7 Per Cent Bonds,
Coupons payable by the Chesnut and Walnut Streets Railway Company.
These Bonds will be sold at a price which will make them a very desirable investment.
P. S. PETERSON & CO.,
No. 39 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
1 26 PHILADELPHIA.

FINANCIAL.

Wilmington and Reading
RAILROAD
Seven Per Cent. Bonds.
FREE OF TAXES.
We are offering $200,000 of the Second Mortgage Bonds of this Company
AT 82½ AND ACCRUED INTEREST.
For the convenience of investors these Bonds are issued in denominations of
$1000s, $500s, and 100s.
The money is required for the purchase of additional Rolling Stock and the full equipment of the Road.
The receipts of the Company on the one-half of the Road now being operated from Coatesville to Wilmington are about TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS per month, which will be more than DOUBLED with the opening of the other half, over which the large Coal Trade of the Road must come.
Only SIX MILES are now required to complete the Road to Birdsboro, which will be finished by the middle of the month.
WM. PAINTER & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 36 South THIRD Street,
5 5 PHILADELPHIA.

LEHIGH CONVERTIBLE
6 Per Cent. First Mortgage Gold Loan,
Free from all Taxes.
We offer for sale $1,750,000 of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company's new First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds, free from all taxes, interest due March and September, at
NINETY (90)
And interest in currency added to date of purchase.
These bonds are of a mortgage loan of $2,000,000, dated October 6, 1869. They have twenty-five (25) years to run, and are convertible into stock at par until 1879. Principal and interest payable in gold.
They are secured by a first mortgage on 5600 acres of coal lands in the Wyoming Valley, near Wilkesbarre, at present producing at the rate of 200,000 tons of coal per annum, with works in progress which contemplate a large increase at an early period, and also upon valuable Real Estate in this city.
A sinking fund of ten cents per ton upon all coal taken from the mines for five years, and of fifteen cents per ton thereafter, is established, and The Fidelity Insurance, Trust and Safe Deposit Company, the Trustees under the mortgage, collect these sums and invest them in these Bonds, agreeably to the provisions of the Trust.
For full particulars, copies of the mortgage, etc., apply to
C. & H. BORIE,
W. H. NEWBOLD, SON & AERTSEN
JAY COOKE & CO.,
DREXEL & CO.,
E. W. CLARK & CO. 5 11 1m

SILVER
On hand and FOR SALE in amounts and sizes to SUIT.
DE HAVEN & BRO.,
No. 40 South THIRD Street.
6 11

B. K. JAMISON & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
P. F. KELLY & CO.,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN
Gold, Silver and Government Bonds
At Closest Market Rates,
N. W. Cor. THIRD and CHESNUT Sts.
Special attention given to COMMISSION ORDERS in New York and Philadelphia Stock Boards, etc. 365

SILVER
FOR SALE.
C. T. YERKES, Jr., & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 20 South THIRD Street,
4 26 PHILADELPHIA.

D. C. WHARTON SMITH & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 121 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Successors to Smith, Randolph & Co.
Every branch of the business will have prompt attention as heretofore.
Quotations of Stocks, Governments, and Gold constantly received from New York by private wire, from our friends, Edmund D Randolph & Co.

Edmund D. Randolph & Co.
(FORMERLY Smith, Randolph & Co., PHILA'A & N.Y.)
Bankers, 3 Nassau St. N. York.
Dealers in U. S. Bonds, Members of Stock and Gold Exchanges, issue Bills on London, Paris & Germany, and Letters of Credit, available throughout Europe.

ALEXANDER G. CATTELL & CO.
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
No. 26 NORTH WHARVES
AND
No. 27 NORTH WATER STREET,
PHILADELPHIA. 2 23
ALEXANDER CATTELL. ELIJAH CATTELL.

NEWS SUMMARY.

City Affairs.

—Yesterday morning, while laborers were digging out the cellar of Justice, Bateman & Co.'s wool warehouse, on Gothic street, below Second, a bank of earth caved in, burying Archibald Craig and Patrick Sheridan. By great efforts the men were soon extricated from their perilous situation, but Sheridan was much injured. He was removed to the hospital. Craig was taken to his home.

—Yesterday morning the pupils of Girard College started on an excursion to the Girard coal lands in Schuylkill county. About two hundred and twenty-five of the boys were allowed to participate. They were accompanied by Professor William Allen, William Welsh, President of the Board of City Trusts, and others. The party went as far as Girardville, and returned last evening at 9½ o'clock. The boys were highly pleased with their trip and the reception they met with along the route.

—The Grand Encampment of Pennsylvania will meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, North Sixth street, on Monday morning at 9 o'clock, and on Tuesday morning, at the same hour, the Grand Lodge will assemble at the same place. Representatives will be present from every portion of the State.

—Isaac Brimmer, a resident of Altoona, has been missing from the home of relatives in this city since Saturday last. He is about 26 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches in height; had black hair, black eyes, and black moustache, and was clad in a blue broadcloth coat, brown vest, and brown cloth pants striped at the sides.

—A match game of base ball was played yesterday between the Keystone and Intrepid Clubs of this city, at Seventeenth street and Columbia avenue. It resulted in favor of the Keystone by a score of 48 runs to 11.

—The body found in the Delaware at Arch street wharf has been identified as that of John Carroll, aged 23 years. He was employed as a clerk in a store on Passyunk road, above Catharine street.

—Yesterday Revenue Officer McCauley, of the Second district, and Assistant Assessors James L. Brown and William James, seized a distillery on Rye street, below Reed, in full operation. They destroyed a still and worm, three barrels of whisky, and four hogsheads of mash. Several men who were working in the place escaped through a side alley.

—A large and enthusiastic meeting of puddlers was held last evening at the James Page Library Company's Building, Girard avenue, near Shackamaxon street, for the purpose of taking some action in reference to the proposed reduction of wages by their employers.

Domestic Affairs.

—Gold closed yesterday at 114¾.

—It is probable that the national debt will be reduced by over fifteen millions this month.

—Scarcely any progress was made with the Tariff bill yesterday. It is looked upon as doomed.

—It appears that Fenians are mustering in various parts of Minnesota for a descent on the Red River Territory.

—A ship carrying stores and war material for the Red River expedition has been denied the passage of the Sault Ste. Marie.

—Mr. Charles O. Shephard, United States Consul at Yeddo, has not been assassinated, as reported, but the crime was attempted.

—There was a discussion in the House relative to leave of absence, and the Speaker took occasion to disabuse members of the idea that leave relieved them from forfeiture of pay.

—Mr. Sumner has introduced in the Senate a bill to secure equal rights to all citizens, which, he thinks, should it pass into a law, will leave nothing further to be done in the way of legislation on the subject.

—A bill was reported in the House yesterday, from the Naval Committee, to pay $190,000 to the officers and crew of the Kearsarge for the capture and destruction of the Alabama. Some opposition being manifested, it was withdrawn for remodelling.

Foreign Affairs.

—Outbreaks are again reported in Calabria.

—Japan's finances show a deficit of $12,500,000 for last year.

—Kossuth has protested against the Centralist tendencies of the present administration in Hungary.

DR. SCHOEPPE.

The Case Argued in the Supreme Court.

HARRISBURG, May 13.—Immediately upon the convening of the Supreme Court for the Middle District this morning, the case of Dr. Paul Schoeppe, convicted of murder in the Court of Cumberland county, came up on a writ of error under the recent act of Assembly allowing a review of evidence by the Supreme Court.

Mr. Miller, on behalf of the plaintiff in error, filed a motion for a reargument of the case.

Justice Agnew observed, during Mr. Miller's address, that the act of Assembly did not allow of the taking of new testimony.

Mr. Miller believed that the sense of the recent act was to take up all the evidence with the record, with such exceptions to the testimony as may bear upon the case.

Justice Agnew said that it was manifestly the duty of the Supreme Court to review the evidence in its bearing upon the guilt of the prisoner—in other words, it was from the evidence that the Court must pronounce whether or not the testimony should warrant a conviction; and it was impostant to have the evidence just as it was delivered.

Mr. Miller believed that Judge Graham had accurately taken down all the material points of the testimony.

Chief Justice Thompson said that when the act of the Legislature authorizing a review of evidence passed there was no case pending. This case was sent back on the 14th of February, and it was not until the 15th that the act was passed. It was now, he thought, impossible to open the judgment again.

Judge Sharswood thought perhaps this act of Assembly might bring up a bill of exceptions.

Chief Justice Thompson observed that there must and ought to be an end to every case. The question was *when* had this case closed, or was it still open?

The following pleadings were then filed by the counsel in this case:—

Schoeppe vs. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. In the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. No. 75, May term, 1870.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by her attorneys, C. E. Maglaughlin and W. J. Shearer, says that the plaintiff ought not to have or maintain his said writ of error in this court, because, that heretofore, to wit: on the fourteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord 1870, judgment was entered by this Honorable Court against the said Paul Schoeppe and in favor of the said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in a certain writ of error, taken in the identical cause and for the same alleged errors, for which the present writ of error has been sued out; which said judgment still remains in full effect and not in the least made void. And this the said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is ready to certify by the records of this court, wherefore the said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prays judgment, if the said plaintiff ought to have or maintain his said writ of error.

C. E. MAGLAUGHLIN,
WM. J. SHEARER,
Attorneys for defendant.

Replication filed (by Messrs. Miller and Hepburn, attorneys for plaintiff in error:—

And said Paul Schoeppe, etc., ought not to be precluded from being heard, because he says that although true that the indictment and judgment of the Court of Oyer and Terminer in this case was before this Honorable Court, and the said judgment was affirmed on the 14th day of February, 1870, as on a writ of error at common law (as *pro ut* the opinion of this Court on file), yet he avers that the proceedings, the bill of exceptions to the admission and rejection of evidence, and the exceptions to the charge of the Court, and the answers to the point taken by defendant, and sealed by said Court of Oyer and Terminer of Cumberland county, were never before this Court, nor has any judgment ever been rendered upon them by this Court.

And he further avers in this, his replication, that the Constitution of Pennsylvania, article 5, section 5th, declares that the party accused, as well as the Commonwealth, may, under such regulations as shall be prescribed by law, remove the indictment and *proceedings*, or a transcript thereof, into the Supreme Court.

And he further avers that at the time said judgment of affirmance was rendered by the Court on the indictment there was no "regulation prescribed by law by which the proceedings, or a transcript thereof" could be removed into this Court.

But so it is, that since that date, to wit: on the fifteenth day of February, 1870, the Legislature of Pennsylvania passed an act entitled "An act to allow writs of error in cases of murder and voluntary manslaughter."

To the end that the defendant, Paul Schoeppe, may have the benefit of this act of Assembly, he claims that this honorable Court shall now examine "the proceedings," the bills of exceptions to the admission and rejection of evidence, and the bills of exception to the charge of the Court and answers to the points taken by him, and sealed by the said Court of Oyer and Terminer, with a view to a correction of the same, if any exist. And this the said Paul Schoeppe prays may be inquired of by this honorable Court, and the plea of the said Commonwealth may be overruled.

And for a further replication the said Paul Schoeppe, by his attorney, says:—That although true it is that the indictment and judgment of the Court of Oyer and Terminer in this case was before this honorable court, and the said judgment is affirmed on the 14th day of February, 1870, as on a writ of error at common law, yet he avers that the proceedings, the bills of exception to the admission and rejection of evidence, and the exceptions to the charge of the Court, and the Court's answer to the points taken by the defendant and sealed by said Court of Oyer and Terminer of Cumberland county, nor has any judgment ever been rendered upon them by this court.

And he further avers in this, his replication, that the Constitution of Pennsylvania, article 5, section 5, declares, etc., as set forth in the first part of this replication.

And he further avers, that on the —— day of February, 1870, a bill intended by the Legislature to enable the defendant to bring the "proceedings," the bill of exceptions to the admission and rejection of evidence, to the charge of the Court, and the answers to the points in this very case, before the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania to be examined and corrected, if any errors existed, was passed by both houses of the Legislature, in the words set forth as an act of Assembly in the first part of this replication. That this bill was presented to the Governor on the —— day of February, 1870, who did not approve it, but returned it to the Senate with his objections, that immediately both the Senate and House of Representatives proceeded to reconsider said bill, and, after due consideration, they passed the same by two-thirds and over in both the Senate and House, by which it became a law. And the said defendant further saith that in pursuance of said law and under its provisions the bills of exception taken by the defendant, and sealed by the Court of Oyer and Terminer (never having been adjudicated), are now brought up on this writ of error, and that the full record is now before them to determine whether error has been committed therein; and this the defendant prays may be inquired after by this Honorable Court, and that the plea of said Commonwealth may be dismissed.

W. H. MILLER,
S. HEPBURN, Jr.,
Attorneys for plaintiff in error.

Demurrer.—The plaintiff in error ought not to have or maintain his writ of error, because the said Commonwealth says that the said act of Assembly, passed by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, did not become a law of the said Commonwealth until after the entry of the judgment by this honorable Court on the previous writ of error issued in this case: that this case was not then a pending case. Wherefore, judgment is prayed of the said Paul Schoeppe by his present writ of error in this case to have and maintain aught.

C. A. MAGLAUGHLIN,
WM. J. SHEARER,
Attorneys for defendant in error.

The Court held the matter under advisement, and ordered the cause to be heard during the week, commencing the fourth Monday of May (23), 1870, and ordered the Prothonotary to place it on the trial list for the week.

The court then adjourned till Monday at 10 o'clock.

The above pleadings are certified from the record of the court.

MARINE TELEGRAPH.

For additional Marine News see First Page.

ALMANAC FOR PHILADELPHIA—THIS DAY.

SUN RISES	4'44	MOON RISES	....
SUN SETS	7'09	HIGH WATER	0'39

PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE.

J. PRICE WETHERILL,
HENRY WINSOR,
GEORGE N. ALLEN, } COMMITTEE OF THE MONTH.

COMMITTEE ON ARBITRATION.

John O. James, Geo. L. Buzby, E. A. Souder,
Wm. W. Paul, Thomas L. Gillespie.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Wyoming, Teal, Savannah, Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Co.
Steamer Ann Eliza, Richards, New York, W.P.Clyde & Co.
Steamer Chester, Jones, New York, W. P. Clyde & Co.
Steamer W. Whilldin, Riggins, Baltimore, A. Groves, Jr.
Str Fannie, Fenton, New York, W. M. Baird & Co.
Str Tacony, Nichols, New York, W. M. Baird & Co.
Br. brig Manlius, Dussant, Havana, Warren & Gregg.
Brig Castilian, Lang, Salem, do.
Tug Thos. Jefferson, Allen, Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tug Hudson, Nicholson, Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tug Chesapeake, Merrihew, Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tug Fairy Queen, Wilson, Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer C. Comstock, Drake, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. M. Baird & Co.
Steamer Novelty, Shaw, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. M. Baird & Co.
Steamer S. C. Walker, Sherin, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. M. Baird & Co.
Steamer A. C. Stimers, Lenny, from New York, with mdse. to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Steamer Mayflower, Fultz, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Nor. bark Infatigable, Falck, 42 days from London, with mdse. to order—vessel to L. Westergaard & Co.
Bark Wm. E. Anderson, Drummond, 63 days from Messina, with fruit to Paul Pohl.
Schr H. B. McCauley, Vickers, 6 days from Cardenas, with sugar to John Mason & Co.
Schr D. Babcock, Colcord, 7 days from Matanzas, with molasses to E. C. Knight & Co.—vessel to Souder & Adams.
Schr Jessie S. Clark, Clark, 5 days from Charleston, S. C., with phosphate rock to Watson & Clark—vessel to Chas. Haslam & Co.
Schr M. C. Burnite, Durborow, 1 day from Camden, Del., with grain to Jas. L. Bewley & Co.
Schr Mary C., Sipple, 1 day from Milford, Del., with grain to Jas. L. Bewley & Co.
Schr Chief, West, 1 day from Indian river, Del., with grain to Jas. L. Bewley & Co.
Tug Thos. Jefferson, Allen, from Baltimore, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tug Chesapeake, Merrihew, from Baltimore, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tug Fairy Queen, Wilson, from Havre-de-Grace, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.

BELOW.

Mr. Jeremiah Schellenger reports having passed in the bay yesterday, coming up, ship Hudson, from Baltimore, and brig James Baker, from Cardenas.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

HAVRE-DE-GRACE, May 14.—The following boats left this morning in tow:—

Opotholoic and Charlie and Rollie, with lumber, for Trenton, N. J.
Chas. Kreamer, C. E. Clymer, Nelly and Johnny, and Clipper, with lumber to Taylor & Betts.
C. M. Blanchard, with lumber to Craig & Blanchard.
Renova, with lumber to Watson, Malone & Son.
Beilah, with lumber to McIlvain & Bush.
J. & W. S. Lesher, with lumber, for New York.
Pennsylvania Coal Co. Nos. 1 and 13, and Wyoming Co. No. 11, with anthracite coal for Wilmington, Del.
John Haldeman, with lime, for Bohemia.

Correspondence of The Evening Telegraph.

EASTON & McMAHON'S BULLETIN.

NEW YORK OFFICE, May 13.—Six barges leave in tow to-night, for Baltimore, light.

G. C. Gere, with empty barrels, for Philadelphia.
J. A. Covill, with grain, for Philadelphia.

BALTIMORE BRANCH OFFICE, May 13.—The following barges leave in tow to-night, eastward:—

Rose Ann, N. W. Finch, Sunshine, A. O. Buck, W. H. Talmage, Gov. Jones, and Cascadilla, all with coal for New York.
Wm. Norman, with coal, for Rahway, N. J.

L. S. C.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Aurora, Utley, hence for Havre, went to sea 12th inst.
Ship Hudson, Anthony, from Baltimore for Philadelphia, to load for Europe, passed Fortress Monroe 12th instant.
Ship Abby Ryerson, Dennis, for Philadelphia, cleared at New York 12th inst.
Steamship Prometheus, Gray, for Philadelphia, sailed from Charleston yesterday.
Steamship Pioneer, Wakeley, for Philadelphia, sailed from Wilmington, N. C., yesterday.
Steamship Saxon, Sears, hence, at Boston 13th inst.
Steamship Norfolk, Platt, for Philadelphia, sailed from Richmond A. M. 12th inst.
Steamship Centipede, Doughty, hence, at Savannah 10th inst.
Bark Gratta, Wallace, at Boston 12th inst. from Sagua 29th ult.—was reported bound to Philadelphia.
Bark George F. Jenkins, Corning, from London via Falmouth 3d ult., for Philadelphia, was spoken 10th inst. long. 69, by a New York pilot boat.
Brig Velocity, Darrell, hence for Sagua, was seen 10th inst., lat. 38 25, long. 74 30.
Schrs J. H. Marvil, Quillen, and A. M. Edwards, Henson, hence, at Richmond 11th inst.
Schr E. L. Porter, Sparks, hence for Boston, at Holmes' Hole P. M. 10th inst.
Schr Wellington, Barber, hence, at Bangor 10th inst., to load for Newark.
Schrs Benj. Strong, Brown, from Providence, and Henry Parker, Parker, from Bridgeport, both for Philadelphia, at New York 12th inst.
Schr Ney, Chase, at Newport 11th inst. from Fall River, to load fish for Philadelphia.
Schr Cohasset, Gibbs, from New Bedford for Philadelphia, was in Dutch Island Harbor 10th inst.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

The Sea Buoy, Pumpkin Hill Channel, entrance to Charleston Harbor, has been moved, and is now in range with beacons on Morris Island. Bears from Rattlesnake Lightship southwest three-quarters west, in five fathoms water.

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 21, dated February 18, 1870, in which the depth of water on the bar of Richibucto river, Gulf of St. Lawrence, is stated to be 11 feet, the local pilotage authorities have more recently made public the following, viz.: that during the last season vessels drawing from 14 to 15 feet water, and in a few cases more, passed over the bar in safety at spring tides.

Mariners are hereby informed that the information given was the depth at low water spring tides, to which level all soundings are reduced; and as the tidal range at springs is 4 feet, the depths on the bar at high water are thus confirmed.

The local pilotage authorities further state, in reference to the removal of beacons, that the buoys and landmarks are always taken up at the close of navigation, to prevent their being injured by the ice, and again put down in their proper places early in the spring, before the arrival of any vessels, and that there is no necessity for the continuance of the North beacon, as the lighthouse on Richibucto head serves the same purpose, and with much greater certainty.

They also state that the bar channel, instead of filling up, is gradually becoming deeper, with every prospect of continuing to do so.

By order. W. B. SHUBRICK, Chairman,
Treasury Department, Office Lighthouse Board,
Washington, D. C., April 25, 1870.

THE FINE ARTS.

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FOR SALE.—VERY DESIRABLE COUNTRY SEAT AT HOLMESBURG, PA., containing 8½ acres, 5 of which are handsomely laid out in lawn and garden, and 3½ acres in pasture, that can be cut up into building lots.
The whole property fronts on the road leading to the Railroad Station, which is distant only five minutes' walk.
House 40 by 40 feet, three stories high, piazza on three sides, back kitchen; all with all the modern conveniences.
Stone stable and carriage-house, 30 by 36 feet; stable-yard and chicken-house; convenient to the schools, churches, and stores; communication almost hourly. For price and terms, which will be accommodating, apply to No. 23 North WATER Street. 5 10 tuths6t

FOR SALE—PREMISES NO. 3622 BRIDGE Street, Mantua, via Vine street cars; all the conveniences; immediate possession; terms reasonable. 5 10 6t*

GERMANTOWN—FOR SALE, A Modern Villa, 14 rooms. Near Depot. Terms easy.
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COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM FOR SALE.—50 or 100 acres, Bristol Pike, above seven mile stone, and near Tacony Station. Mansion House and Dwellings to let. Apply on the premises or to R. WHITAKER,
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TO RENT, FURNISHED—A DESIRABLE MEDIUM-SIZED HOUSE; central location; modern conveniences.
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Apply to SCOTT & DAY,
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Garden Vases, classical designs.
Garden Vases at all prices.
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NOTICE—INTERNAL REVENUE SALE.—The undersigned will sell at Public Sale, on THURSDAY, May 19, 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M., at No. 215 N. SECOND Street, the following Distillery Apparatus and Appurtenances, viz.:—
One Steam Engine and Boiler, Mash Tubs, Pumps, Meters, etc.
The said articles are seized and distrained upon for non-payment of taxes, etc., due United States Internal Revenue. JAMES N. KERNS,
5 9 10t Deputy Collector First District.

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KEYSTONE DISTILLERY,
NORTHWEST CORNER OF
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All the leading medical authorities recognize the value of diffusive stimulants. Numerous eminent physicians and surgeons might be named who have advocated their employment in the treatment of a large class of disorders. No Dispensary is considered complete without them. They are prescribed in all public and private Hospitals, and administered by all bedside practitioners.
But the difficulty has been to obtain
Alcoholic Liquors Pure.
The pungent aroma of the fusel oil and biting acids present in all of them can be scented as the glass is raised to the lips. The nauseous flavor of these active poisons is perceptible to the palate, and a burning sensation in the stomach attests their existence when the noxious draught has gone down. Paralysis, idiocy, insanity and death are the pernicious fruits of such potations.
Medical science asks for a pure stimulant to use as a specific, which while it diffuses itself through the system more rapidly than any other known agent, is brought into direct and active contact with the seat of disease. It is the property of the stimulant to diffuse, and by the aid of its peculiar nutritious component parts to invigorate, regulate, counteract and restore, and it is by the happy union of the principle of activity with the principles of invigoration and restoration that enables a
PURE WHISKY
To accomplish beneficial results.
Having great experience in the distilling of Whiskies, and the largest and best equipped establishment of its kind in the country, supplied with the latest improvements in apparatus for cleansing Whisky of fusel oil and other impurities, and by strict personal supervision, the proprietors of
Keystone Wheat Whisky
Are enabled to offer a
Pure Whisky
Distilled from WHEAT, and, being made from the grain possesses all its
Nutritious Qualities,
and can be relied upon to be strictly as represented having been examined thoroughly by the leading analytical chemists of this city, whose certificates of its purity and fitness for medical purposes are appended.
We invite examination, and any who would convince themselves we ask a rigid analysis.
T. J. MARTIN & CO.
N. B.—Notice that the caps and corks are branded with our name to prevent counterfeiting.
For sale by all respectable Druggists.
Price per bottle, $1 50.
Orders sent to No. 150 N. FRONT Street will receive prompt attention.

CHEMICAL LABORATORY, Nos. 108 and 112 Arch st.
PHILADELPHIA, March 19, 1870.
Messrs. T. J. Martin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.:—
Gentlemen:—I have made a careful examination of the Keystone Pure Wheat Whisky, and found it to be a perfectly pure article, and entirely free from fusel oil and other injurious substances. Its purity, and its pleasant and agreeable flavor, render it particularly valuable for medicinal purposes.
Yours truly, F. A. GENTH

CHEMICAL LABORATORY, No. 138 Walnut street.
PHILADELPHIA, March 17, 1870.
Messrs. T. J. Martin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.:—
Gentlemen:—The sample of Keystone Pure Wheat Whisky, submitted to me for analysis, I find to be *pure*, and, as such, I highly recommend it for medicinal purposes.
Respectfully, etc., WM. H BRUCKNER,
Analyt. and Consult. Chemist.

CHEMICAL LABORATORY, No. 417 Walnut street,
PHILADELPHIA, April 5, 1870.
Messrs. T. J. Martin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.:—
Gentlemen:—I have made an analysis of the sample of Keystone Pure Wheat Whisky, sent by you for examination, and find it entirely free from fusel oil or any other deleterious matters, and I consider it applicable to any use for which *pure* whisky may be desired.
Respectfully, CHAS. M. CRESSON.
Sold Wholesale by FRENCH, RICHARDS & Co., N. W. corner TENTH and MARKET Sts.

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No. 126 Walnut and 21 Granite Sts.,
IMPORTERS OF
Brandies, Wines, Gin, Olive Oil, Etc.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES,
IN BOND AND TAX PAID. 5 28 2p5

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POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT OF THE SUCCESSFUL SEASON OF
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MRS. JAMES A. OATES
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MR. M. W. FISKE
in three of his great specialties,
THREE GREAT PIECES,
SNOW DROP, NAN THE GOOD-FOR-NOTHING
RICHARD THIRD ON HORSBACK.
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JAMES PILGRIM.....Acting and Stage Manager
GRAND OPENING NIGHT
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MONDAY EVENING, May 16,
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FULL BURLESQUE COMPANY
GREAT MORLACCHI BALLET TROUPE.
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Seven Great Comedians, under the direction of the renowned Comedians and Philadelphia Favorites,
LEW SIMMONS and E. N. SLOCUM.
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WALTER BRAY, EPH HORN, Etc. Etc.
Price of admission as usual. 5 12 3t

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LAST NIGHT OF
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS.
Commencing with the Domestic Drama of
ALL-HALLOW EVE; OR, SNAP-APPLE NIGHT.
After which the laughable Protean Farce of
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Concluding with the screaming Farce,
THE IRISH TIGER.
NO MATINEE THIS AFTERNOON.
NOT GUILTY
will be produced, with all its original effects,
On MONDAY EVENING, May 16.

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FRITZ—THE LAST SENSATION.
THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at 2,
SECOND FRITZ MATINEE,
J. K. EMMETT
as FRITZ, with Songs, Dances, etc.
TO-NIGHT (Saturday), at 8 o'clock,
Fourteenth Time of Charles Gayler's Drama,
FRITZ, OUR COUSIN GERMAN.
JOSEPH K. EMMETT AS FRITZ.
Seats secured six days in advance.

120 EXHIBITIONS HAVE BEEN GIVEN of the PILGRIM in Concert Hall. It is now more popular than ever. 1t

FOX'S AMERICAN THEATRE,
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MONDAY EVENING, May 9, and DURING WEEK,
NEW COMIC TRICK PANTOMIME; the celebrated clown, Mr. FELIX CARLO; the N

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SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1870.

THE WOMAN'S RIGHTS QUESTION.

New illustrations of the inhumanity of man to woman, which "makes countless millions mourn," are still furnished. The most touching case recently reported appertains to the cruel selfishness of the Kanaks, a tribe of barbarians who deserve the severest denunciations of gentle Annie. Revelling in the delights of cannibalism themselves, a veracious correspondent of the London *News* affirms that they wickedly refuse to permit their wives, mothers, daughters, and sisters to partake of these luxurious repasts, and he instances a late banquet at which a cooked French soldier formed the *piece de resistance*, as an irresistible proof of their selfish injustice. This atrocious action of the Kanaks should receive the instant attention of the missionary branch of the Woman Rightists Association. Whether the barbarians learn now or never to forego cannibalism is a matter of subordinate importance, but their denial to womankind of an equal share of their dainties is too heinous an offense to be tolerated in this enlightened age.

The British House of Commons, too, has been behaving badly, and it deserves a good sound lecture. After raising bright hopes that merry England was about to grant the ballot to her old maids and lone widows, and after passing to a second reading by a large majority and great cheering an enactment which bestowed these privileges, the House cruelly resolved, on the 12th instant, by a still larger majority, and still louder cheering, to postpone the consideration of this bill for six months, thus virtually killing it. This atrocious trifling with the tender susceptibilities of the fair sex deserves the severest rebuke that the *Revolution* can give. We know that this is saying a good deal, but not more than the offense warrants, for we cannot imagine how the truckling, time-serving, changeable, inconsistent, and tyrannical M. P.'s will ever dare to look into the resolute face of a determined woman rightist after the perpetration of this last deed of treachery.

The only possible consolation or offset to these outrages which has been recently furnished is an English decision to the effect that if women can not be men in outward appearance and action, never can men don the attire and assume the attitudes of womankind without incurring legal punishment. Two young Englishmen, one of whom ranked as a gentleman and the other as a law student, have recently been arraying themselves in all the glory of flaxen wigs, plaited chignons, crimson silks, lace shawls, panniers, and bracelets; but despite their protests that this disguise was assumed only as "a lark," and the absence of evidence that any serious offense had been committed, they were remanded to prison, bail being refused. So, in the absence of other comfort, the English woman rightists may console themselves for the moment by this stern denial to mankind of the privilege of invading their sphere.

ANOTHER NEW STATE.

It is stated that the House Committee on Territories will soon report an enabling act preparatory to the admission of New Mexico. Heretofore a majority of her inhabitants have been decidedly averse or profoundly indifferent to the change which is so eagerly desired by more progressive sections. Aside from the Indians, the bulk of the population is made up of Mexicans, who are slow in learning the language and the social and political customs which pervade other portions of the United States. But they are now said to be animated by a disposition to strengthen the bonds by which they are connected with the Union, and as there has been a steady although rather slow infusion of the American element among them during the last twenty years, they are waking up to an appreciation of the advantages of full-fledged citizenship. Their right to enjoy the elective franchise was secured by the treaty with Mexico long before the adoption of the fifteenth amendment, despite their swarthy complexion, and their capacity to exercise it intelligently has been materially improved by a severe training in exciting Territorial elections. Heretofore the New Mexicans, content with their deprivation of votes in the Electoral College and with a lack of representation in the United States Senate, have been scarcely deemed worthy of a bid from the most industrious of Presidential aspirants, but now that they propose to claim all the honors and powers of their political inheritance, they will be looked after, more especially as their thorough incorporation into the body politic may be followed, at no distant period, by the annexation of a few millions, more or less, of their old compatriots who are still revelling in the staple Mexican delight of incessant revolutions. Up to this time New Mexico has proved a comparatively useless as well as an expensive acquisition, on account of the continuous troubles with the Indians and the prevailing lack of enterprise and industry, but the announcement of the discovery of rich mineral deposits promises to affect a decided change. As a State let us hope that she will do better, and that after she fairly gets out of her old Aztec ruts she will prove a worthy member of the American sisterhood.

We regret to see that the Committee on Elections has agreed to report resolutions recommending the payment of considerable sums of money to unsuccessful contestants for seats in Congress from Louisiana. No man should be paid a penny who has not a plausible *prima facie* case, or who cannot muster sufficient evidence to prove that he had good grounds for the belief that his claim to membership was just. Baffled and badly-beaten politicians have no right to quarter themselves on the public treasury.

OBITUARY.

Justo Jose de Urquiza.

A cable telegram from Lisbon announces the assassination of Justo Jose de Urquiza, the ex-President of the Argentine Confederation. He was born about the year 1800, in the State of Entre Rios, and was of mixed Spanish and Indian blood. During the war in La Plata he sided with the party of Rosas, and was promoted to the rank of a general of division. He was placed in command of the Argentine army which Rosas sent against Uraguay in 1840 to revenge the expulsion of his friend Oribe by Rivera. Urquiza achieved a complete victory over Riveros in the battle of India Muerte on the 28th of March, 1845, and for this and other important military services was rewarded with the governorship of Entre Rios. In 1851 Rosas pretended to lay down the supreme power, and Urquiza immediately advanced his claims to succeed him. Rosas, however, resisted his pretensions, and a civil war ensued, in which Urquiza obtained the assistance of Uruguay, Paraguay, and Brazil, and crossed the Parana in January, 1852, with an army of 30,000 men. The Argentine army was routed on the 3d of February at Monte Caseros, and Urquiza proclaimed himself Provisional Dictator of the Argentine republic. A new Congress was called by him to settle the affairs of the country in a definite manner, but before it met disturbances occurred in Buenos Ayres which demanded his attention, and he commenced to besiege the city of Buenos Ayres. The defense was conducted with great vigor, however, and Urquiza was finally compelled to retire.

In March, 1854, he was elected President of the Argentine Confederation for six years, and he commenced his administration by instituting numerous reforms and by re-establishing commerce and navigation. The rivers Parana, Paraguay, and Plata he declared free to foreign powers, and in many other ways endeavored to advance the interests of civilization and enlightenment. In 1859 he mediated between the United States and the republic of Paraguay on the occasion of the La Plata naval expedition, and about the close of the same year he succeeded in bringing Buenos Ayres back into the confederation. In 1860 he was succeeded in the Presidency by Dr. Santiago Derqui, under whom he was appointed honorary commander of the army and navy. Since then he has taken little part in public affairs.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ SUNDAY-SCHOOL TEACHERS' INSTITUTE, under the direction of the PENNSYLVANIA STATE SABBATH-SCHOOL ASSOCIATION, in the TABERNACLE BAPTIST Church, CHESNUT Street, west of Eighteenth, MONDAY EVENING, May 16, 1870, commencing at 7¾ o'clock. "The Missionary Work of the Sunday School," Nelson Kingsbury, Esq. Discussion on the same subject, to be opened by Rev. David Spencer, Abraham Martin, Esq., and John Wanamaker, Esq., followed by the audience in five-minute addresses. 5 14 2t*

☞ A UNION PRAYER MEETING WILL be held in the FIRST PRESBYTERIAN Church, WASHINGTON Square, on WEDNESDAY EVENING next, 18th inst. at 8 o'clock, preparatory to the meeting of the General Assembly, at which it is expected that a number of the foreign delegates and many of the commissioners will be present.

Pastors are requested to give notice next Sabbath of this meeting. *

☞ A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION of the P. E. Church in Philadelphia will be held on MONDAY EVENING next, May 16, at 8 o'clock, in the Lecture-Room of ST. PHILIP'S Church, VINE St., below Eighth. The subject—"How can the Sunday-School be made Attractive Without a Loss of Spiritual Power?" will be discussed by Rev. J. BLAKE FAULKNER, Rev. PERCY BROWNE and others. 5 14 2t

☞ CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, N. E. corner FRANKLIN and THOMPSON Streets. Services at 10½ A. M. Preaching by Rev. R. H. ALLEN, D. D., and Administration of the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper. At 8 P. M. sermon by the Pastor, Rev. JAMES T. MITCHELL, subject—"Our Work." Sabbath School at 2½ P. M. *

☞ CALVARY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, LOCUST Street, above Fifteenth, Rev. Dr. HUMPHREY, Pastor. Anniversary Sunday. Sermon by the pastor to-morrow morning. The anniversary exercises of the Sunday School at 2½ P. M., at which addresses may be expected from Rev A. A. WILLITS, D. D., and the pastor. No evening services. *

☞ REV. C. WADSWORTH, D.D., PASTOR, will preach To-morrow in the THIRD REFORMED CHURCH, TENTH and FILBERT Streets. Services at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 8 o'clock P. M. *

☞ ALEXANDER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, NINETEENTH and GREEN Streets, Rev. GEORGE F. CAIN, Pastor.—Services to-morrow at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 8 o'clock P. M. *

☞ TABERNACLE BAPTIST CHURCH, Chesnut street, west of Eighteenth street. REV. GEORGE A. PELTZ will preach to-morrow Morning and Evening. Services commence at 10½ and 7½ o'clock.

☞ LUTHERBAUM ENGLISH LUTHERAN CHURCH, TWELFTH and OXFORD Streets, Rev. NOAH M. PRICE, Pastor, 10½. A text people don't like. Services, 7½. Pews free.

☞ CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, EIGHTH and CHERRY Streets.—Rev. A. REED, D. D., Pastor, will preach to-morrow (Sabbath) morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the evening at 8 o'clock. *

☞ ST. CLEMENT'S CHURCH, TWENTIETH and CHERRY Streets.—Service (choral) and sermon to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. The seats at this service will be free.

☞ TRINITY M. E. CHURCH, EIGHTH Street, above Race.—The Rev. H. A. CLEVELAND will preach to-morrow morning at 10½ and 7¾ P. M. The public are invited. *

☞ ARCH STREET M. E. CHURCH, BROAD Street, below Arch.—Preaching Sunday at 10½ A. M., by Rev. JAMES NEILL, and at 7¾ P. M. by Rev. C. H. PAYNE. Strangers invited. *

☞ REV. A. A. WILLITS, D. D., WILL preach in the WEST ARCH STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, To-morrow at 10½ A. M., and Rev. GEORGE MUSGRAVE, D. D. at 8 P. M. *

☞ "PUBLIC CALAMITIES—WHAT DO They Mean?"—DR. STORK, in ST. ANDREW'S, N. E. Corner BROAD and ARCH, Sabbath morning at 10½. *

☞ REV. WILLIAM S. OWENS, NORTH U. P. CHURCH, MASTER Street, above Fifteenth, at 10½ A. M. and 7¾ P. M. *

☞ SERMON BEFORE GREAT WESTERN Division, Sons of Temperance, to-morrow evening, in the WESTERN M. E. Church, TWENTIETH Street below Walnut, by Rev. J. S. COOK, Pastor. Morning service by the pastor also. *

☞ NORTH TENTH STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, below Girard avenue.—Rev. M. NEWKIRK, Pastor, at 10½ o'clock A. M. Anniversary of the Sabbath Schools at 3 o'clock P. M., when addresses will be made by prominent speakers. No evening service. *

☞ ST. MARK'S CHURCH, LOCUST Street, above Sixteenth.—In addition to the regular services, a choral service on Monday evening at 7½ o'clock. At this service *all the seats will be free*. Strangers specially invited. *

☞ BETH-EDEN BAPTIST CHURCH, BROAD and SPRUCE Streets.—Rev. J. WHEATON SMITH, D. D., will preach Sunday morning and evening. The children of the Southern Home of this city will sing in the evening, with other services in celebration of their anniversary. *

☞ CLINTON STREET CHURCH, TENTH Street, below Spruce.—Rev. SAMUEL MILLER HAGEMAN, of Princeton, To-morrow at 10½ A. M., and Rev. A. A. WILLITS, of West Arch St. Church at 8 P. M. All persons cordially invited. *

☞ NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, SIXTH Street, above Green.—Service to-morrow (Sabbath) morning at 10½ o'clock and evening at 8 o'clock by the Pastor-elect, Rev. B. L. AGNEW. Strangers welcome. *

☞ FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, WASHINGTON SQUARE.—Rev. HERRICK JOHNSON, D. D., Pastor, will preach To-morrow at 10½ A. M.

The Anniversary of the Sabbath-Schools will be held at 4 P. M. Addresses by the Pastor and General E. M. GREGORY. No evening services. *

☞ PENN SQUARE PRESBYTERIAN Church, BROAD Street, above Chesnut, Rev. HENRY C. McCOOK, Pastor, will preach to-morrow, at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M. §

☞ SPIRITUALISM.—THOMAS GALES FORSTER will lecture at Harmonial Hall, ELEVENTH and WOOD Streets, on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 8 P. M. Lyceum at 2½ P. M. *

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the CLARION RIVER AND SPRING CREEK OIL COMPANY will be held at HORTICULTURAL HALL, BROAD Street, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 25th inst at 8 o'clock. 5 12 12t

SPECIAL NOTICES.

For additional Special Notices see the Inside Pages.

☞ PARTY COLORS.

LIGHT KID GLOVES

FOR GENTLEMEN.

A FRESH AND MOST BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT AT

WANAMAKER'S,

Nos. 818 and 820 CHESNUT Street.

CLOTHING FOR BOYS.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Nos. 818 and 820 CHESNUT Street.

OUR READY-MADE CLOTHING

is as fine as

CUSTOM WORK.

ELEGANT SPRING GOODS

OF

UNEQUALLED STYLISHNESS AND BEAUTY.

☞ HARPER'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Dye is the best in the world. It is harmless and reliable. Contains no sulphur, no sugar of lead, and is entirely free from all the poisonous and health-destroying drugs used in other Hair Dyes.

HARPER'S HAIR DYE

will give white, gray, red, or frosty hair or whiskers a beautiful natural BLACK or BROWN color as soon as it is applied.

There is no better Hair Dye in the world for your hair, whiskers, or moustache than

HARPER'S HAIR DYE.

We want Agents in every part of the country to sell this Dye. They can make money by it. It is cheaper and better than any other Hair Dye in the market.

The price of HARPER'S HAIR DYE is only

50 CENTS PER BOX,

OR SIX BOXES FOR $2 50.

We will send one dozen boxes by Express to any Druggist or Storekeeper in the United States who will remit us $24. *And we will warrant it to give satisfaction, or will return the money.*

Dealers who would like to act as Agents will please write us. We have other *money-making* articles, which would prove profitable for them to introduce to their customers.

Address all orders to

T. R. GALLENDER & CO.,
Corner of THIRD and WALNUT Streets,
Philadelphia, Pa.

ESTABLISHED IN OCTOBER, 1848. 1t

☞ STEINWAY & SONS'

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS.

CHARLES BLASIUS,

SOLE AGENT FOR THE SALE OF THE

WORLD-RENOWNED PIANOS,

AT THE OLD WAREROOMS,

No. 1006 CHESNUT STREET.

(Agent for Steinway & Sons since 1856.) [4 15tf4p

☞ PIANOS! PIANOS!! PIANOS!!!

Preparatory to tearing out and enlarging his rooms,

100 PIANOS,

new and old, will be sold astonishingly low for one month.

J. E. GOULD,

No. 923 CHESNUT Street.

STECK & CO.'S, HAINES BROS.,' and other PIANOS

ONLY AT GOULD'S.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS

world-renowned,

ONLY AT GOULD'S. 55 thstu 2mrp

☞ THE SECOND ANNIVERSARY OF THE PENNSYLVANIA INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR BLIND WOMEN will be held at the CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN Church, corner of EIGHTH and CHERRY Streets, on MONDAY EVENING, May 16, at ¼ before 8 o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by Revs. Drs. HENSON, BREED, REED, and others. The public are cordially invited to attend. Music by the Orchestra of the Blind Institution. 5 14 2t

☞ THE ACADEMY OF FINE ARTS having been injured by the recent storm, the Exhibition of the Life-sized Painting of SHERIDAN'S RIDE is postponed for a few days. 10

☞ TEACHERS AND PARENTS, BUY your tickets for the PILGRIM. Present to your friends. 1t

☞ C. SAUNDERS' COLLEGE, W. PHILA.—Lectures, MONDAY EVENINGS. 4 25 1m4p*

SEWING MACHINES.

THE

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE,

For Sale on Easy Terms.

NO. 914 CHESNUT STREET.

4 mwsf PHILADELPHIA.

CLOTHING.

COACHMEN'S COATS.

OF FINE Blue, Brown, or Grey Cloth.

AMPLE for protection, indispensable for comfort

CUT with reference to comfort, as well as beauty.

HANDSOMELY trimmed and finished in fine style.

MADE to order at short notice, or ready, and on hand.

ELEGANT assortment for the driver on the box.

NONE SO GOOD or so cheap as at ROCKHILL & WILSON'S.

SPRING Style of Coachmen's Coats now ready.

COATS FOR THE COACHMEN.

OPPORTUNITY now for great Spring Bargains.

BUNDANCE of every description of new style.

TRY OUR TEN DOLLAR SUITS !!!!!!!!!!

STOCK all reduced in price to suit everybody.

ROCKHILL & WILSON

GREAT BROWN HALL.

603 and 605 CHESNUT STREET.

WESTON & BROTHER,

TAILORS,

S W. Corner NINTH and ARCH Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

A full assortment of the most approved styles for

SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR,

NOW IN STORE.

A SUPERIOR GARMENT AT A REASONABLE PRICE. 3mrp

J. F. & E. B. ORNE,

No. 904 CHESNUT Street,

NOW OPENING

500 PIECES JOHN CROSSLEY & SONS'

BEST ENGLISH TAPESTRY BRUSSELS

CARPETS AT $1'50 PER YARD.

EYRE & LANDELL,

FOURTH AND ARCH STREETS,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

FINE DRY GOODS.

FRENCH PAPER HANGINGS

HOWELL, FINN & CO.,

S. W. Corner Ninth and Chesnut Streets,

Having made special arrangements with leading French manufacturers for the exclusive sale of their goods in the United States, we are now receiving Cretonne Papers, with the Furniture Covering to match; Imitations of Stamp Leathers, Gobelins, Tapestries, Brocades, etc., together with a large variety of low-priced French Papers—all personal selections by one of our firm at the manufactories in Paris. And we shall be in receipt of all that is new in design and pattern as they are brought out in France.

We give particular attention to our

RETAIL DEPARTMENT,

And send our Paper Hangers to any part of the country. 5 14stuth4t

HOWELL, FINN & CO.

FINANCIAL.

FIRST MORTGAGE 7 PER CENT.

GOLD BONDS

OF THE

Central Railroad of Iowa,

At 95, Free from Tax.

The amount of Bonds to be issued is but $16,000 per mile, or less than four millions in all.

The recent advance in Governments offers a large inducement to investors to make an immediate exchange for these Bonds.

Pamphlets, Maps, and full information may be had of the Company's advertised agents.

W. B. SHATTUCK, Treasurer.

After a full examination, we have accepted an Agency for the sale of the above First Mortgage Bonds, and desire to recommend them to our customers AS A THOROUGHLY SAFE AS WELL AS PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

We have no hesitation in saying that, in our opinion, the CENTRAL RAILROAD OF IOWA will be one of the most important and valuable roads in the West.

Jay Cooke & Co.,
E. W. Clark & Co.,
Bowen & Fox,
B. K. Jamison & Co.

5 3 tuths6trp

DREXEL & CO.

No. 34 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

American and Foreign

BANKERS,

ISSUE DRAFTS AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT available on presentation in any part of Europe.

Travellers can make all their financial arrangements through us, and we will collect their interest and dividends without charge.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO., DREXEL, HARJES & CO.

New York. Paris. [31

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

DANIEL M. FOX & SON,

Conveyancers and Real Estate Agents,

No. 540 N. FIFTH ST., Philadelphia.

Principal Agency for Cottages and Lots at CAPE MAY and ATLANTIC CITY. 4 14 2m4p

FRED. SYLVESTER.

REAL ESTATE BROKER,

No. 208 South FOURTH Street,

3 8 frp PHILADELPHIA.

COLONNADE HOTEL,

FIFTEENTH AND CHESNUT STS.,

ENTIRELY NEW AND HANDSOMELY FURNISHED is now ready for permanent or transient guests

FOR SALE—THE HANDSOME THREE-story Residence No. 234 Franklin street, opposite the Square. Apply to WM. ROSSELL ALLEN, No. 231 WALNUT Street. 5 14 3t*

DRY GOODS.

THE METTERNICH,

CZARINA, and

BEDOUIN MANTLES,

At $5'00.

EDWIN HALL & CO.,

No. 28 South SECOND Street,

WILL OPEN THIS DAY

A Large Assortment of these Desirable Garments at

$5'00.

ALSO,

Lace Points,

Lace Sacques,

WITH A FULL ASSORTMENT OF [5 14 2t4p

SPRING SHAWLS.

LADIES' SUITS.

WILL BE OPENED ON MONDAY MORNING NEXT, the 16th inst.,

A New and Very Elegant Assortment of Ladies' Suits,

Every Variety of Style and Material from $8 to $250.

LACE JACKETS, POINTS, BOURNOUS, MARIE ANTOINETTES, Etc. Etc.

BLACK SILKS FOR DRESSES.

A full line of LADIES' UNDERWEAR, and all will be sold at remarkably LOW PRICES.

AGNEW & ENGLISH,

No. 839 CHESNUT STREET,

1t4p Opposite Continental Hotel, and

No. 29 SOUTH NINTH STREET.

GAS FIXTURES.

821 CHERRY STREET.

CORNELIUS & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

GAS FIXTURES, Etc.

WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL SALESROOMS

821 CHERRY Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

WE HAVE NO STORE OR SALESROOM ON CHESNUT STREET.

5 7 1m4p CORNELIUS & SONS.

DRY GOODS.

EDWIN HALL & CO.,

No. 28 South SECOND Street,

ARE OFFERING

BARGAINS

IN

SILKS,

DRESS GOODS,

AND

SHAWLS.

PLEASE CALL AND SEE THEM. 5 14 2t

BLACK SILK AND WOOL HERNANIS.

EDWIN HALL & CO.,

No. 28 SOUTH SECOND STREET,

Invite attention to their stock of

3-4 SILK AND WOOL HERNANIS.
8-4 SILK AND WOOL HERNANIS.
3-4 WOOL HERNANIS.
8-4 WOOL HERNANIS.

We recommend the above for color as well as quality.

BARGAINS IN POPULAR STYLES

OF

DRESS GOODS at 31 Cents.

EDWIN HALL & CO.,

No. 28 SOUTH SECOND STREET,

Have opened this morning,

A CASE OF RICH LUSTRE MOTTLED MOHAIR POPLINS, at 31 CENTS PER YARD.

The best Goods for the money offered this season.

JAPANESE POPLINS, 31 cents.

CHENE MOHAIRS, 31 cents.

A great variety of DRESS GOODS at 31c. per yard.

Call and see them.

BARGAINS IN POPULAR STYLES

OF

DRESS GOODS

At 25 Cents Per Yard.

DOUBLE WIDTH CORDED POPLINS, 25 cents
DOUBLE WIDTH ALPACAS, 25 cents.
CHALLIE MOHAIRS, 25 cents.
4-4 COLORED FIGURED BRILLIANTS, 25 cents.
4-4 FRENCH LISLE GINGHAMS, 25 cents.
CORDED PIQUES, 25 cents.
FIGURED AND STRIPED do., 25 and 28 cents.
NEAT STYLES OF LAWNS, 25 and 28 cents.
COLORED FIGURED MARSEILLES FOR CHILDREN'S WEAR, at 28 cents.

All the above goods have been sold at much higher prices.

EDWIN HALL & CO.,

No. 28 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

5 12 3t4p PHILADELPHIA

WE HAVE RECEIVED ANOTHER

INVOICE OF THE

WOOL HERNANIES.

PERKINS & CO.,

9 South NINTH Street,

2 17 thstu5m4p PHILADELPHIA.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Homicide Cases.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Paxson.

This morning the case of David Gordon and Susan Green, charged with the murder of Ann Gordon, was heard upon habeas corpus, and the same evidence was submitted which was taken before the Coroner, and published at that time in our local columns. The Judge remanded the prisoner for trial, and fixed the amount of bail at $2000.

The case of Police Officer Max, charged with the murder of the two young men, James Walsh and James Murtagh, was before the Court upon habeas corpus, and at the time of our going to press the District Attorney was reading the Coroner's notes.

The Rosenberg Lunacy Case.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Allison, P. J.

The committee appointed to investigate the condition of Dr. Lewis Rosenberg, in regard to his sanity, have made their report to the court, stating that Dr. Rosenberg's condition was such as to require restraint. Therefore counsel suggested that a warrant be directed to the managers of the Insane Asylum to retain him there. His Honor told counsel to draw up the warrant and submit it to him on Monday.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

EVENING TELEGRAPH OFFICE,
Saturday, May 14, 1870.

The money market is somewhat unsettled this morning by the heavy demand for call loans resulting from the sudden reaction at the Stock Board, and the equally sudden rise in the prices of all classes of investments. Under a more stringent condition of the money market the heavy demand upon the banks for stock loans would have created a semi-panic, but as it is, the full supply of available capital has enabled them to fill all orders without further effect upon the market than a slight advance in the former rates.

We quote loans easy but active and unsettled at 5@6 per cent. on call, and at 6@7 per cent. for choice business paper. The latter continues scarce but in better supply than for several days past.

Gold is less active and weaker. Sales opened at 114⅝ and fluctuated between that figure and 114⅞ up to noon.

Government bonds are also quiet, and, in full sympathy with gold prices, are a fraction lower.

There was a sharp demand for Reading Railroad, which was sold up to 52¼. There was nothing doing in Pennsylvania stock, but it was steady at 56½.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street

FIRST BOARD.

$3000 C & A m 6s	89	100 sh Sch Nav	6¾
$16000 City 6s, New	102¾	100 do	6¾
$900 do	102⅜	100 sh Ch & Wal	45
$100 do	102¾	300 sh Read R	52½
$9000 N Pa 7s	88	200 do	52⅜
$4000 Phil & E 7s	91¾	100 do	52¼
$1000 Bel. & Del 3m. Bds	83	85 do	52 1-16
$5800 Sch N 6s '82	85¾	50 do	52
40 sh Cam & A R	119	200 do	52⅛
10 do	119¼	100 do	52⅛
100 sh Leh Na	60	500 do	52⅛
200 do	33⅛	300 do	52 3-16
100 do	33⅛	100 do	52 3-16
100 do	33⅛	300 do	52
100 do	33⅛	100 do	52
59 do	33⅛	300 do	52
111 do	33⅛	100 do	52 1-16
200 sh Ph & R	30	300 do	52
100 do	30¼	100 do	52 3-16
1 sh Penna R	56¾	100 do	52
57 do	56½	400 do	52⅛
50 sh Lit Sch R	42¾	400 do	52⅜
50 do	42¾	100 do	52⅜
7 sh Leh Val	56¾	100 do	51¾
13 do	56¾	500 do	52⅛
3 sh O C & A R.R.	42½		

JAY COOKE & Co. quote Government securities as follows:—U. S. 6s of 1881, 116⅞@117¼; 5-20s of 1862, 112@112⅛; do., 1864, 111¾@111¾; do., 1865, 111⅛@111⅜; do. do., July, 113¾@114; do. do., 1867, 114¼@114½; do. 1868, 114¼@114⅝; 10-40s, 108@108¾; Pacifics, 112⅝@112¾. Gold, 114⅜.

NARR & LADNER, Bankers, report this morning Gold quotations as follows:—

10·00 A. M	114⅜	11·15 A. M	114⅜
10·12 "	114⅜	11·17 "	114⅜

New York Money and Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Stocks strong. Money 5@6 per cent. Gold, 114¾. 5-20s, 1862, coupon, 112; do. 1864, do., 111¾; do. 1865 do., 111¾; do. do. new, 113¾; do. 1867, 114¾; do. 1868, 114¼; 10-40s, 108; Virginia 6s, new, 69¾; Missouri 6s, 93½; Canton Co., 71¾; Cumberland preferred, 43; Consolidated N. Y. Central and Hudson River, 101½; Erie, 93½; Reading, 104½; Adams Express, 66; Michigan Central, 124; Michigan Southern, 99¾; Illinois Central, 141½; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 106; Chicago and Rock Island, 121¾; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 94¾; Western Union Telegraph, 33¾.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

SATURDAY, May 14.—There is a steady demand for Flour from the local trade at yesterday's quotations, but shippers are not operating to any extent. The sales foot up 2000 barrels, including superfine at $4·50@4·75; extras at $5@5·25; Iowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota extra family at $5·25@6; Pennsylvania do. do. at $5·50@6·50; Indiana and Ohio do. do. at $5·50@6·50; and fancy brands at $7@8·25, according to quality. Rye Flour may be quoted at $5·25. In Corn Meal no sales were reported.

The Wheat market is firm, but there is very little demand, except for prime lots, which are in small supply. Sales of 3500 bushels Pennsylvania red, part at $1·40 and part on private terms; 500 bushels Indiana do. at $1·33; and 700 bushels choice Delaware do. at $1·45. Rye is steady at $1@1·05 for Western. The offerings of Corn are light, and the demand is fair at former rates. Sales of 2500 bushels Western and Pennsylvania yellow at $1·15@1·16 and mixed at $1·12. Oats are without essential change; 4000 bushels dark and light Pennsylvania at 64@67c. In Barley nothing doing. Barley Malt is more active; sales of 5000 bushels prime New York two-rowed at 85c. and 600 bushels common do. at 60c.

Whisky is quiet at $1·10 for wood and iron-bound.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Cotton dull and lower; sales 400 bales at 23¾c. Flour steady. Wheat firm but quiet. Corn declining; sales 16,000 bushels mixed Western at $1·08@1·12. Oats quiet; sales 15,000 bushels State at 70@72c. Beef quiet. Pork steady. Lard dull; steam at 16¼@16½c. Whisky nominal at $1 09@1·10.

CITY ITEMS.

MEN'S CLOTHING.
YOUTH'S CLOTHING.
BOYS' CLOTHING.

NEW SPRING STYLES.
ALL KINDS.
ALL SIZES.

BETTER IN STYLE, MAKE, AND FIT THAN ANY OTHER STOCK OF READY-MADE GARMENTS IN PHILADELPHIA. PRICES ALWAYS GUARANTEED LOWER THAN THE LOWEST ELSEWHERE.

HALF-WAY BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH STREETS. } BENNETT & Co., TOWER HALL, 518 MARKET STREET,

A NEW AND ELEGANT PUBLIC HALL.—A new and elegant Hall has just been completed at the southwest corner of Girard avenue and Charlotte street, which is far superior in its adornments, convenience of arrangement, etc., to any other hall for public use in Philadelphia. It contains two spacious, well-lighted rooms, finished with solid chestnut and walnut throughout; the walls and ceilings splendidly frescoed, richly-wrought chandeliers, etc. etc., making altogether the handsomest and most attractive rooms of the kind in the city. The name given it is Wilson Hall, and members of the Masonic fraternity, Knights Templar, Red Men, or other organizations requiring pleasant and convenient meeting quarters should inspect it and ascertain for themselves its superiority over any similar structure in Philadelphia.

SEE what our workmen do.—
They reupholster and cover furniture,
They cut and fit furniture covers,
They mend and varnish furniture,
They alter and put down carpets,
They make over mattresses,
They hang curtains and shades,
They cover glasses, chandeliers, etc.
They do everything in a first-class manner that could be expected of a first-class upholsterer.
Charges low—Promptness—Satisfaction.
ALBERTSON & Co.,
No. 1435 Chesnut street.

A LUXURIOUS SHAVE.—Those who desire a luxurious shave, an artistic hair-cut, shampoo, or any other tonsorial operation, should drop in at Mr. Charles A. Duboise's new and handsome Shaving Saloon, N. E. corner of Fourth street and Girard avenue, where everything in the Hair Dressing line is done in a way to give the utmost satisfaction to even the most fastidious customers. Mr. Dubeise employs none but the most capable workmen, and a single trial of their skill will demonstrate the fact that his establishment is A No. 1 and one of the best of its kind in Philadelphia.

YOUNGER BY TWENTY YEARS is the appearance of the man of fifty, or the lady of—never mind how many summers—after he or she has charmed away the grey hairs with PHALON'S VITALIA. Pleasant, clear, and transparent. No sediment.

Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

COURTESY TO STRANGERS is a marked feature in the management of the AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON. In the excellence of its appointments it is equalled by few hotels in the country.

ALL HAIL—
On Sunday last, 'bout half past two,
The gathering clouds of sombre hue
Were flying past with quickened pace,
As if contending in a race.
Loud peals of thunder burst; anon,
The lightning flashed; and then the storm
Burst in its fury o'er the land,
Bringing destruction, death, on every hand.
The frozen rain-drops, from the skies
Fell to earth, of prodigious size,
And man and beast in terror fled,
While many in their fear fell dead.
The bravest of the brave aghast
Stood, while the storm went howling past,
And viewed the havoc far and wide
From temporary shelter tried.
The storm exhausted, again the sun
The ruins sheds its light upon,
And there in safety, as before,
Stood STOKES' FAMOUS CLOTHING STORE:
There people flock and take away
The best made Clothing of the day;
The number you have heard before,
IN CHESNUT STREET, EIGHT-TWENTY-FOUR.

WONDERFUL RESTORATION TO HEALTH.—Mr. S—. DOCTOR, have you seen my wife lately? indeed you would be pleased at the great change, and yet on some accounts I think it probable you might take exceptions to the remedies.

DOCTOR B—. Pray, may I ask what are these great remedies? Some quack medicines, I suppose.

Mr. S—. They may, by the old school, like yourself, be termed QUACKERY in derision, but I investigated the matter, and discovered that this so-called CANCER PLANT is an old agent, and much in use, in years past, by you high-toned gentlemen.

DOCTOR B—. Now I see the drift of your remarks: you have been using the UNIVERSITY MEDICINE that HAROLD, at SEVENTEENTH and CHESNUT streets, is advertising so liberally. Well, I must confess I have heard of wonderful cures by this same extract, but have always doubted.

Mr. S—. You need doubt no more, for it is an established fact, and my wife's rosy cheeks are the evidences.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—WILBOR'S COD LIVER OIL AND LIME has now been before the public for ten years, and has steadily grown into favor and appreciation. This could not be the case unless the preparation was of undoubted and high intrinsic value. The combination of the Phosphate of Lime with pure Cod Liver Oil, as prepared by Dr. Wilbor, has produced a new phase in the treatment of Consumption and all diseases of the Lungs. This article can be taken by the most delicate invalid without creating the disgusting nausea which is such a prominent objection to the Cod Liver Oil when taken without Lime. This preparation is prescribed by the regular faculty, and sold by the proprietor, wholesale and retail, A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, No. 168 Court street, Boston, and by druggists generally.

THE KING WASHER, although but recently introduced, has proved a remarkable success, but no more than its merits warrant. Housekeepers look upon washing machines with suspicion, owing to the many worthless kinds that have been offered within the past dozen years. No person has yet seen the King Washer in operation but what they have pronounced it the superior of anything yet invented for washing clothing, while the families who have them in use—and they are legion—speak of it in the highest praise, and are unanimous in saying that they would not be without one. By the use of the machine wash-day is made pleasant, and as much work can be accomplished with a single one in two hours as a woman can do in six with the washboard. The agents for the King Washer are J. H. Coyle & Co., No. 620 Market street.

MOTHS! MOTHS! MOTHS!—Protect your Furs, Woollens, and Carpets from Moths with Carbolated Cedar; it is sure death to Moths. Camphor will not kill Moths. Sold in cans at 50 cents and $1 each. A $1 can will preserve the clothing of a large family.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN,
No. 602 Arch street.

MR. WILLIAM W. CASSIDY, the jeweller at No. 8 S. Second street, has one of the largest and most attractive stocks of all kinds of Jewelry and Silverware in the city. He has also on hand a large assortment of fine American Western Watches. This entire valuable stock is now being sold out below cost, preparatory to removal. Those who purchase at this store at the present time are certain to get the worth of their money.

FOR UPWARDS OF THIRTY YEARS MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children with never-failing safety and success. It corrects acidity of the stomach; relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. An old and well-tried remedy. Perfectly safe in all cases.

ST. JAMES HOTEL, BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.—During the travelling season, if our patrons will kindly inform us, either by telegram or letter, of their intended arrival, we can be better prepared for their comfort.

In accordance with the reduction in the value of gold, the transient board at the St. James is reduced to Four Dollars per day.

PROPRIETOR ST. JAMES HOTEL.

DRY FEET.—The most effectual way of guarding one's health is to keep the feet dry, and that can only be done by the use of India Rubber Overshoes, and as the inclement season is upon us, we would advise our readers to buy none but the best quality, which can only be had at GOODYEAR'S Headquarters, No. 808 Chesnut street, south side, Philadelphia.

RUBBER OVERSHOES AND BOOTS for Men, Women, and Children, can be had at retail at the very lowest prices, Goodyear's manufacture, old stand, No. 808 Chesnut street, lower side.

SINGER'S FAMILY SEWING MACHINES, Ten dollars cash. Balance in monthly instalments.
O. F. DAVIS, No. 810 Chesnut street.

BUY your Furniture at The Great American, No. 1202 and 1204 Market street. Cheapest in the city.

MORE FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S — New Buildings, though so greatly enlarged, are still thronged daily.

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S — New customers are delighted with the treatment they receive at Oak Hall.

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S — New scale of prices adopted since the opening of the new buildings satisfies everybody.

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S — New sales are enormous, last Saturday's being the largest ever made.

WHAT OF IT?

First. Of all the Clothing Houses in Philadelphia not one is half so popular as OAK HALL.

Second. Of all prices charged for ready made Clothing, none are so low as those of OAK HALL.

Third. Of all well-dressed men of Philadelphia, they are the best dressed who buy their clothes at OAK HALL.

Fourth. Of all the efforts ever made to please the people, the greatest and most successful are being made now at OAK HALL.

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA,
WANAMAKER & BROWN'S
OAK HALL, SIXTH and MARKET Streets.
OAK HALL, SIXTH and MARKET Streets.
OAK HALL, SIXTH and MARKET Streets.
OAK HALL, SIXTH and MARKET Streets.

MARRIED.

JACKSON—SIMPSON.—On Wednesday evening, May 11, at their residence, No 1025 Morris street, by the Rev. W. J. Paxson, Mr. JOSEPH A. JACKSON to Miss RHODA E. SIMPSON, both of this city.

DIED.

BENSON.—On the 13th instant, ALEXANDER BENSON, in the 76th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 1526 Spruce street, on Monday, the 16th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M. Interment at Woodlands Cemetery.

HARRIS.—On the 12th instant, JOHN W. HARRIS, in the 80th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 3805 Locust street, on Monday, the 16th instant, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Laurel Hill.

PHILLIPS.—On the 13th instant, AMOS PHILLIPS, in the 65th year of his age.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 519 Marshall street, on Tuesday, the 17th instant, at 2 o'clock P. M. Funeral services in Green Street M. E. Church at 3 o'clock precisely.

THOMPSON.—On the morning of the 12th of May, ELLEN, wife of Benjamin P. Thompson, and oldest daughter of Price I. and Margaret R. Patton.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 818 N. Fifth street, above Brown, on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

HATS AND CAPS.

WARBURTON'S IMPROVED VENTILATED and easy-fitting Dress Hats (patented), in all the improved fashions of the season. CHESNUT Street next door to the Post Office 11 13 rp

GLOVES, ETC.

1000 DOZ. GENUINE JOUVIN KID GLOVES, ALL COLORS, AT $1.

THE BEST KID GLOVES FOR $1 IN AMERICA ARE BEING SOLD AT

"PROCTOR'S OLD STAND,"
No. 920 CHESNUT ST.

CANTON MATTINGS.

4-4 Superior White Matting, 30 cents.
4-4 Superior Red Matting, 35 cents.
4-4 Striped Fancy Mattings, 45 cents.
5-4 Red Mattings, 45 cents.
5-4 White Matting, 40 cents.
Cheapest Mattings in the city.

AT "PROCTOR'S,"
No. 920 CHESNUT ST.

PARASOLS. PARASOLS.

An elegant line of all the new designs of Parasols.
CHOICE PONGEE SCOLLOPED PARASOLS.

"PROCTOR'S,"
No. 920 CHESNUT ST.

500 DOZ. ELEGANT QUALITY HEMSTITCHED HDKFS. AT 25c.

WHITE AND BLACK BAREGE SHAWLS.

200 of the well-known Patti Shawls at $2·50, retail.

NONPAREIL SUITS

For children from two to eight years old, all ready to put on, at half the cost of manufacture. Prices from $1·75 to $8.

THE NEW PATENT SQUARE POINT SPIRAL SKIRT.

To be had only at
"PROCTOR'S OLD STAND,"
1t No. 920 CHESNUT ST.

MOURNING DRY GOODS.

MOURNING DRY GOODS FOR MAY SALES.

BESSON & SON

HAVE LATELY RECEIVED:

Black Hernanis, all widths and qualities, 50 cents to $3·75; English Grenadines, 25 cents; Silk Grenadines, etc.

Lyons Gros Grain Black Silks, of the best makes only, from $1·50 to $5.

Black Alpacas, 37½ to 75 cents; Glossy Mohairs, 62½c. to $1·25; Australian Crapes, 50 to 75 cents; Mohair Tamises or French Alpacas, 62½c. to $1.

Black Ground and White Ground English and French Lawns, Jaconets and Organdies, 25 to 50 cents; Plain Black Lawns, Organdies and French Jaconets.

Black Thibet, Hernani, Crape Maretz, and Barege Square Shawls; Hernani Points.

Second Mourning Dress Goods and Grey Mixed Poplins, from 18¾ cents to $1·25; yard-wide Black and White English Chintzes.

Black English Bombazines; Black Silk Challies; All-wool Mousselines, Tamises, Batistes, Parisiennes, etc.

Black English Crapes and Crape Veils; Jouvin's and Courvoisier's Kid Gloves; Silk Gloves; Ribbons; Parasols and Sun Umbrellas; Ruffled Skirts.

And all other Goods requisite for Mourning attire.

Mourning Dry Goods House,

No. 918 CHESNUT Street,

5 12 thstu3trp PHILADELPHIA.

INSURANCE.

AMERICAN
Life Insurance Company
OF PHILADELPHIA.

Organized 1850. *Income* 1869, $1,187,186·44

BOARD OF TRUSTEES:

Hon. James Pollock, Ex-Governor of Pennsylvania, Director of U. S. Mint.
J. Edgar Thomson, President Pennsylvania Railroad, 238 S. Third street.
George Nugent, Gentleman, residence, Germantown.
Albert C. Roberts, Ex-President Fourth Nat. Bank.
Philip B. Mingle, Seed Merchant, 103 Market street.
Hon. Alex. G. Cattell, U. S. Senator.
Isaac Hazlehurst, Attorney at Law, 508 Walnut street.
I. M. Whilldin, Merchant, 20 and 22 South Front street.
Henry K. Bennett, Merchant, 745 South Fourth street.
George W. Hill, Ex-President Seventh Nat. Bank.
James L. Claghorn, President Commercial Nat. Bank.
John Wanamaker, Oak Hall Clothing House, 818 and 820 Chesnut street.

THE AMERICAN issues policies on all desirable plans at low rates, and for security and promptness in writing losses is unsurpassed by any Company in the United States.

S. E. Cor. FOURTH and WALNUT Sts.

ALEX. WHILLDIN, President.
JOHN S. WILSON, Secretary.
Reliable men wanted as Agents. 4 9 16 23 tuths10trp

UPHOLSTERY GOODS, ETC.

NOBLIT, BROWN, NOBLIT & CO.,
Nos. 222 and 218 S. SECOND Street
PHILADELPHIA,
Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers
Upholstery Goods,
Car Trimmings,
Cabinet Makers' and Undertakers' Findings,
Swiss and Nottingham Curtains,
Hair Seating, Curled Hair Bedding
ETC. ETC., 3 18 3m5p
Wholesale and Retail.

WATCHES.

C. & A. PEQUIGNOT,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WATCH CASES,
AND DEALERS IN AMERICAN AND FOREIGN
WATCHES,
No. 608 CHESNUT Street.
MANUFACTORY, No. 22 South FIFTH Street.

FURNITURE.

GREAT SALE OF FURNITURE
AT
HENKELS',
THIRTEENTH and CHESNUT Sts.
$100,000 WORTH
AT
AUCTION PRICES.
All Warranted as First-class Goods.
CEO. J. HENKELS.
5 14 stuth1mrp

PLUMBING, GAS FITTING, ETC.

W. P. OGELSBY,
No. 1017 WALNUT Street,
PLUMBING, GAS, and STEAM FITTING.

Orders by mail and country work promptly attended to.
Personal attention paid to Jobbing.
ALL WORK WARRANTED. 1t*

DRY GOODS.

JOHN BURNS,

HOUSE-FURNISHING DRY GOODS AND IMPORTER OF HOSIERY,

Nos. 245 and 247 S. ELEVENTH Street,

Above Spruce.

Just received, per steamer, full lines of

GAUZE UNDERWEAR.

Gents' Gauze Shirts, 25, 37½, 45c., to finest imported.
Ladies' Gauze Merino Vests, regular made, 75c. up.
Children's Gauze Merino Vests, all sizes and best makes.
Gents' full regular made Half Hose, 22, 25, 31c. up.
Ladies' regular-made Hose, 25, 28, 31, 37c. up.
Ladies' extra long English Hose, 35c. up.
Ladies' genuine Balbriggan Hose, 62, 75c.
Children's ½, ¾, and extra-long English Hose.
Full line Cartwright & Warner's Gauze Shirts.

WHITE GOODS, PIQUES, ETC.

Cord and Figured Piques, 23, 25, 28, 31, 35c. up.
Plaid Muslins, 20, 22, 23, 25, 28, 31, 37c., up.
Dotted Swiss, Tarlatans, French Muslins.
Tucked Muslins for Dresses, 35c. up.
Hamburg Edgings and Insertings.

HOUSE-FURNISHING DRY GOODS.

8-4 Belgian and Barnsley Table Linen, $1, up.
Damask Napkins, from $1 per dozen to finest imported.
Linen Sheeting, all widths and qualities.
Pillow Linens, Bolster Linens, Shirting Linens.
5-4, 6-4, 8-4, 9-4, 10-4, 12-4 Sheeting and Pillow Muslins.
Towels for Kitchen, Bed-room, and Bath-room.
Marseilles Quilts, finest qualities and largest size.
Honeycomb Quilts, large size, $1·45, up.

LINENS FOR LADIES' SUITS, 25c., UP.

Auction Bargains in Ladies' and Gents' Hdkfs.
Shirt Bosoms, cheapest and best in the city, of our own make and best quality Linen. 1t

F. M. CALDWELL,

No. 51 N. EIGHTH Street.

Black Silks, 87c., $1, $1·37 $1·50, $1·62, $1·75, $1·87, $2, $2·25, $2·50, $2·75, $3.
Black Satin (cut bias), $1·50, $1·75, $2, $2·25, $2·50.
Black Alpaca and Pure Mohair, 25c. up to $1.
Black All-wool Delaine, 7-4, 62c., 75c., 87c.
Black Tamise, $1, $1·12½.
Black Grenadine, All-wool and Silk and Wool, 37c., 50c., 62c., 75c., $1.
Black Grenadine, 2 yards wide, $2·75, $3, $3·50.
Black English Barege, 25c., 28c., 31c.
Colored Silks, Blue, Brown, and Green, $1·25.
Do. do. Blue, Brown, Pink, White, etc., $1·75.
Plaid Silks, $1·37, $1·50.
Japanese Silks, $1, $1·12½.
Do. do. Dress Patterns, $12, $13, $14, $15.
Silk Poplinette, $1; Striped, Plaid, and Plain.
Silk Poplinette, Figured, $1·25.
Silk and Wool Barege, $1, $1·12.
Silk and Wool Rolled Poplins, 75c.
Figured English Grenadine, 20, 25c.
Do. French Grenadine, 45, 50, 62c.
Colored Linen for Dresses.
Pink and Buff French Lawn, 25, 31c.
French Chintz, Pink, Buff, and Blue.
French Lisle Ginghams, 25c.
Mottled Mohair and Poplins, 25, 31, 37c.
Mottled Poplin, 6-4 wide, 37, 50, 62, 75c.
Striped Mohair, 25c., wide goods.
Japanese Poplin, 25, 31c.
Shirting Linens, very cheap.
Wash Damask Table Linen, 37, 44, 50, 62c.
Linen Towels, 12½, 15, 20, 25, 31, 37c.
Birdeye Linen, 25 up to 75c.
Hemstitched Linen Hdkfs., 12½, 15, 20, 25, 31c.
Gents' Hemstitched Hdkfs., 15, 25, 31, 37, 50c.
Ladies' Hemstitched and Corded Hdkfs., 35, 31c.
Plaid Nainsooks and Swiss Muslin.
Plain Nainsooks, Cambric, Swiss Muslin.
French Muslin, French Jaconet.
Puffed Muslin, 62c.
Tucked Muslin, extra cheap, 28, 31, 37, 40c.
Figured Pique, 25, 31, 37, 50c.
Corded Pique, 37, 50, 62c.
French Corded Pique, 62c. 5 16 stu12t

223. FARIES & WARNER, 223

NORTH NINTH, ABOVE RACE,

WILL OPEN TO-DAY—

A very large lot of Hamburg Edgings and Insertings, in choice, scarce and desirable styles, cheap.
All-wool Tweeds for Men's and Boys' wear, at 50c.; usual price 60c.
White Canton Matting, 25c.
Red and white Canton Matting, 35c.
From auction, Nottingham Curtain Lace, at 25, 31, and 37½c. a yard. Lace Curtains, $2 pair.
One case extra wide white Pique, 25c.
Corded and figured Piques, at all prices.
Black Alpacas a specialty. We guarantee our black Alpacas to be better in quality and color than what are usually sold for the same price. Black Alpacas, 35, 37½, 45, 50, 54, 62½, 75c., etc. Our 50 and 62½c. numbers cannot be surpassed.
Mixed Goods, for suits, 25, 31, 37½, 50, 56, 62, 75c.
Black Hermanies! Black Hermanies! 62½, 75c.
Marseilles Quilts! Marseilles Quilts! $2·50, 3, 3·50, 4, 4·50, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15.
Stock replenished of the original Jacquard Loom Quilts at $2·50, far surpasses any other quilts in the market for spring and summer wear.
Plaid Nainsooks, 18, 23, 25, 31, 37, 44, and 50c.
Soft finish Cambrics, 25, 28, 31, 35, 40, 44, 50c.
Plain Nainsooks, 20, 25, 31, 37½, 44, 50c.
Victoria Lawns, 16, 20, 25, 31, 37½, 50c.
Striped Nainsooks, Swiss Muslins, Organdies, etc.

FARIES & WARNER,

No. 223 N. NINTH Street.

N. B.—Will open, on Monday, on more cases of Roubaix Poplins, in choice shades, 25c. 4 9sw

Just received, a handsome assortment of
LAMA LACE SACQUES, in white and black.
LAMA LACE ROTUNDES.
LAMA LACE POINTS.
PAISLEY SHAWLS.
PRINTED CASHMERE SHAWLS.
BEDOUIN MANTLES.

JOHN W. THOMAS,

Nos. 405 and 407 North SECOND St.,

3 30 3mrp PHILADELPHIA.

BLACK FRENCH LACE for Sailor Jackets, etc., a superior quality, 20 inches wide, for $1·50 a yard (2¾ yards a Jacket pattern, for $4·12½), elegant design, and said to be worth much more in Europe.

BLACK ENGLISH LACE,

for Sailor Jackets, etc., 20 inches wide, all silk, only $1 a yard. Ladies will find it quite economical to make Jackets out of the above very cheap Laces.

LINEN FINISH CAMBRICS,

full yard wide, quite fine, 25 cents per yard. Very cheap.

APPLIQUE LACE HANDKERCHIEFS

Will open to-day some hundred. Only 25 cents. Very nice for children's neckties, etc.

SILK ILLUSION.

Only 12½ cents for a very good White Silk Illusion.

BLACK SILK DOTTED NET.

Just received, a case of Black Silk Dotted Net, better than usual for the price.

SATIN PLAID NAINSOOK.

Another lot of that very good 25 cent Plaids.

MARSEILLES TRIMMINGS.

A lot of high cost goods at 44 and 50 cents a piece, at WORNER'S
Lace, Embroidery, and White Goods Store,
44* No. 38 N. EIGHTH Street.

A. & J. B. BARTHOLOMEW.

No. 23 NORTH EIGHTH STREET.

Will commence on MONDAY their

Semi-Annual Clearance Sale.

The Greatest Bargains will be given in Hosiery, Hdkfs., Embroideries, White Piques, Parasols, Fans, Corsets, Lisle and Silk Gloves, White Gloves, Buff Gloves, Bows, Ties, Lace Collars.

Positive Bargains will be Given.

We cannot enumerate prices, but a call will convince you we mean this to be a

CLEARANCE SALE.

Our Kid Glove Stock is unequalled in the city of Philadelphia.

Kid Gloves at $1·00, $1·25, $1·50, $1·75, and $1·88 for our fine glove, the "Bartley."

Every pair warranted. If they rip or tear, another pair given in exchange. 14 2 wstfrp

TRY THEM. NO RISK.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

A. & J. B. BARTHOLOMEW. BEST KID GLOVES.

BEST KID GLOVES.

MAY SALE CONTINUED.

J. M. HAFLEIGH,

Nos. 1012 and 1014 CHESNUT STREET,

WILL OPEN MONDAY, MAY 16,

A NEW IMPORTATION OF

DRESS GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES.

100,000 YARDS FINE FABRICS FOR SUITS
REDUCED TO TWENTY-FIVE AND FIFTY CENTS.

BLACK GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY.

ELEGANT MADE-UP SUITS $10, WORTH $20.
1000 LLAMA LACE SACQUES AND SHAWLS.
GREAT NOVELTIES IN CHILDREN'S DRESSES.
GRENADINES, LAWNS, AND ORGANDIES, 25 CENTS.
20 CASES NEW FABRICS FOR SUITS, 25, 30, 37½, 50 AND 62½ CENTS.
10,000 YARDS BLACK HERNANI AT 75 CENTS.
BLACK SILKS, $1·50; PLAIDS AND STRIPES, 87½ CENTS, $1 and $1·25.
NEW STYLES IN LINEN SUITS AND SILK SUITS.
500 DOZEN KID GLOVES AT REDUCED PRICES.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF ENGLISH HOSIERY. 1t
NEW STYLE SEA-SIDE JACKETS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SHEPPARD, VAN HARLINGEN & ARRISON,

WILL CONTINUE THEIR POPULAR SALE OF

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS.

IN FIRST-CLASS LINEN GOODS, LINENS, AND HOUSE-FURNISHING DRY GOODS, LACE AND NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS, EMBROIDERED PIANO AND TABLE COVERS, WHITE GOODS, LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, AND EMBROIDERIES, [5 9mwf

Comprising the most extensive assortment of FIRST-CLASS GOODS ever offered in this market.

No. 1008 CHESNUT STREET.

DRY GOODS.

1870.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

Positive and Peremptory Sale for the Next Sixty Days

"AT THORNLEY'S,"

EIGHTH and SPRING GARDEN Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

Goods having been offered to me "SO CHEAP," I have been tempted to buy very largely, and am now determined to CUT DOWN MY STOCK very considerably, and THEREFORE offer Special Bargains IN DRESS GOODS,

LINEN GOODS,

SILKS AND SHAWLS,

MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR

LACE GOODS, WHITE GOODS, and CORSETS,

BEST KID GLOVES, LINEN HDKFS., Etc. Etc.,

DOMESTICS of every make and quality.

JOSEPH H. THORNLEY,

NORTHEAST CORNER

EIGHTH and SPRING GARDEN Sts.,

2 3 thstu3 PHILADELPHIA.

ELDER, WALTON & CO.,

215 N. NINTH Street, 215

ABOVE RACE, Philadelphia,

In order to meet the popular demand for CHEAP GOODS, we are now offering our entire stock at small advance on

COST.

Mixed Dress Goods, 25, 28, 31c.
Double width Dress Goods, 31, 37, 45, 50, 62, 75c.
One case double width Grey Poplins, 37½c.
Small lot Silk and Wool Poplins, 6-4, $1.
Steel-colored All-wool Poplins, 50c.
Green, Mode and Steel Poplins, 62½c.
Steel and Pearl 6-4 Alpacas, 44c.
Mottled Ginghams for suits.
Dappled Mohairs (bargain), 20c.
Elegant quality Black and White Suitings, 28c.

BLACK ALPACAS.

We keep one of the finest assortments of these goods in Philadelphia, and cannot be undersold, as we have reduced the entire line. Prices, 22, 25, 31, 37½, 50c. to $1.

We invite especial attention to our double-faced 50 cent numbers; unsurpassed in color and lustre.

Plaid Nainsooks, 18, 20, 25, 31, 37½, 45, 50, 56c.
Plain Nainsooks, 20, 25, 28, 31 to 62½c.
Swiss Mulls, 15, 18¾, 22, 25, 28 to 50c.
Striped Nainsooks, 20, 22, 28, 31, 37½c.
Figured Pique, 19, 25, 28, 31, 37½, 45c.; Striped Piques, 25, 31, 37½, 44c.; one case heavy London Corded Pique, 25c.; one lot yard wide Plaid Muslins, 37½c.; yard-wide Percales, 33c. 5 7 smwf8t

DRY GOODS.

C. H. HAMRICK & CO.,

No. 45 North EIGHTH Street,

WHITE MARBLE STORE,

WILL SELL TO-DAY,

BLACK GRO GRAIN SILKS, $1, 1·25, 1·50, 1·75, 2.
BLACK GRO GRAIN SILKS, $2·25, 2·50, 2·75, 3, up to 5.
BLACK HERNANI, 31c., 37½, 50, 62½, 75, 87½, $1.
BLACK HERNANI, GREAT BARGAIN, $1·25.
GRENADINE, NEW STYLE FIGURES, $1·25.
LLAMA POINTES, 75c. LESS IN PRICE THAN HERETOFORE.
LLAMA JACKETS BELOW MARKET RATES.
WE ONLY SELL REAL LLAMA GOODS.
PIQUES IN GREAT VARIETY.
JOB IN DRESS GOODS 25c., WORTH 50c.
JOB IN DRESS GOODS 44c., WORTH 75c.
THESE GOODS MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED.
SASH RIBBONS, JUST RECEIVED, BELOW MARKET RATES.
CLOSING OUT PARASOLS AT COST.
KID GLOVES, ALL THE NEW SHADES.
ONE CASE ALPACA LUSTRES 12½c., WORTH 25c.
BLACK ALPACAS, REAL DRIVES, 35c. to 75c.
ALL THE NOVELTIES IN HDKFS., TOWELS, AND NAPKINS AS THEY APPEAR.
WE SOLICIT A CALL.

C. H. HAMRICK & CO.,

5 14 stu3t No. 45 NORTH EIGHTH STREET.

SUMMER RESORTS.

TREMONT HOUSE,

CAPE MAY, N. J.

This House will open for the reception of guests on JULY 1. Applications for rooms can be made at No. 1903 MOUNT VERNON Street. Terms, $15 per week.

11* MRS. E. PARKINSON JONES.

CONGRESS HALL,

CAPE MAY, N. J.,

Opens June 1. Closes October 1.

Mark and Simon Hassler's Orchestra, and full Military Band, of 120 pieces.

TERMS—$3·50 per day June and September. $4·00 per day July and August.

The new

OUR RELIGIOUS COLUMN.

DRAGGING THE HALTER.

BY JOHN HALL, D. D.

Proverbs have been defined as the wit of one, and the wisdom of many; the wit in stating in pithy and condensed form what is approved of by the judgment or confirmed by the observation of the multitude. They are in common affairs what pungent Bible texts are to devout people in things religious. Indeed some of them are so wide-spread and withal so weighty, that they pass for sacred quotations. "God tempers the wind to the shorn lamb," has again and again been clothed with the authority of inspiration. They are like Bible texts, too, in their use, for how often a sentence which in the sacred discourse would with a terse Scripture quotation, at once giving it point and authority, is concluded in the forcible secular talk with a popular proverb, into which it tapers off gracefully as the whip does into the bit of wiry knotted whip-cord, which makes the stroke at once graceful and incisive.

There is an English proverb which answers to this description, and deserves some study:—"The horse is not clean escaped that drags his halter." How vivid the picture is to any bucolic mind; and the most healthy minds, like the most healthy bodies, gather their strength in the country. The vehement young animal has been tied up by the head, and the instinct of freedom is too strong for the situation. Chafing and tugging, he at last breaks the bond; but it yields not at the head but at the stake. By and by he is to be caught. You may see the captor with a tempting morsel for a horse, coaxingly held out for his shy inspection. He gallops around a little; halts; trots a bit; halts again. His ears are restless, his eye now flashing, now inquiring and curious. He is suspicious; yet the blandishments of voice and gesture and the goodly meal are not without their force, and oblivions of the treacherous halter he allows the approach of the captor. It is a pretty subject for Rosa Bonheur—if her hands are not full already. At length the halter's end is reached by the wily human actor in the scene; it would not do to provoke a sudden leap by stooping for it; but it is all the same to set foot upon it, and hold it fast. Ah, poor young colt! you are not clean escaped; you dragged the halter!

There is a good deal of halter-dragging among men. Held, for example, by a bad habit, a high-spirited and yet feeble nature is captive. He will snap the cords that bind him and go free. He will assert himself to be a man. He has power enough and will enough. He really means it. He will get about it forthwith. Only he will not make an abrupt transition. He will go into no extremes. He sees no harm in an innocent game at the table, only he will not gamble again, at least not to the extent he has done. He cannot see the harm in a social glass, only he will not drink to excess. He does not intend to be a fanatic about it; he is a reasonable, moderate man. But by the time he has had the social glass or two his idea of excess is modified. As he advances, so does his horizon of moderation, and excess still seems so far away that he seems to himself safe in going further, until he is in the mire again. He is dragging the halter. Better break short off, if the thing is to be quitted. Never drink again, young man, if the fire has been burning in your veins. Never touch the dice, never strike a ball again, if the fascination that held you is to be shaken off.

SUMMARY OF CHURCH NEWS.

CONGREGATIONAL.

—The Rev. E. P. Parker, of the South Congregational Church in Hartford, has declined the call from the Mt. Vernon Congregational Church of Boston, Mass.

—The First Congregational church in Mississippi has lately been organized in Tongaloo by the American Missionary Association. It has 16 members, of whom 10 are colored.

—The Congregational churches in Clarkson and Pittsford, New York, hitherto connected with presbytery, under the Plan of Union, have "perfected their organization" by electing elders.

—The Rev. Leonard W. Bacon, formerly of the New England Church, Brooklyn, E. D., has received a call to the Congregational Church at Baltimore, formerly the Rev. Edwin Johnson's.

—The Congregational Church at Washington city received sixteen at its communion on Sunday, 1st inst., six by profession. A year ago it lost one hundred and nine members with Dr. Boynton; but that number has been more than replaced during the year.

—The trustees of the Pacific Theological Seminary, at a meeting held in San Francisco city, California, lately, elected the Rev. George Moore, D. D., pastor of the First Congregational Church, of Oakland, to the chair of theology, which has recently been endowed in that institution.

—Rev. A. J. Rich asked a council to dismiss him, May 5, from the Congregational church in Westminster, Mass., on the ground that he had adopted broader views of truth than are held by orthodox churches. The council did so, recommending him as an able minister, and calculated to do good if preaching "the truth according to orthodox views."

PRESBYTERIAN.

—The Presbytery of Chesapeake has received the Rev. W. W. Reese from the Methodist Protestant Church.

—The Rev. J. B. Shearer, of Virginia, has accepted the Presidency of Stewart College at Clarksville, Tenn.

—A new Presbyterian college in Kansas advertises for president and teachers. It is in the Blue River Valley.

—A friend of Allegheny Seminary (Presbyterian) offers one-quarter of any sum up to $200,000 which the friends of that institution will subscribe for its support. Twenty students graduated this year.

—A writer to the *Cumberland Presbyterian* argues at length that a foreign mission work ought to be undertaken immediately by that body of churches, and that it should be done in connection with the American Board.

—Tadrus Yusuf and Ibrahim Yusuf, two students of the Theological School of the Mission of our American United Presbyterian Church in Egypt, were licensed by the Presbytery of Egypt, at its meeting in Osiout, on the 5th of March, to preach the everlasting gospel.

—An attempt is making to merge the Xenia (O.) United Presbyterian Theological Seminary in that at Monmouth, Ill. The former has 14 and the latter 17 students. These two institutions, with the Newburgh Seminary between them, send out 4 graduates this pring.

—The Reformed Presbyterian Church of Monmouth, Ill., worshipping on a beautiful prairie near that strongly Presbyterian town, has disbanded its organization. The members have sold their house of worship, and distributed the proceeds in several directions, and have mostly joined the United Presbyterian Church, which is very strong in that vicinity.

LUTHERAN.

—Mr. E. Y. Bright, who died recently at Sunbury, Pa., bequeathed $1000 to the Lutheran Sunday School and to each of the other Sunday Schools of that place.

—There are now 5 Norwegian churches in Chicago, that call themselves Lutheran, and are for the most part in bitter strife among themselves. So says a Norwegian paper.

—The Lutheran Church at Madison, Va., in repudiating infant baptism, has evidently advanced backwards. A Lutheran church without infant membership is, to say the least, anomalous.

METHODIST.

—The Methodist Church South has abandoned the plan of receiving members on probation. Persons are received into full membership without the six months' trial.

—Zion Methodist Episcopal Church was organized seventy-four years since, and named after a colored church in New York. They now have fifteen annual conferences and 164,000 members.

—The first Methodist meeting ever held in this country was in a carpenter shop in New York city, in 1766. The first society meeting held in Newark, New Jersey, is said to have commenced in a bark-mill.

—Chiek Sieng Wong, of Fah Chau, lately joined by letter a Methodist church in San Francisco. His certificate was in Chinese characters, aedressed to the puzzled American preacher by one of the seven elders ordained by Bishop Kingsley.

—A correspondent of the Baltimore *Advocate* gives as the reason why the Colored Methodist South Conference in Mississippi is so small that a year ago, on their way to conference, many of the colored preachers were halted by sentinels stationed at different places, and directed to Canton, where Bishop Simpson "mustered them in."

—Special services connected with the dedication of the Franklinville M. E. Church, located at the southwest corner of Fifth and Erie avenue, under the supervision of the Philadelphia City Mission of the M. E. Church, on tomorrow (Sunday), the 15th inst. Preaching at 10½ A. M. by Rev. C. H. McDermond. 3 P. M., reunion services, addresses by ministers and laymen. 7½ P. M., preaching by Rev. N. B. Durell.

REFORMED.

—The Rev. Dr. Kip, after a pastorate of nearly thirty-four years, has been, at his own request, relieved from the charge of the First Reformed Dutch Church in Fishkill.

—The Reformed (Dutch) Church has 60,000 members. Its Foreign Board received $60,000 last year, and is $30,000 in debt. Its Board of Domestic Missions is $10,000 in debt. Its Church Building Fund receives $10,000 per year, and its Board of Education $13,000 last year.

—Rutgers College, belonging to the Reformed Dutch Church, is near her centennial anniversary, and efforts are being made to provide for an increased and liberal endowment. The College has now 150 students, and the grammar school, under its new rector, now sends to the college 40 or 50 young men yearly. About $50,000 has already been subscribed, and it is expected that the endowment fund will reach $125,000 or $150,000.

BAPTIST.

—The Baptist Home Mission Society received last year $190,000; about $45,000 more than last year.

—The Rev. J. D. Durham, of Orangeburg, S. C., reports that, within eighteen months, he has baptized 320 persons, 75 of whom had belonged to the Methodist Church.

—The Baptist Bible Union has prepared a Spanish version which is said to be much superior to any other. It asks aid to introduce it to Mexico and Spain. Mr. Westrup, lately ordained as a Baptist minister, reports six Baptist churches lately organized by himself in Mexico, and others will soon follow.

—The Baptist papers have all published a long article headed "Baptists, Beware!" warning their churches not to be inveigled into giving money to the American Missionary Association. They assert that the association claims to be undenominational; but is really Congregational, and is establishing Congregational churches in New Orleans and vicinity, one of which was originally Freewill Baptist. But the only considerable contribution the association has received for a long time from the Baptists has been from a gentleman in New Orleans, who knows the facts. The Freewill Baptists make no complaint in the case of the church concerned, as they knew beforehand of the proposed change of church relation and approved of it.

EPISCOPAL.

—Twelve persons were recently baptized by immersion by the Rev. O. S. Barten, D. D., rector of Christ Church, Norfolk, Va., the parties wishing to join the Episcopal Church, and preferring immersion to any other mode of baptism.

—At a confirmation by the Rt. Rev. Bishop of this diocese at the Church of the Covenant, on Wednesday evening, May 11, the Rev. Dr. Stewart, of St. Clement's Church, presented eight additional candidates for that sacrament, making sixty-four in all confirmed from the latter church since Palm Sunday. This is a larger number, with one exception, than has been presented by any parish in the diocese. It is worthy of note as indicating the increased prosperity of St. Clement's under its present clergy, that at the early and late celebration on Easter Day, despite the inclement weather, the Blessed Sacrament was administered to nearly four hundred communicants, as against seventy odd at the same festival last year.

CATHOLIC.

—It is said that Father Secchi, the famous Roman astronomer, and Father Rosa, another of their most learned men, have abandoned the Jesuits.

—The Pontifical Zouaves who left Canada two years ago for Rome have returned, to the number of ninety-three, their term of service having expired.

—The grant of $15,000 to a Roman Catholic school in San Francisco turns out to be void, as there are no "unappropriated moneys" in the city treasury, from which according to the act it must be paid.

—The letter of Archbishop Spalding, of Baltimore, to Bishop Dupanloup has been published, in which he insists that the joint infallibility of the Church and of the Roman Pontiff should be declared by the Council. He says that the doctrine will be sustained by a moral unanimity.

—Professor W. S. Tyler says in the *Congregationalist* that Mr. Charles O'Conor, the famous New York lawyer, who is now in Rome assisting his archbishop, on being asked whether the passage of the dogma of infallibility would not produce a schism in the Church, replied:—"Perhaps it may; but if it does it is only so much the worse for the schismatics—they will be cast off, but the Church will stand firm and strong on the rock of infallible truth."

—The "Guibord case" has been for a long time before the Canadian Courts, and has at last been decided in favor of Madame Guibord. She asked that the authorities of the Catholic cemetery in Montreal be compelled to allow Christian burial to her husband, who died a member of the Roman Catholic Church. He was a member of the *Institut Canadien*, a sort of lyceum, whose members are under church censure for keeping in their library certain books disapproved of by the bishop, who had forbidden his priests to grant the sacraments or burial to any of its members. An appeal will be taken. The case is interesting, as all the parties to the case are Catholics, as, we believe, was also the judge.

FRIENDS.

—After a session of several days at the meeting-house on Race street, near Fifteenth, the yearly meeting adjourned yesterday morning. The meeting was composed of about 3000 members, who represented different sections of the country. During the week the different committees reported, and their reports, which contained information on important subjects, were adopted. Among the important matters under consideration was that relating to Indian affairs, a notice of which has already been published in this paper.

Another subject of interest was that which related to the First-day schools, the report showing that there are in Philadelphia under the care of the society, 23 schools, 3 Bible classes, 2 schools for poor children, and 211 officers and teachers. There are embraced in them 1483 children and 340 adults; total, 1823. The libraries belonging to the schools contain 2507 volumes. In Baltimore there are 10 schools, 65 teachers, and 481 pupils. The libraries contain 2100 volumes. In Indiana there are 28 teachers, 248 pupils, and 2100 volumes in the library. In Genesee there are 26 teachers, 364 pupils, and 129 volumes in the library. A few schools are also under the care of the Ohio yearly meeting.

MORMON.

—Henry Vincent delivered his lecture on Cromwell two weeks ago in the Mormon Tabernacle. At the first indications of applause Elder Smith informed the audience that it must be discontinued. The audience did their best to be silent, but soon burst out again; when Brigham arose, and in a voice long accustomed to command, called out, "Stop that applause!" Three weeks before, Young had allowed noisy applause in the same building at a meeting called to remonstrate against the Cullom bill.

JEWISH.

—In one synagogue in New York a collection of $1000 was taken up to aid the poor Russian Jews who are now being shipped to this country. Others are subscribing liberally. The immigrants are very poor; and it is difficult to place them, ignorant as they are of our language, where they can support themselves unless they can go to farming.

UNIVERSALIST.

—The Universalists of Rhode Island have raised the amount, with some thousands to spare, that was assessed on them as their share of the centenary fund.

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PERPETUAL AND TERM POLICIES ISSUED.

CASH Capital (paid up in full) $200,000·00
Cash Assets, Jan. 1, 1870 $524,385·1

DIRECTORS.

F. Ratchford Starr,	J. Livingston Erringer
Nalbro Frazier,	James L. Claghorn,
John M. Atwood,	Wm. G. Boulton,
Benj. T. Tredick,	Charles Wheeler,
George H. Stuart,	Thomas H. Montgomery,
John R. Brown,	James M. Aertsen.

F. RATCHFORD STARR, President.
THOMAS H. MONTGOMERY, Vice-President.
ALEX. W. WISTER, Secretary.
JACOB E. PETERSON, Assistant Secretary.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.

JANUARY 1, 1870.

Incorporated 1794. Charter Perpetual.

CAPITAL	$500,000
ASSETS	$2,783,581
Losses paid since organization	$23,000,000
Receipts of Premiums, 1869	$1,991,837·45
Interest from Investments, '69.	114,696·74
	$2,106,534·19
Losses paid, 1869	$1,035,386·84

Statement of the Assets.

First Mortgages on City Property	$766,450
United States Government and other Loan Bonds	1,122,846
Railroad, Bank and Canal Stocks	85,708
Cash in Bank and Office	247,620
Loans on Collateral Security	32,558
Notes Receivable, mostly Marine Premiums	221,944
Accrued Interest	20,357
Premiums in course of transmission	85,198
Unsettled Marine Premiums	100,500
Real Estate, Office of Company Philadelphia	30,000
	$2,783,581

DIRECTORS.

Arthur G. Coffin,	Francis R. Cope,
Samuel W. Jones,	Edward H. Trotter,
John A. Brown,	Edward S. Clarke,
Charles Taylor,	T. Charlton Henry,
Ambrose White,	Alfred D. Jessup,
William Welsh,	Louis C. Madeira,
S. Morris Waln,	Charles W. Cushman,
John Mason,	Clement A. Griscom,
George L. Harrison,	William Brockie.

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President.
CHARLES PLATT, Vice-President.
MATTHIAS MARIS, Secretary.
C. H. REEVES, Assistant Secretary. 3 4

FIRE ASSOCIATION.

INCORPORATED MARCH 27, 1820.

OFFICE,

NO. 34 NORTH FIFTH STREET

INSURE

BUILD HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, AND MERCHANDISE GENERALLY,

From Loss by Fire (in the City of Philadelphia only).

ASSETS, JANUARY 1, 1870, $1,572,732·25.

TRUSTEES.

WM. H. HAMILTON,	CHARLES P. BOWER,
JOHN CARROW,	JESSE LIGHTFOOT,
GEORGE I. YOUNG,	ROBT. SHOEMAKER,
JOS. R. LYNDALL,	PETER ARMBRUSTER,
LEVI P. COATS,	M. H. DICKINSON,
SAMUEL SPARHAWK,	PETER WILLIAMSON,
	JOSEPH E. SCHELL.

WM. H. HAMILTON, President.
SAMUEL SPARHAWK, Vice-President.
WILLIAM T. BUTLER Secretary. 3 5

FAME INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 809 CHESNUT Street.

INCORPORATED 1856. CHARTER PERPETUAL.

CAPITAL $200,000.

FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.

Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire either by Perpetual or Temporary Policies.

DIRECTORS.

Charles Richardson,	Robert Pearce,
William H. Rhawn,	John Kessler, Jr.,
William M. Seyfert,	Edward B. Orne,
John F. Smith,	Charles Stokes,
Nathan Hilles,	John W. Everman,
George A. West,	Mordecai Buzby.

CHARLES RICHARDSON, President.
WILLIAM H. RHAWN, Vice-President.
WILLIAMS I. BLANCHARD, Secretary. 7 23

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO., LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803.

Paid-up Capital and Accumulated Funds,

$8,000,000 IN GOLD.

PREVOST & HERRING, Agents, 4 5 No. 107 S. THIRD Street, Philadelphia.

CHAS. M. PREVOST CHAS. P. HERRING

GROCERIES, ETC.

1809.

WARRANTED GENUINE OLD

Government Java Coffee

Roasted every day, at 40 cents per pound, at

COUSTY'S East End Grocery

No. 118 South SECOND St.,

2 17 thstu BELOW CHESNUT STREET.

LONDON BROWN STOUT AND SCOTCH ALE,

In stone and glass, by the cask or dozen.

ALBERT C. ROBERTS,

Dealers in Fine Groceries,

11 7 Corner ELEVENTH and VINE Streets.

ROOFING.

READY ROOFING.—This Roofing is adapted to all buildings. It can be applied to STEEP OR FLAT ROOFS at one-half the expense of tin. It is readily put on old Shingle Roofs without removing the shingles, thus avoiding the damaging of ceilings and furniture while undergoing repairs. (No gravel used.)

PRESERVE YOUR TIN ROOFS WITH WELTON'S ELASTIC PAINT.

I am always prepared to Repair and Paint Roofs at short notice. Also, PAINT FOR SALE by the barrel or gallon the best and cheapest in the market.

W. A. WELTON, 2 17 3 No. 711 N. NINTH Street above Coates.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.—We are prepared to furnish English imported ASPHALTIC ROOFING FELT in quantities to suit. This roofing was used to cover the Paris Exhibition in 1867.

MERCHANT & CO., 5 13 1m Nos. 517 and 519 MINOR Street.

DRUGS, PAINTS, ETC.

ROBERT SHOEMAKER & CO.,

N. E. Corner FOURTH and RACE Sts.,

PHILADELPHIA,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

Importers and Manufacturers of

WHITE LEAD AND COLORED PAINTS, PUTTY, VARNISHES, ETC.

AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED FRENCH ZINC PAINTS.

Dealers and consumers supplied at lowest prices for cash. 12 4f

TO ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.—PLANS and specifications for the construction of a POLICE STATION HOUSE, to be erected upon the site of the present Station House in the Fifth Police District, on Fifteenth street, above Locust street, in the city of Philadelphia, are hereby requested and invited from some competent architects, to be submitted to the Committee on Police of Councils on or before MONDAY, May 23, 1870.

The several plans and specifications will be duly considered by said committee, and if any one of the number shall be selected and adopted by the said committee, and approved by Councils, it will be paid for, but for those not selected no compensation is to be given.

Any information as to dimensions or particulars will be furnished upon application to ST. CLAIR A. MULHOLLAND, Chief of Police, at the office of the Mayor.

Such plans and specifications may be left with, or mailed to, the undersigned at his office, No. 219 DOCK Street.

HENRY HUHN, Chairman Committee on Police. Philadelphia, May 12, 1870. 5 12 thstu

COTTON SAIL DUCK AND CANVAS, of all numbers and brands. Tent, Awning, Trunk and Wagon-cover Duck. Also, Paper Manufacturers' Drier Felts, from thirty to seventy-six inches, with Fauling, Belting, Sail Twine, etc.

JOHN W. EVERMAN. No. 10 CHURCH Street (City Store 4.

A LEAF FROM THE PAST.

The Texas Revolution—The Causes that Led to It.

From the Houston (Texas) Telegraph, May 1.

There is a general impression that the citizens of the United States who immigrated to Texas under the Colonization laws came with the intention of revolutionizing the country and annexing it to the United States. There may have been some who cherished this idea, but certainly the leaders did not. They took an oath of fidelity to the Government of Mexico, and to suppose that they did it with the intention of rebelling against that authority would be to impute to them bad faith.

Austin certainly acted in good faith to the Mexican Government. Next to Austin, Hayden Edwards had done the most towards introducing colonists into Texas. Yoakum says Edwards expended some $50,000 for the benefit of his colony. It is not charged that Edwards acted in bad faith towards the Mexican Government until Saucedo, the Chief of the Department of Texas at San Antonio, annulled Edwards' grant, and without permitting him to make any defense, peremptorily ordered Edwards and his brother to leave the country.

We give some of the causes that led to the Texas Revolution:—

All the colonists were required to profess the Roman Catholic religion. At first this was construed to imply nothing more than a general belief in Christianity. When it was rigidly enforced, and colonists required to bring their children to the priests for baptism, it produced irritation.

Texas was too remote from the seat of government in Mexico to have real grievances promptly redressed.

Its legislative connection with the remote and purely Mexican State of Coahuila was most unfortunate. Between these two peoples there was no identity of interest and no sympathy.

The law of colonization gave a preference to Mexican over American settlers. All controversies before the Alcaldes were decided in favor of Mexican litigants.

The colonists were compelled to buy their necessaries of Mexican dealers, legitimate commerce with the United State being prohibited.

All traffic in negro slaves was prohibited. Children of slave parents introduced in the families of colonists were to be taught to read and set free at fourteen years of age.

The first officers sent to rule in Texas were not suited to the task. We have seen how Saucedo, Chief of the Department, arbitrarily banished the Edwards. He was never known in a controversy between a Mexican and an American to decide in favor of the latter.

Bradburn, the subordinate commander at Anahuac, was even more odious than Saucedo. Bradburn compelled servants to work for him without compensation, and permitted his soldiers to rob and pillage the people. In true Mexican style he threw citizens into prison—among them, P. H. Jack, William B. Travis, and Monroe Edwards.

Above all, the frequent changes of the Mexican Government made it difficult for Texans to decide what course to pursue. Sometimes that Government passed most hostile acts toward Texas. In 1830 a law was passed prohibiting natives of the United States from coming into Texas.

Still later, orders were given to suspend giving land titles to colonists. Finally a list of persons proscribed was published. It included S. M. Williams, the efficient Secretary of Austin's Colony, Anson Jones, R. M. Williamson, (three-legged Willie), W. B. Travis, Mosely Baker, John H. Moore, Caravahal, Zembrano and many others. The two Mexicans were seized and sent into Mexico to prison, and the others would have shared the same fate but for the breaking out of the revolution.

Still there were good men in Texas who thought the colonists should contend for the Constitution of 1824, and restore to Mexico such a Government as it enjoyed under Guadalupe Victoria, first Constitutional President.

These parties (and some of them, like Colonel Elias P. Bean, had fought for Republicanism in Mexico for a quarter of a century) thought Texas might become the means for regenerating Mexico, and that the colonists ought, instead of declaring their independence, to seek to reform the Mexican Government.

Stephen F. Austin had contended so strongly for the rights of his colonists that he had been for months thrown into a loathsome Mexican prison. When Santa Anna resumed the reins of power in May, 1834, he gave promise of great reforms. Austin and Zavala, the imprisoned Texas Commissioners, were released and courteously listened to by the President and Council, and reforms promised.

Though Austin had done and suffered so much in the cause of Texas, when the consultation of 1835 determined to organize a Provisional Government, Henry Smith was elected to that office, having beaten Austin a few votes. It was thought Austin was too conservative, and that he placed too much faith in the declarations of Santa Anna, who had released him from prison and made such fair promises to Texas.

Suppose—suppose the Texans had then determined to remain a part of the Mexican nation and to contend for their rights; suppose they had coalesced with the true republicans of Mexico; suppose the men who fought at San Jacinto had crossed the Rio Grande to Americanize that country, introduce a sure enough republican government, and reduce the chaos there to order, with Sam Houston President of the regenerated Mexican Republic? Suppose all this—then what?

Spurgeon on Bells.

At a temperance meeting at his tabernacle lately Mr. Spurgeon lectured on bells. He was assisted, says the *Orchestra*, by the Poland Street Temperance Hand-Bell Ringers, and by a cheir of six hundred children, belonging to the United Kingdom Band of Hope Union. The chair was taken by Mr. Thomas Hughes, M. P., who in his opening address alluded to the fact that the hand-bell ringers who were about to contribute to the evening's entertainment had the honor of performing before the Queen at Osborne, by special request. Mr. Spurgeon's lecture is a comprehensive view of campanology, in all its stages and varieties of development, from the period when Jacob kept his flocks with the aid of the tinkling sheep-bell, down to the noisy reign of the railway and muffin-bells of the present day. The subject was on this occasion profusely and admirably illustrated and enlivened by the two sets of performers already mentioned, and at intervals the lecturer indulged the audience in his best manner with some anecdotes and pleasantries, which were thoroughly appreciated.

A Rather Ferocious Wife

is one Mary Brice, of Athens, Tennessee. Her husband having published her name as deserting his bed and board, the injured woman replies in this alarming style:—

"In reply to the notice in the *Post* in regard to my leaving his bed and board, he had none; he is mistaken, he had neither bed nor board. He left my bed and my father's board. As for running you in debt, it is something you could not do yourself, for you can't get credit for anything. I understand you have made an application for a divorce: and now to save some lawyer from hard pleading for nothing, I will raise a public collection, for I think the community will help to pay some good blacksmith to make you one out of good iron that will last you your lifetime; so when you get your divorce in your pocket you will weigh heavier than you ever did before, for you are a very light article anyhow. Now I have one request to make of the community—that is for everybody to give him a shake of the paw, then he will laugh himself to death and I will get shut of him. Respectfully,

"MARY BRICE."

SEWING MACHINES.

THE AMERICAN

Combination Button-Hole

AND

SEWING MACHINE

Is now admitted to be far superior to all others as a Family Machine. The SIMPLICITY, EASE and CERTAINTY with which it operates, as well as the uniform excellence of its work, throughout the entire range of sewing, in

Stitching, Hemming, Felling, Tucking, Cording, Braiding, Quilting, Gathering and Sewing on, Overseaming, Embroidering on the Edge, and its Beautiful Button-Hole and Eyelet Hole Work,

Place it unquestionably far in advance of any other similar invention.

This is the only new family machine that embodies any Substantial Improvement upon the many old machines in the market.

It Certainly has no Equal.

It is also admirably adapted to manufacturing purposes on all kinds of fabrics.

Call and see it operate—and get samples of the work.

We have also for sale our "PLAIN AMERICAN a beautiful family machine, at a Reduced Price. This machine does all that is done on the Combination except the Overseaming and Button-hole work

Office and Salesrooms,

No. 1318 CHESNUT ST.,

4 28 thstu3mrp PHILADELPHIA.

PROPOSALS.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, U. S. ARMY.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 7, 1870.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., on TUESDAY, the 7th day of June, 1870, for furnishing the Quartermaster's Department with five thousand (5000) gross tons (or such less quantity as may be required) best quality of White Ash Anthracite Coal, of such sizes and in such quantities as may be ordered for a period of one year from the 1st day of May, 1870, with the privilege of increasing the amount to ten thousand (10,000) tons should it be required.

So much of the Coal as may be required for use in this city, including the United States Arsenals at Bridesburg and Gray's Ferry road, to an amount not exceeding twelve hundred (1200) tons, must be delivered without additional expense to the United States. The balance to be delivered on board of vessels at this port, in good order and condition, free from slate, bone, dust, and other impurities.

Proposals must be made out in duplicate on blank forms, which can be obtained at this office, and envelopes endorsed "Proposals for delivery of Coal." Each proposal must be accompanied by a sufficient guarantee that, in the event of the acceptance of the proposal, the bidder or bidders will enter into a contract for the delivery of the Coal.

No proposal will be considered unless made in strict conformity to the above.

Bidders are invited to attend at the opening of proposals.

The Quartermaster's Department reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Any additional information desired by parties wishing to bid will be furnished upon application to this office. HENRY C. HODGES,

Brevet Lieut.-Colonel and Quartermaster,

5 9 6t U. S. A.

AUCTION SALES.

IN LOUISVILLE, KY

W. GEORGE ANDERSON. H. C. STUCKY.

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

(Established 1826).

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Business strictly Commission. All auction sales exclusively for cash.

Consignments solicited for auction or private sales.

Regular auction sales of boots, shoes, and hats every Thursday.

Regular auction sales of dry goods, clothing, carpets notions, etc., every Wednesday and Thursday. 13 19 6m

PATENTS.

PATENTS.

OFFICES FOR PROCURING

Patents in the United States and Foreign Countries,

FORREST BUILDINGS,

119 S. FOURTH St., Philada.,

AND MARBLE BUILDINGS,

SEVENTH Street, above F,

(Opposite U. S. Patent Office),

WASHINGTON, D. C.

H. HOWSON, Solicitor of Patents.

C. HOWSON, Attorney-at-Law.

Communications to be addressed to the Principal Offices Philadelphia. 10 mws

STATE RIGHTS FOR SALE.—STATE Rights of a valuable Invention just patented, and for the SLICING, CUTTING, and CHIPPING of dried beef, cabbage, etc., are hereby offered for sale. It is an article of great value to proprietors of hotels and restaurants, and it should be introduced into every family. STATE RIGHTS for sale. Model can be seen at TELEGRAPH OFFICE, COOPER'S POINT, N. J.

5 27tf MUNDY & HOFFMAN.

GENT.'S FURNISHING GOODS.

PATENT SHOULDER-SEAM

SHIRT MANUFACTORY,

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE.

PERFECTLY FITTING SHIRTS AND DRAWERS made from measurement at very short notice.

All other articles of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS in full variety.

WINCHESTER & CO.,

11 9 No. 706 CHESNUT Street.

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFE

J. WATSON & SON,

Of the late firm of EVANS & WATSON,

FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF

SAFE STORE

NO. 53 SOUTH FOURTH STREET,

8 25 A few doors above Chesnut st., Phila.

CORDAGE, ETC.

WEAVER & CO.,

ROPE MANUFACTURERS

AND

SHIP CHANDLERS,

No. 29 North WATER Street and

No. 28 North WHARVES, Philadelphia

ROPE AT LOWEST BOSTON AND NEW YORK PRICES. 4 1

CORDAGE.

Manilla, Sisal and Tarred Cordage

At Lowest New York Prices and Freights.

EDWIN H. FITLER & CO.,

Factory, TENTH St. and GERMANTOWN Avenue.

Store, No. 23 N. WATER St. and 22 N. DELAWARE Avenue.

SHIPPING.

LORILLARD'S STEAMSHIP LINE

FOR

NEW YORK

are now receiving freight at

5 cents per 100 pounds,

2 cents per foot, or 1-2 cent per gallon, ship option.

INSURANCE ¼ OF 1 PER CENT.

Extra rates on small packages iron, metals, etc.

No receipt or bill of lading signed for less than 50 cents.

The Line would call attention of merchants generally to the fact that hereafter the regular shippers by this line will be charged only 10 cents per 100 lbs., or 4 cents per foot, during the winter seasons.

For further particulars apply to

JOHN F. OHL,

2 26 PIER 19, NORTH WHARVES.

PHILADELPHIA AND SOUTHERN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S REGULAR LINES.

QUEEN STREET WHARF.

The ACHILLES will sail for NEW ORLEANS, direct, on THURSDAY, May 26, at 8 A. M.

The YAZOO will sail from NEW ORLEANS, via HAVANA, on —, May —.

The TONAWANDA will sail for SAVANNAH on SATURDAY, May 21, at 8 A. M.

The WYOMING will sail from SAVANNAH on SATURDAY, May 21.

The PIONEER will sail for WILMINGTON, N. C., on FRIDAY, May 20, at 6 A. M.

Through bills of lading signed, and passage tickets sold to all points South and West.

BILLS OF LADING SIGNED AT QUEEN STREET WHARF.

For freight or passage, apply to

WILLIAM L. JAMES, General Agent.

4 28§ No. 130 South THIRD Street.

PHILADELPHIA AND CHARLESTON STEAMSHIP LINE.

This line is now composed of the following first-class Steamships, sailing from PIER 17, below Spruce street, on THURSDAY of each week at 4 P. M.:—

ASHLAND, 800 tons, Capt. Crowell.

J. W. EVERMAN, 692 tons, Capt. Hinckley.

PROMETHEUS, 600 tons, Capt. Gray.

MAY, 1870.

Prometheus, Thursday, May 5.

J. W. Everman, Thursday, May 12.

Prometheus, Thursday, May 19.

J. W. Everman, Thursday, May 26.

Through bills of lading given to Columbia, S. C., the interior of Georgia, and all points South and Southwest.

Freights forwarded with promptness and despatch.

Rates as low as by any other route.

Insurance one half per cent., effected at the office in first-class companies.

No freight received nor bills of lading signed after 3 P. M. on day of sailing.

SOUDER & ADAMS, Agents,

No. 7 DOCK Street,

Or to WILLIAM P. CLYDE & CO.,

No. 12 S. WHARVES.

WM. A. COURTENAY, Agent in Charleston. 5 2 tf

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—Inman line of Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:—

City of Cork, via Halifax, Tuesday, May 17, 1 P. M.

City of London, Saturday, May 21, at 10 A. M.

City of Paris, Saturday, May 28, 1 P. M.

City of Baltimore, via Halifax, Tuesday, May 31, 1 P. M.

City of Brooklyn, Saturday, June 4, 9 A. M.

And each succeeding Saturday and alternate Tuesday from Pier 45, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,

BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

Payable in Gold.		Payable in Currency.	
FIRST CABIN	$100	STEERAGE	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	42

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER, VIA HALIFAX.

FIRST CABIN. Payable in Gold.		STEERAGE. Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool	$80	Liverpool	$30
Halifax	30	Halifax	15
St. John's, N. F., by Branch Steamer	45	St. John's, N. F., by Branch Steamer	20

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, etc., at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

For further particulars apply at the Company's Offices

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,

No. 15 Broadway, N. Y.

Or to O'DONNELL & FAULK, Agents,

4 5 No. 402 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, RICHMOND, AND NORFOLK STEAMSHIP LINE, THROUGH FREIGHT AIR LINE TO THE SOUTH AND WEST.

INCREASED FACILITIES AND REDUCED RATES FOR 1870.

Steamers leave every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 12 o'clock noon, from FIRST WHARF above MARKET Street.

RETURNING, leave RICHMOND MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, and NORFOLK TUESDAYS and SATURDAYS.

No Bills of Lading signed after 12 o'clock on sailing days.

THROUGH RATES to all points in North and South Carolina, via Seaboard Air Line Railroad, connecting at Portsmouth, and to Lynchburg, Va., Tennessee, and the West, via Virginia and Tennessee Air Line and Richmond and Danville Railroad.

Freight HANDLED BUTONCE, and taken at LOWER RATES THAN ANY OTHER LINE.

No charge for commission, drayage, or any expense of transfer.

Steamships insure at lowest rates.

Freight received daily.

State Room accommodations for passengers.

WILLIAM P. CLYDE & CO.,

No. 12 S. WHARVES and Pier 1 N. WHARVES.

W. P. PORTER, Agent at Richmond and City Point.

T. P. CROWELL & CO., Agents at Norfolk. 6 1§

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50, North river, every Saturday.

PRICE OF PASSAGE

in gold (including wine),

TO BREST OR HAVRE,

First Cabin.....$140 | Second Cabin.....$85

TO PARIS,

(Including railway tickets, furnished on board),

First Cabin.....$145 | Second Cabin.....$85

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

Medical attendance free of charge.

American travellers going to or returning from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line avoid unnecessary risks from transit by English railways and crossing the channel, besides saving time, trouble, and expense.

GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent,

No. 58 BROADWAY, New York.

For passage in Philadelphia apply at Adams Express Company, to

H. L. LEAP,

1 27§ No. 320 CHESNUT Street.

FOR NEW YORK, via Delaware and Raritan Canal.

EXPRESS STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

The Steam Propellers of the line will commence loading on the 8th instant, leaving daily as usual.

THROUGH IN TWENTY FOUR HOURS.

Goods forwarded by all the lines going out of New York North, East, or West, free of commission.

Freights received at low rates.

WILLIAM P. CLYDE & Co., Agents,

No. 12 South DELAWARE Avenue.

JAMES HAND, Agent,

No. 119 WALL Street, New York. 3 4§

FOR NEW YORK, VIA DELAWARE and Raritan Canal.

SWIFTSURE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

DESPATCH AND SWIFTSURE LINES,

Leaving daily at 12 M. and 5 P. M.

The steam propellers of this company will commence loading on the 8th of March.

Through in twenty-four hours.

Goods forwarded to any point free of commissions.

Freights taken on accommodating terms.

Apply to

WILLIAM M. BAIRD & CO., Agents,

3 4 No. 132 South DELAWARE Avenue.

DELAWARE AND CHESAPEAKE STEAM TOWBOAT COMPANY.—Barges towed between Philadelphia, Baltimore, Havre-de-Grace, Delaware City, and intermediate points.

WILLIAM P. CLYDE & CO., Agents.

Captain JOHN LAUGHLIN, Superintendent.

Office, No. 12 South Wharves, Philadelphia. 4 11§

NEW EXPRESS LINE TO Alexandria, Georgetown, and Washington, D. C., via Chesapeake and Delaware Canal, with connections at Alexandria from the most direct route for Lynchburg, Bristol, Knoxville, Nashville, Dalton, and the Southwest.

Steamers leave regularly every Saturday at noon from the first wharf above Market street.

Freight received daily.

WILLIAM P. CLYDE & CO.,

No. 14 North and South WHARVES.

HYDE & TYLER, Agents at Georgetown; M. ELDRIDGE & CO., Agents at Alexandria. 6 1§

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

PUBLIC SALE, ON THE PREMISES.—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—Very elegant country seat, mansion, stable, and coach-house, 25 acres, known as "Beechwood," at the Jenkintown Station on the North Pennsylvania Railroad, residence of W. C. Kent, Esq. On Saturday, May 21, 1870, at 4 o'clock P. M., will be sold at public sale, on the premises, all that elegant country seat, 25 acres, known as "Beechwood," situate at the Jenkintown Station, on the North Pennsylvania Railroad, 40 minutes by rail from the depot.

The improvements are an elegant three-story stone mansion, handsomely papered and painted throughout; has large hall, parlor, dining-room, library, 2 kitchens, with large store-room attached, and 2 china-closets on the first floor, with hot and cold water; 5 chambers and store-room, bath and water-closets on the second floor; 4 chambers and 2 large closets on the third floor; gas-pipes, furnace, 2 cooking ranges, bell calls, large water-tank, large porch; two-story frame laundry, with tubs, hot and cold water, range, 2 chambers over laundry, root cellar, etc.; stone stable and coach-house, coachman's room, harness-room, cow-house, green-house, ice-house (filled), with provision vault, smoke-house, chicken-house and outbuildings; large vegetable garden (planted), young orchard of choice fruit trees, in full bearing, small fruits, abundance of old shade trees, evergreens, etc.; large and handsome lawn, underground drainage; inclosed in front on Greenwood avenue by a substantial stone wall and a spruce hedge, and on the southwest by a high board fence and a locust hedge. The Jenkintown Station, on the North Pennsylvania Railroad, is at the foot of the lawn, about 300 yards from the front door, and shut out by a beautiful woods. Half a mile from Jenkintown, where there are churches, schools, stores, etc. Situation high, commanding a beautiful view of the country for miles around. See photograph at the auction rooms. Terms—$20,000 may remain on mortgage. Immediate possession.

ELEGANT FURNITURE, HORSES, COWS, FARMING UTENSILS, ETC.

The entire Household Furniture, Horses, Cows, Farming Utensils, etc., may be had by the purchaser of the place at a valuation.

May be examined during the week from Wednesday until Saturday, inclusive.

Trains leave depot of the North Pennsylvania Railroad for Jenkintown at 7·30, 8·45 and 10·45 A. M., 1·15, 2·45, 4·15, 5·20, 6·20, 8, and 11·20 P. M. Returning leave Jenkintown for Philadelphia at 6·58, 8·01, 8·54, 10 02 A. M., 2·36, 3·56, 6·14, 6·34 and 8·49 P. M.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

4 28 m7,14,21 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH St.

PUBLIC SALE—THOMAS & SONS, AUCTIONEERS.—Very desirable Residence, Stable, and Carriage-house, 3 acres, Main street, Woodbury, New Jersey, opposite the Methodist Church. On Tuesday, May 17, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that desirable country place, containing about 3 acres of ground, situate on Main street, opposite the Methodist Church, Woodbury, New Jersey. The improvements are a well-built and handsomely-finished new frame house, gas-house, wood-house, barn, carriage, cow, and chicken-houses, and other out-buildings, in complete order. The house was built eight years ago, with the best materials and in the best manner, for the present owner, under the superintendence of a Philadelphia architect; has handsome gas-fixtures and cornices throughout; verandah, with iron pilasters, on the front and south sides of the house; the first floor has a large hall, parlor, with French-plate windows opening to the floor, dining-room, kitchen, pantry, and cistern; the second floor has 5 good chambers, well ventilated, china closet and bath-room, and in the attic 2 large chambers; good closets in every room; also a dry cellar, laid with hydraulic cement. There is a range in the kitchen; upper rooms are heated from the dining-room and parlor; the side yard and lawn has iron fence; ground laid out with evergreens, shrubbery; grape arbor; well shaded and stocked with choice bearing fruits of all kinds. On the highest elevated ground at Woodbury; all the walks are paved with brick, and there is plenty of good water at the house and barn. Terms, $3000 may remain on mortgage. To examine, take the boat at upper side of Market street for Woodbury or West Jersey cars. Immediate possession. Will be shown by the owner and occupant, Mr. J. V. Cheesman.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

4 28 m7 14 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH St.

PUBLIC SALE—THOMAS & SONS, AUCTIONEERS.—Very elegant three-story brown stone Residence, No. 1805 Spring Garden street, west of Eighteenth street, 36 feet front, 171 feet deep; two fronts. On Tuesday, May 17, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that very elegant double three-story brown stone messuage, with three-story back building and lot of ground, situate on the north side of Spring Garden street, west of Eighteenth street, No. 1805; containing in front on Spring Garden street 36 feet, and extending in depth 170 feet 11 inches to Brandywine street—two fronts. The house is new, well and substantially built, and finished in a very superior manner, with all the modern conveniences; has hall in the centre, parlor, reception room, dining room (with butler's pantry), 2 kitchens (with soapstone washtubs and sinks), and 2 water-closets on the first floor; 3 chambers, saloon sitting room, library, and bath room on the second floor; 5 chambers, bath room and billiard room on the third floor; marble mantels throughout, front stairway, doors and window sash solid walnut, plate-glass front to third story, 6 stationary washstands, with floors lined with lead, bell calls, gas, hot and cold water, 2 furnaces, 2 cooking ranges, dry cellar, with bath, large yard, underground drainage, etc. Terms, half cash. Clear of all incumbrance. Immediate possession. Now open for examination.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.

4 22 30 m 7 14 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH St.

REAL ESTATE—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—On Tuesday, May 24, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, the following described properties, viz.:—

No. 1. Modern three-story brick Residence, No. 822 North Eleventh street, above Brown street All that modern three-story brick messuage, with double three-story back building and lot of ground, situate on the west side of Eleventh street, north of Brown street, No. 822; containing in front on Eleventh street 18 feet, and extending in depth 91 feet 5⅜ inches, then widening to 27 feet, and extending still further in depth about 40 feet. Terms cash.

No. 2. 2 three-story brick Dwellings, Nos. 839 and 821 Inquirer street, in the rear of the above. All those 2 three-story brick dwellings and lot of ground thereunto belonging, situate Nos. 819 and 821 Inquirer street; each 13½ feet front, and in depth 47 feet 9 inches.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

5 7 s3t Nos. 139 and 141 South FOURTH St.

ASSIGNEES' SALE—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers—Very desirable Three-story Brick Residence, No. 239 S. Thirteenth street, below Locust street. On Tuesday, May 17, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that very desirable three-story brick messuage, with three-story back building and lot of ground, situate on the east side of Thirteenth street, south of Locust street, No. 239; containing in front on Thirteenth street 17 feet 10 inches, and extending in depth 123 feet to a 5 feet wide alley. It has the modern conveniences—gas, bath, furnace, range, etc. Clear of all incumbrance. Immediate possession. May be examined from 10 till 4 o'clock.

Terms—A large portion of the purchase money may remain on the property if desired by the purchaser.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

5 7 s2t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PEREMPTORY SALE TO CLOSE AN ACCOUNT—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Valuable Building Lot, Cherry street, near Twenty-first street, Tenth ward. On Tuesday, May 17, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, without reserve, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate on the north side of Cherry street, at the distance of 89 feet 6 inches east of Twenty-first street, in the Tenth ward; containing in front on Cherry street 16 feet, and extending in depth 81 feet to a 3-feet wide alley leading into Clayton street, with the privilege of said alley. Subject to a mortgage of $1100.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

5 7 s2t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH St.

EXECUTOR'S PEREMPORY SALE—Estate of Charles F. Lex, deceased.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Two-story Brick Dwelling, northeast corner of Twenty-second and Wright streets, Twentieth ward. On Tuesday, May 17, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that two-story brick messuage and lot of ground, situate at the northeast corner of Twenty-second and Wright streets, Twentieth ward; the lot containing in front on Wright street 15 feet, and extending in depth along Twenty-second street 40 feet to a 3 feet wide alley, with the privilege thereof. Terms—$750 may remain. Lease expires July 1, 1870. Sale absolute.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

4 28 m7 14 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

EXECUTORS' SALE.—ESTATE OF ANN COULTER, deceased.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Ninety desirable lots, Chelten avenue, School street, Coulter, Penn, Queen, Hansberry, Pulaski, Morris, Laurens, and Wissahickon avenue, Germantown. On Tuesday, May 17, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all those ninety very desirable lots of ground, having a large lot on Chelten avenue, School street, Coulter, Penn, Queen, Hansberry, Pulaski, Morris, Laurens, and Wissahickon avenue, Germantown.

They will be sold according to a Plan, which may be had at the auction rooms.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

4 21 29 30m7 14 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH St.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

PUBLIC SALE—THOMAS & SONS, AUCTIONEERS.—Desirable Country Seat, 7⅞ Acres, Mansion and Cottage, with Stable and Coach-house, Chesnut avenue, near Cottage street, Chesnut Hill, Twenty-second ward, 10 minutes' drive to the Railroad Station. On Tuesday, May 17, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that desirable country seat and 7 acres 34¾ perches of land, situate on the southwesterly side of a fifty-feet-wide street, which extends from another fifty-feet-wide street called Chesnut avenue (formerly Tedyuscung avenue), at right angles to Thomas Mill road (now called Cottage street), Chesnut Hill, Twenty-second ward. The improvements are a three-story stone (mastic) dwelling, has parlor, dining-room, and sitting-room (two basement kitchens) on the first floor; 6 rooms on the second floor, and 4 on the third; porch on each side of the house, gas introduced, cooking range, etc.; two-story mastic stable and coach-house, two-story cottage wash-house, green-house, etc.; grounds planted with fruit and shade trees. The house stands high, overlooking the country for several miles. It adjoins the elegant country seats of Joseph Middleton, Dr. Barker, and others. Immediate possession. Will be shown on application to Mrs. Smith, residing in the cottage. For further particulars apply to John C. Bullitt, Esq., No. 32 S. Third street.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

4 23 M7 14 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PUBLIC SALE—THOMAS & SONS, AUCTIONEERS.—Valuable Building Lot, 6½ acres, village of Haddonfield, Camden county, New Jersey. On Tuesday, May 24, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that lot of ground situate on the northeast corner of the Haddonfield Main street and Chew's Landing road, in the said village, containing in front on said Main street about 390 feet, and on Chew's Landing road about 367 feet, and exteading in depth from the Main street 331 feet, and from Chew's Landing road about 555 feet, containing about 6½ acres of land. The above lot is beautifully located in the most desirable part of the village, and is well stocked with ornamental shade trees and evergreens of several years' growth. There is a well of excellent water on the lot. A plan may be seen at the Auction Store. Terms—One-third cash; balance on mortgage.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

5 12 14 21 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH St.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE—ESTATE OF James S. De Benneville, deceased—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Three-story brick Dwelling, No. 513 Lombard street, west of Fifth street. Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court for the city and county of Philadelphia, will be sold at public sale, on Tuesday, May 17, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Philadelphia Exchange, the following-described property, late of James S. De Benneville, deceased, viz., all that three-story brick messuage and lot of ground, situate on the north side of Lombard street, between Fifth and Sixth streets, No. 513; containing in front on Lombard street 16 feet, and extending in depth 91 feet.

By the Court, JOSEPH MEGARY, Clerk O. C.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

27 m 7 14 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH St.

REAL ESTATE—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Genteel four-story brick store and dwelling, No. 1837 Lombard street. On Tuesday, May 24, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that genteel four-story brick messuage and lot of ground, situate on the north side of Lombard street, west of Eighteenth street, No. 1837; containing in front on Lombard street 17 feet, and extending in depth 49 feet to a 3 feet wide alley, with the privilege thereof. It is occupied as a store and dwelling, and is a good stand; has gas, range, back stairway, etc. Subject to a yearly ground-rent of $75.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

5 12 14 21 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH St.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Three-story Brick Dwelling, No. 1509 Pine street, west of Fifteenth street. On Tuesday, May 24, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that three-story brick dwelling and lot of ground situate on the north side of Pine street, west of Fifteenth street, No. 1509; containing in front on Pine street 13½ feet, and in depth 84½ feet. Terms Cash. Immediate possession. Now rented at $35 a month.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

5 12 14 21 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH St.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Three-story Brick Store and Dwelling, No. 2115 Emerald street. On Tuesday, May 24, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that three-story brick store and dwelling and lot of ground, situate on the southeasterly side of Emerald street, 100 feet northeasterly of Dauphin street, No. 2115; containing in front on Emerald street 12 feet, and in depth 53 feet to a 3 feet wide alley.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,

5 7s3t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

LUMBER.

1870 SPRUCE JOIST. SPRUCE JOIST. HEMLOCK. HEMLOCK. 1870

1870 SEASONED CLEAR PINE. SEASONED CLEAR PINE. CHOICE PATTERN PINE. SPANISH CEDAR, FOR PATTERNS. RED CEDAR. 1870

1870 FLORIDA FLOORING. FLORIDA FLOORING. CAROLINA FLOORING. VIRGINIA FLOORING. DELAWARE FLOORING. ASH FLOORING. WALNUT FLOORING. FLORIDA STEP BOARDS. RAIL PLANK.

1870 WALNUT BOARDS AND PLANK. WALNUT BOARDS AND PLANK. WALNUT BOARDS. WALNUT PLANK. 1870

1870 UNDERTAKERS' LUMBER. UNDERTAKERS' LUMBER. RED CEDAR. WALNUT AND PINE. 1870

1870 SEASONED POPLAR. SEASONED CHERRY. ASH. WHITE OAK PLANK AND BOARDS. HICKORY. 1870

1870 CIGAR BOX MAKERS' CIGAR BOX MAKERS' SPANISH CEDAR BOX BOARDS, FOR SALE LOW. 1870

1870 CAROLINA SCANTLING. CAROLINA H. T. SILLS. NORWAY SCANTLING. 1870

1870 CEDAR SHINGLES. CYPRESS SHINGLES. MAULE, BROTHER & CO., No. 2500 SOUTH Street. 1870

11§

PANEL PLANK, ALL THICKNESSES.—1 COMMON PLANK, ALL THICKNESSES. 1 COMMON BOARDS. 1 and 2 SIDE FENCE BOARDS. WHITE PINE FLOORING BOARDS. YELLOW AND SAP PINE FLOORINGS. 1¼ and 4/4. SPRUCE JOIST, ALL SIZES. HEMLOCK JOIST, ALL SIZES. PLASTERING LATH A SPECIALTY. Together with a general assortment of Building Lumber for sale low for cash. T. W. SMALTZ, 11 24 6m FIFTEENTH and STILES Streets.

United States Builders' Mill,

FIFTEENTH Street below Market.

ESLER & BROTHER,

PROPRIETORS. [4 29 3m

Wood Mouldings, Brackets and General Turning Work, Hand-rail Balusters and Newel Posts.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT ALWAYS ON HAND.

LUMBER UNDER COVER, ALWAYS DRY.

Walnut, White Pine, Yellow Pine, Spruce, Hemlock, Shingles, etc., always on hand at low rates.

WATSON & GILLINGHAM,

3 29§ No. 924 RICHMOND Street, 18th ward.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

R. R. THOMAS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Doors, Blinds, Sash, Shutters,

WINDOW FRAMES, ETC.,

N. W. CORNER OF

EIGHTEENTH and MARKET Streets

4 19 f PHILADELPHIA.

JET GOODS, NEWEST STYLES, DIXON'S No. 9 S. EIGHTH Street 4 14 4w

AUCTION SALES.

M. THOMAS & SONS, NOS. 139 AND 141 S. FOURTH STREET.

Executor's Sale, No. 1624 Chesnut street.

NEAT FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC.

On Monday Morning,

May 16, at 10 o'clock, by catalogue, the entire parlor, dining-room, and chamber furniture; fine hair mattresses; feather beds, bolsters, and pillows; imperial and ingrain carpets; matting; oil cloth; cottage chamber furniture, cooking utensils, etc. 5 13

FOURTH EDITION

LATEST NEWS BY CABLE.

The Outbreaks in Italy.

An Insurrection in Madeira.

The "Marseillaise" Troubles.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE.

Governor of Bohemia.

VIENNA, May 14.—Dietrichstein Mensdorff has been appointed to succeed Baron de Koller as Governor of Bohemia. The headquarters of the Governor will be at Prague.

More Italian Disturbances.

FLORENCE, May 14.—Some political disturbances occurred here yesterday. Several arrests were made and the city is now quiet.

An Insurrection at Madeira.

LISBON, May 14.—Information has reached here that a quite formidable insurrection has broken out in the Island of Madeira. The Government has despatched a body of troops there.

Specie Shipments.

LONDON, May 14.—Heavy shipments of dollars are expected from Mexico in a few days.

Women's Rights in Great Britain.

The *Times* predicts that women's rights are doomed in the present Parliament.

The Paris Emeute.

PARIS, May 14.—Messrs. W. Milliere and Regault, editors of the *Marseillaise* newspaper, and some other prisoners arrested for complicity in the plot of last February, have been provisionally liberated. The magistrates are still engaged in hearing the cases of those arrested for alleged participation in the late outbreak. Yesterday forty-nine persons were condemned and variously sentenced from nine months down to fifteen days' imprisonment. Eight persons were acquitted for lack of proof.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

FRANKFORT, May 14.—United States bonds opened firm this morning at 95¾.

PARIS, May 14.—The Bourse opened firm. Rentes, 75f.

HAVRE, May 14.—Cotton opened firm.

LIVERPOOL, May 14.—Red Western wheat, 88s. 3d. @88s. 4d.

FROM THE WEST.

Fifteenth Amendment Celebration.

ST. LOUIS, May 14.—About two thousand colored citizens living along the Pacific Railroad celebrated the ratification of the fifteenth amendment yesterday at Sedalia. Resolutions were adopted opposing the suffrage and office-holding amendments to the State Constitution, declaring that they will vote to enfranchise Rebels only when the word "white" is stricken from the Constitution, and spurning with scorn the attempt made by said amendments to join the destiny of the colored man with the late enemies of the Government.

Death of a Lawyer.

CLEVELAND, May 14.—Hon. Franklin F. Backus, eminent lawyer of this city, died this morning.

FROM DELAWARE.

The Whipping Post.

WILMINGTON, May 14.—Six men, mostly convicted of petty larcenies, were whipped by Sheriff Jacob Richardson in the jail yard at New Castle to-day. One of them has been punished in the same manner at least twice previously.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

A Deadly Assault.

BOSTON, May 14.—A deadly assault was made yesterday in the House of Correction at South Boston by a convict named James Godfrey upon an instructor named Lewis Banker, which may result in the death of the injured man.

Shipment of Specie.

NEW YORK, May 14.—The steamship Pereire takes out $366,000 and the Rhein $65,000 in specie.

FINE STATIONERY,

ARMS, MONOGRAMS, ILLUMINATING, ETC.

DREKA, 1033 CHESNUT Street.

Card Engraver and Stationer.

THE GREAT WEDDING CARD DEPOT.

COPYING PRESSES, COPYING BOOKS.

300 pages.....$1 00 | 500 pages.....$1 50

700 pages.....$2 00 | 1000 pages.....$2 50

Copying Brushes that will wet 100 leaves without dipping in water.

Holt's New Cancelling Machines, $8 00. Authorized by the Treasury Department.

Plain and Ornamental Printing.

Croquet, 16 kinds, from $4 per set up.

R. HOSKINS & CO.,

mwf No. 913 ARCH Street.

REFRIGERATORS.

SECOND SEASON!

TRIUMPH! TRIUMPH!! TRIUMPH!!!

THE DAVIS

REFRIGERATOR,

Still Excelsior! Its Merits Wonderful! Its construction unlike any other! Competition distanced!! Comparison invited!!! The success of "The Davis" Refrigerator last season was unparalleled. For the year 1870 we have the finest article of the kind ever offered. Our manufactory is the largest of the kind in the city, being used exclusively for building our Refrigerator. Thousands of "The Davis" Refrigerators have been sold throughout the United States, giving universal satisfaction. By its peculiar construction and scientific principle, the moisture is frozen, thereby causing the air to be very cold, perfectly dry, and ever pure. This season we are lining them with the new patent hard medallien metal, surpassing in beauty and adaptability any material we have heretofore used for that purpose. It is void of all offensive smells, free from any liability to rust, can be polished like silver, and always retains its bright and beautiful appearance. The cold, dry air maintained in "The Davis Refrigerator," with the astonishing small quantity of ice used, stamps it CHAMPION OF THE WORLD.

SOLE DEPOT,

EDWARD J. WILLIAMS'

Central House-furnishing Store,

915 MARKET Street.

J. S. WORMAN & CO.,

Manufacturers and Proprietors.

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NEW PUBLICATIONS.

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PHILADELPHIA.

"TURNER'S."

This is the CHEAP BOOK AND CHROMO STORE.

Come and see for yourselves.

TURNER & CO.,

Publishers of "Beautiful Snow,"

No. 808 CHESNUT Street.

Any book published sent free of postage. 1t§

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE,

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 11, 1870.

On the petition of HEZEKIAH BRADFORD, of Reading, Pennsylvania, praying for the extension of a Patent granted to him on the 12th day of August, 1856, for an improvement in Ore Washer, it is ordered that the testimony in the case be closed on the 12th day of July next, that the time for filing arguments and the examiner's report be limited to the 22d day of July next, and that said petition be heard on the 27th day of July next. Any person may oppose this extension.

SAMUEL S. FISHER,

14 s6t Commissioner of Patents.

POLITICAL.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED CITIZENS of Philadelphia, having observed the patience, ability, and fidelity with which the Hon. EDWARD M. PAXSON has performed the duties of Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Quarter Sessions, and Oyer and Terminer of this city and county since his appointment to the Bench, respectfully and earnestly urge his nomination and election to that office.

PHILADELPHIA, April 16, 1870.

J. I. Clark Hare,	W. M. Meredith,
M. Russell Thayer,	Eli K. Price,
James Pollock,	F. Carroll Brewster,
Joseph A. Clay,	Daniel Dougherty,
John C. Cresson,	Aubrey H. Smith,
Charles Thompson Jones,	Wm. Henry Rawle,
Charles Gilpin,	Chapman Biddle,
Joseph B. Townsend,	Alexander Henry,
Henry Bumm,	William H. Kern,
J. Gillingham Fell,	M. Hall Stanton,
Gustavus Remak,	William Rotch Wister,
George Junkin,	Constant Guillou,
John A. Houseman,	Thomas Fitzgerald,
Thomas A. Budd,	James W. Paul,
Henry C. Townsend,	Wm. J. McElroy,
George D. Boardman, D. D.,	Rev. J. Walker Jackson,
Wm. Brantley Hanna,	George D. Budd.
Egbert Nichols,	Jos. G. Rosengarten,
George F. Keyser,	John L. Shoemaker,
James D. Whetham,	D. Milligan,
Edwin T. Chase,	James W. Latta,
A. Atwood Grace,	George H. Earle,
Aaron Thompson,	J. Sergeant Price,
Joseph H. Siddall,	Craig D. Ritchie,
Edward G. Lee,	John R. Orr,
Hiram Horter,	James Work,
William Taylor, M. D.,	Jos. S. Allen,
F. Knox Morton, M. D.,	H. O. Paist, M. D.,
David B. Graham,	John H. Parker,
George Yerkes,	John Manderson,
Abraham Stewart,	Benjamin H. Haines,
John M. Colins,	Samuel H. Orwig,
Andrew Zane, Jr.,	J. T. Pratt,
J. W. Gilbough,	Ludlam Mathews,
Joshua S. Fletcher,	Calvin H. Test,
John Malin, M.D.,	Horace Fritz.
Charles Mathews, Jr.,	Edwin T. Coxe,
David Jones,	R. A. Parrish,
Richard P. White,	George W. Deitrich,
Joshua Spering,	Henry C. Terry,
Lieut. Daniel Craig,	James H. Kerns,
Wesley Stephenson,	James Holgate,
Benj. F. Hoeckley,	Edward R. Jones,
G. W. Deidrick,	James Brearley, Jr.,
Fredk. Dittmann,	A. Lucius Hennersliotz,
H. B. Gillingham,	John C. Gerrish,
Edward T. Parker,	A. W. Greene,
John W. Du Bree,	John Edward Siddall,
Uselma C. Smith,	Henry R. Edmunds,
F. A. Van Cleve,	Carroll Heide,
Anspach & Stanton,	Henry Disston & Son,
James H. Orne,	Geo W. Carpenter, Henszey & Co.,
John Welsh,	Strawbridge & Clothier
Samuel Welsh.	Henry C. Lea,
John T. Lewis & Bro.s,	John M. Maris & Co.,
Rosengarten & Sons,	Samuel Bispham & Sons,
Robert Shoemaker & Co.,	Field & Hardie,
Jay Cooke & Co.,	Bodine, Thomas & Co.,
Nathan Hilles,	Claxton, Remsen & Haffelfinger,
Thomas H Sutley,	Howard Hinchman & Son,
Dr. D. Jayne & Son,	Fowers & Weightman,
E. G. Jayne,	N. B. Browne,
John R. Walker,	Drexel & Co.,
Lewis Wharton & Co.,	Benjamin Bullock & Sons,
Stuart & Brother,	G. J. Fell & Brother,
Cochran, Russell & Co.,	Siter, Price & Co.,
William S. Grant.	Wood, Marsh, Hayward & Co.
George D. Wetherill & Co.	Whitall, Tatum & Co.,
Morton McMichael,	Wetherill & Brother,
A. E. Borie,	French, Richards & Co.,
David Beitler,	John Whitall,
Richards & Watson,	F. Shoemaker,
Charles Cumming,	Parkinson & Mellier.
J. C Chamecin,	O. S. Janney & Co.,
Baeder, Adamson & Co.,	Harding & White,
William Longstreth & Co.	H Kellogg & Sons,
Janney & Andrews,	Toland & Conrow,
Martin & Garrett,	Evans, Sharp & Co.,
S. Alter.	Fread, Malsced & Hawkins.
James Allison,	E. Mac Black,
W. B. Watson,	Robert Buist, Jr.,
Charles Ellis, Son & Co.,	A. H. O'Brien,
J. G. Rittenhouse,	W. L. Schaffer,
J. B. Lippincott & Co.	Jay Cooke,
Thomas Robins,	Arthur G. Coffin,
B. B. Comegys,	Charles Platt,
Edwin M. Lewis,	John S. Newbold,
William Rushton, Jr.,	Thomas C. Hand,
Thomas Ridgway,	Henry Lylburn,
Jos. Patterson,	Thomas Hill,
Benjamin Bullock's Sons	Charles Dutilh,
H. G. Young,	A. Biddle,
R. Patterson,	Charles S. Lewis,
C. H. Clark,	A. J. Antelo,
Caleb J. Milne,	William Chubb,
Morton McMichael, Jr.,	Fred. Fraley,
George P. Fuller,	W. M Tilghman,
James L. Claghorn,	B. Andrews Knight,
S. C. Palmer,	Edw. Armstrong,
J. Wiegand,	William C. Ludwig,
C. H. Rogers,	William Wister,
John Gastner,	John Mecke,
W. P. Jenks,	John A. Quinn,
Charles Magarge,	Harry H. Corney,
H. E. Rees,	Edw. H. Keeley,
Oliver Landreth,	John D. Mahoney,
Henry Smith,	Thomas P. Stotesbury,
Angus Cameron,	Cook & Fagen,
John O. Copper,	George Bevan,
George Ford,	T. Moore Hart,
Jas. W. Garrett,	William Shick,
B. C. Townsend,	Owridge & Newbold,
George W. Taylor,	Alex. Harding,
J. P. Wenzel,	Francis H. Siddall,
M. Blynn,	David Scull, Jr., & Bro.,
George Bartolett,	Edward Snowdon,
Robert Ligget, Jr.,	D. H. Merriman,
Hershey Bros. & Pollack,	Charles H. Goldenberg,
Henry Simson,	William H. Ellis,
John A. Adler & Co.,	W. M. Sinclair,
William Allen,	A. L. Britton,
J. V. Lambert,	James Trimble.
M. C. Cadmus & Co.,	John S. Wilson,
Jos. W. Scott & Co.,	I. Newton Walker,
Thomas Creaven,	George Nugent,
Alfred S. Gillett,	Charles Stokes,
John Duncan,	Willis P. Hazard,
J. H. Craven,	A. Burt.
R. H. Forestal,	Edward T. Taylor,
George W. Hanchett	Thomas Wriggins,
Samuel Powell,	Henry Cohen,
H. L. Lipmap,	George A. Wright,
David S. Craven,	Robert Richards,
S. B. Millikin,	Warne Bros. & Co.,
Henry A. Sims,	A. P. Jenks,
H. Torrey,	C. F. Linton,
H. Sturdivant,	M. Rosenbaum,
A. Whilidin,	W. A. Rolin,
James Euston,	Samuel P. Carpenter,
John G. Kelley,	Geo. S. Henszey,
A. B. Watson,	Bockius Bros.,
George Wehn, Jr.,	Isaac S. Williams,
Edw. R. Euston,	William Hodges,
J. Bonbright Sinn	D. R. Murphey,
L. D. Ocasphal,	Hiram Pool,
Jas A. Pennell,	Campion Bros. & Franklin,
F. Stanhope Philips,	John C. Baker & Co.,
Jos. L. Loudenslager,	A. Franzell,
Simon R. Snyder,	Hacker, Wetherill & Co.,
James R. Harris,	W. Y. McAllister,
Josiah Bassell, Jr.,	Jno. A. McAllister.
Kilburn & Gates,	Snowden & Bro.,
R. T. Hance,	Daniel W. Siack,
D. G. Neill,	R. P. McCullagh,
H. Price,	Saml. P. Watkins, Jr.,
Howell, Finn & Co.,	James S. Earle & Sons,
W. & F. Carpenter,	W. J. Blanchard,
J. P. Mumford,	Saml. E. Stokes,
Sharpley & Son,	E. Lafourcade, Irwin & Co.,
Morgan, Bank & Co.,	Furness, Brinley & Co.,
Fenton, Thompson & Co.,	Dawson, Judd & Co.,
Hallowell, Branson & Co.,	A. H. Franciscus & Co.,
Morris L. Hallowell,	Jacob Riegel & Co.,
Alfred Nesmith,	Bunting, Durborow & Co.,
Bayerofft & Co.,	Kibbe, Colladay & Trout,
William A. Drown,	Farnham, Kirkham & Co.,
John Farnum & Co.,	Coffin & Altemus,
Ames R. Little & Co.,	David Milne,
Leonard, Son & Co.,	Walter McMichael,
Brooks, Miller & Co.,	Morris, Tasker & Co.,
D. C. Wharton Smith & Co.,	William Wainwright, Jr.,
D. M. Robinson & Co.,	Elliott & Dunn,
Joseph Lesley,	John F. James,
Herman J. Lombaert,	Thomas Smith,
W. J. Howard,	James O Hand,
Edmund Smith,	John H. Watt,
Joseph P. Smith,	F. Jenks Smith,
Edward C. Biddle,	H. P. Schetky,
Henry W. Gwinner,	D. M. Noblit, Jr.,
George W. I. Ball,	C. E. Claghorn,
George E. Wagner.	Randolph & Jenks,
Louis Wagner,	A. J. Lewis,
Israel H. Johnson,	Richard Wood,
B. K. Esler,	E. W. Clark,
Charles J. Wolbert,	F. Mitchell,
Thomas S. Ellis,	Henry D. Sherrerd,
G. M. Troutman,	William H. Abbey,
Franklin Bacon,	Richard S. Smith,
C. B. Weigandt,	D. B. Cummins,
W. H. Stoever,	William Gillespie,
John P. Ilsley,	D. Faust.
Edwin North,	William F. Miskey,
Alfred Hirst,	Joseph W. Forsyth,
George R. Orme,	W. F. Duffield,
Charles W. Mitchell,	Martin Brothers,
George A. Fletcher,	D. W. C. Moore,
George F. Nagle,	George Watson,
Jas. R. Karr & Brothers,	Robert F. Taylor,
William Fennell,	P. Sieger,
R. L. Knight,	W. Reeder,
Jacob Laudenslager,	John Childs,
J. J. Bailey,	Jacob S. Miller,
Wilson & Stellwagen,	J. P. Stein,
S. A. Harrison,	James V. Watson,
William D. Rogers,	James T. Brodie,
F. A. Hoyt & Bro.,	Edward Cumming,
Duffield Ashmead,	James F. Wood,
F. C. Manderson,	N. K. Fergrin,
Claudius B. Linn,	Asa Jones,
William J. Jenks,	A. H. Spain,
Beates & Miller,	Edward H. Hance,
Sylvester J. Baker,	William M. Wilson,
R. Duncan Coombs,	Theo. A. Royal,
Arthur Malcom,	Fergusson Brothers,
Mellor & Rittenhouse,	Frederick Wilhelm,
William Gulager,	James Somers Smith,
William Suddards,	S. V. Merrick.
Henry J. Morton,	

☞ THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE

REPUBLICAN INVINCIBLES

will be held at the ASSEMBLY BUILDING, Southwest corner of Tenth and Chesnut streets, on

TUESDAY EVENING,

May 17, 1870, at 8 o'clock, to elect an Executive Committee to serve the ensuing year.

All active members of the organization are invited to participate.

By order of the Executive Committee.

HENRY C. HAWKINS, Secretary.

Philadelphia, May 10, 1870. 5 14 3t

☞ FOR SHERIFF, 1870,

F. T. WALTON,

SUBJECT TO THE DECISION OF THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

FIFTH EDITION

THE LATEST NEWS.

BASE BALL.

Athletic vs. Pastime.

Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph.

ATHLETIC BASE-BALL GROUNDS, May 14.—There are about one thousand people present to witness the match between the Pastimes, of Baltimore, and the Athletics, of this city. The weather is all that could be desired for fine play. The game opened at 3 o'clock, with Theo. Bomeister as umpire. Athletics went to bat.

First Inning—Athletic, 0; Pastime, 2.
Third Inning—Athletic, 0; Pastime, 1.
Fourth Inning—Athletic, 9; Pastime, 2.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Movements of the President.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—A large number of members of Congress and citizens, together with President Grant, left Washington this morning on a pleasure trip down the Potomac River.

Treasury Statement.

The fractional currency received from the printing division during the week ending to-day amounts to $504,000.

Shipments to Assistant Treasurers and National Banks:—Legal-tenders, $1,814,034; fractional currency, $706,539; mutilated bank notes burned during the week, $289,400; total amount burned, $23,316,846; bank currency issued for bills destroyed, $251,520; balance due for mutilated notes, $266,101; bank circulation outstanding, $299,512,553.

Treasurer Spinner holds in trust for national banks, as security for circulation, $342,269,550; for public deposits, $16,410,000. Fractional currency redeemed and destroyed during the week, $531,200.

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFE

SPLENDID MANSION

OF

COLONEL WALTON DWIGHT

DESTROYED BY FIRE

AT

Binghamton, New York, Feb. 6 1870.

Marvin's Parlor Safe

TRIUMPHANT!!

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Feb. 26, 1870.

MESSRS. MARVIN & CO.,

No. 721 Chestnut street.

Gentlemen:—My house was entirely destroyed by fire on the 6th inst. The Family Safe I purchased from you in 1867 was in the fire, and was opened yesterday. The contents were in a perfect state of preservation, and after taking into consideration the TREMENDOUS HEAT, the Safe lying for (12) twelve hours in a pile of some (30) THIRTY TONS OF BURNING COAL, I deem it very remarkable that nothing should be injured inside. The inner Steel Chest is all right. I this day send the Safe to your firm in New York. Truly yours,

W. DWIGHT.

The above was only one-half the thickness of Marvin's Mercantile Safe.

SAFE MUSIC.

The pleasant little woodland warblers sing
On every tree the sweet return of spring;
Away from haunts of men they feel secure,
And waste their music where the air is pure.
To be secure where human bipeds roam,
We use a kind of iron labelled "Chrome,"
Prepared in globules of a monstrous size,
Within whose sides a spacious cavern lies;
An opening small admits your precious store.
Locked fast by one inexorable door;
Thus we have one of Marvin's Safes, designed
To baffle thieves and benefit mankind;
A safe you might from high Olympus throw,
And neither bend nor break it by the blow;
In other forms that furious flames resist—
All styles and sizes are on Marvin's list.

For sale by MARVIN & Co.,

No. 721 Chestnut street (Masonic Hall).

The Best Quality!

The Lowest Prices!

The Largest Assortment!

FIRE-PROOF.

BURGLAR PROOF.

MARVIN & CO.,

No. 721 CHESTNUT St.,

(Masonic Hall), PHILADELPHIA.

265 Broadway, N. Y. 108 Bank St., Cleveland, O.

A number of Second-hand SAFES of different makes and sizes for sale VERY LOW.

SAFES, MACHINERY, etc., moved and hoisted promptly and carefully at reasonable rates.

Please call and examine our assortment. 1t

MEDICAL.

29 SOUTH FOURTH STREET. 29

RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA

Rheumatism a Life-Time Specialty

A Permanent Cure Discovered.

Neuralgia a Life-Time Specialty.

A Permanent Cure Discovered.

Rheumatism a Life-Time Specialty

A Permanent Cure Discovered.

Important to

RHEUMATIC SUFFERERS.

DR. J. P. FITLER, the eminent Philadelphia Physician, and Professor of Chemistry and Medical Jurisprudence (now one of Philadelphia's oldest Practitioners), stands alone as specially devoting (37) thirty-seven years to Rheumatism and Neuralgia, in its different forms, with a success unparalleled in the annals of the Profession. Being now regarded among his Brother Physicians as the highest and best authority in Rheumatic complaints, being a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, A. D. 1833, his Diploma contains the following signatures of the most celebrated and world-renowned Professors of modern times, viz.:—

PHILIP SYNG PHYSICK, M. D., Prof. Surgery.
J. REDMAN COXE, M. D., Prof. on Mat. Med.
N. CHAPMAN, M. D., Prof. on Prac. Med.
T. C. JAMES, Prof. on Obstetrics.
ROBERT HARE, M. D., Prof. on Chemistry.
WILLIAM GIBSON, M. D., Prof. on Surgery
W. E. HORNER, M. D., Prof. on Anatomy.
W. P. DEWEES, M. D., Prof. on Obstetrics.
S. JACKSON, M. D., Prof. Insts. of Med.

Dr. J. P. FITLER also graduated at the Philadelphia Medical Institute, 28th day of March, A. D. 1833. This Institution was founded 1817, by the renowned Dr. N. Chapman. DR. FITLER'S Diploma from this College contains the following signatures:—

JOHN BELL, M. D., Prof. on Med. Juris.
J. K. MITCHELL, M. D., Prof. on Med. Chem.
W. E. HORNER, M. D., Prof. on Anatomy.
S. JACKSON, M. D., Prof. Inst. of Medicine.
THOMAS HARRIS, M. D., Prof on Surgery.
H. L. HODGE, M. D., Prof. on Obstetrics.

DR. JOSEPH P. FITLER was a student under the celebrated Professor N. Chapman, M. D., and holds the following endorsement from him dated October 10, 1833:—

DR. JOSEPH P. FITLER read Medicine in my office, and regularly attended the Lectures of the University of Pennsylvania, and those of the Medical Institute; also, the Practice of the Hospitals and Almshouse. His advantages of acquiring professional knowledge have been unusually great. It affords me pleasure to bear this evidence of his uncommon merit.

N. CHAPMAN, M. D.

The subscribers being personally acquainted with DR JOSEPH P. FITLER, have the fullest confidence in his professional skill.

BENJAMIN S. JANNEY, M. D.
W. E. HORNER, M. D.
N. SHOEMAKER, M. D.

PHILADELPHIA, March 20, 1833.

A SCIENTIFIC PREPARATION.
DR. FITLER'S PRESCRIPTION.
A MEDICAL MONOPOLY

DR. FITLER'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY,
DR. FITLER'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY,
DR. FITLER'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY,
DR. FITLER'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY,
FOR CHRONIC RHEUMATISM,
INFLAM. RHEUMATISM,
SCIATICA RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA IN BODY,
NEURALGIA IN THE HEAD,
NERVOUS HEADACHE,
IT IS A SWORN PERMANENT CURE
IT IS A SWORN PERMANENT CURE
IT IS A SWORN PERMANENT CURE
IT IS A SWORN PERMANENT CURE
in ninety-five cases out of every hundred.
USED INWARDLY AND PLEASANT.
USED INWARDLY AND PLEASANT
USED INWARDLY ONLY.
WARRANTED VEGETABLE.
WARRANTED VEGETABLE.
"WARRANTED VEGETABLE
AND UNINJURIOUS."

DR. J. P. FITLER has devoted his professional life to the special treatment of Rheumatism and Neuralgia. His "Vegetable Rheumatic Remedy" (used inwardly only, as external applications are of but temporary relief), with its wonderful cures, its mighty reputation, its establishe merit, its standard position, being neither quack medicine nor patent medicine, but a prescription unequalle and unrivalled. A positive agreement or legal guarantee given to every patient stating exact quantity to cure, o the amount paid refunded.

Consultations and advice daily, without any charge, at DR. FITLER'S Office.

Legally warranted to cure in limited quantity, or price paid refunded.

Written contract given stating quantity to use or amount paid refunded.

DR. FITLER'S Remedy is endorsed by upwards of 17,000 testimonials of cure, including the following Philadelphia or home reference, all severe cases of an aggravated condition, hopeless, and in most instances helpless:—

H. A. Dreer, 714 Chesnut street.
William Davis, 426 German street.
J. McCleary, 513 East Girard avenue.
B. C. Chase, Darby road.
H. Stratton, 819 Darien street.
A. McKane, 1530 Shippen street.
S. Griffith, 705 Keesler street.
A. J. Colton, 1109 North Third street.
Mrs. Hopkins, Point Breeze road.
Mrs. Lentz, 136 South Eighth street.
Mrs. Richardson, 1538 South Fourth street.
Mrs. C. Boyd, 1046 South Fifth street.
C. F. Eccleston, 1345 Brandywine street.
S. Money, 1530 South Sixth street.
James Millinger, Birney's Place, W. P.
C. F. Clothier, 23 North Water street.
C. Nobling, 1519 Frankford road.
S. C. Zimmerman, 1748 Marshall street.
C. W. Ridgway, 215 North Second street.
Hon. W. B. Elliott, 806 North Seventh street.
H. R. Shock, 1024 Columbia avenue.
James Hinas, Forty-first and Market streets.
Charles L. Brown, Wood street, below Tenth.
John Voutier, Rope Ferry road.
William Wayand, 1433 Brigh ton street, 15th ward.
Griffin Snively, 259 George street.
S. Kilpatrick, 1744 Olive street.
D. Taylor, Esq., 404 Taylor street.
Mrs. Gravenstine, Armat street, Germantown.
Mrs. Rice, School lane, Germantown.
Mrs. Barton, Clinton and Henry streets, Camden.
Mrs. Bacon, 208 Market street, Camden.
Mrs. Keeley, Ridge road, below Poplar.
E. A. Dougherty, 209 North Ninth street, Camden.
E. A. Hughes, 854 North Fifteenth street.
Mrs Stevens, 314 South street.
Mrs. Simmons, 337 Dilwyn street.
Mrs. Dunlap, 1530 Hewston street.
Mrs. Hanson, Twenty-second ward, Manayunk.
Mrs. Ogle, Manayunk, Twenty-second ward.
George Elliott, Frankford, Twenty-third ward.
George Burns, Paul and Mill streets, Frankford.
Mrs. Kline, White Hall, Bridesburg.
John Wackerly, 1110 Buttonwood street.

Satisfaction Guaranteed to all Sufferers Trying It.

DR. FITLER'S Vegetable Rheumatic Remedy has wrappers printed by the American Bank Note Company's Finest Steel Plate Engraving, with Medallion of DR. J P. FITLER thereon.

The genuine sold by Druggists at $1 50 per bottle. Six bottles at $7 50.

All letters or communications answered and Remedy delivered free of charge.

MEDICAL ADVICE GRATIS DAILY.

DR. FITLER'S OFFICE

No. 29 SOUTH FOURTH STREET,

19 swtf PHILADELPHIA

NATURE'S GIFTS,

SCIENTIFICALLY DEVELOPED.

As mankind, from indiscretion or other causes, has been doomed to suffer from disease, so also has remedy for disease been provided. Our hills and valleys abound with roots and herbs, which if scientifically prepared and compounded, will restore health and vigor to the invalid. To find such a remedy we should seek one that has stood the test of

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS,

A

Sure Cure for Liver Complaint
Sure Cure for Dyspepsia,
Sure Cure for Debility,
Sure Cure for Jaundice,
Sure Cure for Marasmus,

And all affections arising from weakness or want of action in the Liver or Digestive Organs. The great remedy for

IMPURE BLOOD,

And all diseases arising from it. The great preventive o

FEVER AND AGUE.

It is an impossibility for any one to have Fever and Ague if they will use a few bottles of this remedy each spring and fall.

$100 $100 $100

Will be given for any case of this disease that occurs to any one that uses the Bitters or Tonic as a preventive.

Those who have the Fever and Ague will find, after the chills have stopped, that by using a few bottles of the Bitters or Tonic, that the disease will not return.

These remedies will rebuild their Constitution faster than any other known remedy.

The remedies were placed before the public thirty years ago, with all the prejudices of so-called "patent medicine" operating against them, but gradually their virtues became known, and now, to-day, they stand at the head of all preparations of their class, with the indorsement of eminent judges, lawyers, clergymen, and physicians.

Read the following symptoms, and if you find that your system is affected by any of them, you may rest assured that disease has commenced its attack on the most important organs of your body, and unless soon checked by the use of powerful remedies, a miserable life, soon terminating in death, will be the result.

H

Constipation,
Flatulence,
Inward Piles,
Fulness of Blood to the Head,
Acidity of the Stomach,
Nausea,
Heartburn,
Disgust for Food,
Fulness or Weight in the Stomach,
Sour Eructations,
Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach,
Swimming of the Head,
Hurried or Difficult Breathing,
Fluttering at the Heart,
Choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture,
Dimness of Vision,
Dots or Webs before the Sight,
Dull Pain in the Head,
Deficiency of Perspiration,
Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes,
Pain in the Side,
Back,
Chest,
Limbs, etc.
Sudden flushes of Heat,
Burning in the Flesh,
Constant imagining of Evil,
and Great Depression of Spirits.

All indicate disease of the Liver or Digestive Organs combined with impure blood.

O

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS

Is entirely vegetable and contains no liquor. It is a compound of Fluid Extracts. The Roots, Herbs, and Barks from which these extracts are made, are gathered in Germany; all the medicinal virtues are extracted from them by a scientific chemist. These extracts are then forwarded to this country to be used expressly for the manufacture of this Bitters. There is no alcoholic substance of any kind used in compounding the Bitters; hence it is free from all the objections incident to the use of a liquor preparation.

O

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN TONIC

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with the purest quality of Santa Cruz Rum, Oranges, etc. It is used for the same diseases as the Bitters, in cases where some pure alcoholic stimulus is required.

TESTIMONY

Like the following was never before offered in behalf of any medicinal preparation:—

HON. G. W. WOODWARD,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, writes:—

PHILADELPHIA, March 16, 1867.

I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a good Tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases

F

of debility and want of nervous action in the system.

Yours, truly,

GEO. W. WOODWARD

HON. JAMES THOMPSON,

Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, April 22, 1868.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON.

HON. GEO. SHARSWOOD,

Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1, 1868.

I have found by experience that "Hoofland's German

L

Bitters is a very good tonic, relieving dyspeptic symptoms almost immediately. GEORGE SHARSWOOD.

HON. WM. F. ROGERS,

Mayor of the city of Buffalo, N. Y.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, BUFFALO, June 22, 1869.

I have used "Hoofland's German Bitters and Tonic" in

A

my family during the past year, and can recommend them as an excellent tonic, imparting tone and vigor to the system. Their use has been productive of decidedly beneficial effects. WM. F. ROGERS.

HON. JAMES M. WOOD,

Ex-Mayor of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

I take great pleasure in recommending "Hoofland's German Tonic" to any one who may be afflicted with dys-

N

pepsia. I had the dyspepsia so badly that it was impossible to keep any food on my stomach, and I became so weak as not to be able to walk half a mile. Two bottles of Tonic effected a perfect cure. JAS. M. WOOD.

JOHN EUTERMARKS, ESQ.,

Law Partner of Judge Maynard, Williamsport, Pa.

This is to certify that I have used "Hoofland's German Bitters" for dyspepsia, and found it an invaluable remedy.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrap-

D

per of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store,

NO. 631 ARCH STRRET,

Philadelphia, Pa.

CHARLES M. EVANS, Proprietor,

FORMERLY C. M. JACKSON & CO.

PRICES.

Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle.....$1 00
Hoofland's German Bitters, half dozen..... 5 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles 1 50
er bottle, or half a dozen for..... 7 50

Do not forget to examine well the article you buy order to get the genuine.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS and Dealers in Medicines everywhere. 16 swfptf

WISHART'S COLUMN.

THE MEDICAL PROPERTIES OF TAR.

The pine tree has long been known to possess valuable medical properties. For pulmonary diseases it is doubtful whether an remedy has as yet been discovered equal to It seems to change and renew the very structure on which it acts, and to infuse into the system an indescribable power equal to the natural power before disease had even taken hold of the body, so as to make, as it were, an entirely new tissue, and to give a newness of life and energy which one who has been sick a long time knows the value of but cannot fully describe. The great objection, however, to all tar preparations has been their unpleasant taste, and consequent liability to sickness and nauseate the stomach. We have before us, however, a preparation of the kind referred to, which obviates all these objections, and is as agreeable to the palate as it is valuable in the cure of disease. We mean "Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial," a real, genuine, *bona fide* medicinal cordial, distilled from the pine tree by a process known only to the Doctor himself, the sale and popularity of which are only equalled by the amount of suffering it has relieved, and the number of diseases it is so well calculated to effectually cure. In the Pine Tree Tar Cordial the invalid may be sure he has a remedy of very extraordinary power for throat and lung affections, and when taken in conjunction with the "Great American Dyspepsia Pills," an infallible cure for dyspepsia, liver complaint, sick headache, and the many ailments arising from a disordered state of the liver and digestive organs.

In our sphere as publishers we feel some degree of cautiousness in what we recommend to our readers, but when we know of anything of value to the public we shall not hesitate to make it known through our columns. We advise those of our readers who are suffering from dyspepsia, etc., to give Dr. Wishart's celebrated remedies a trial.

A medical expert, holding honorable collegiate diplomas, devotes his entire time to the examination of patients at the office parlors. Associated with him are three consulting physicians of acknowledged eminence, whose services are given to the public free of charge.

This opportunity is offered by no other institution in the country.

Thousands of certificates of absolute cure (when all else failed to afford relief), as well as recommendatory letters without number, have been received by Dr. Wishart, the proprietor, attesting the uniform success with which they have been employed. Many of said letters are from the highest sources, including eminent statesmen, Governors, State judges, clergymen, etc.—men slow to be convinced, prejudiced perhaps at first, but feeling themselves under a sense of duty bound to tell the Doctor what they had done for them and to recommend them to others. The Great American Dyspepsia Pills and Pine Tree Tar